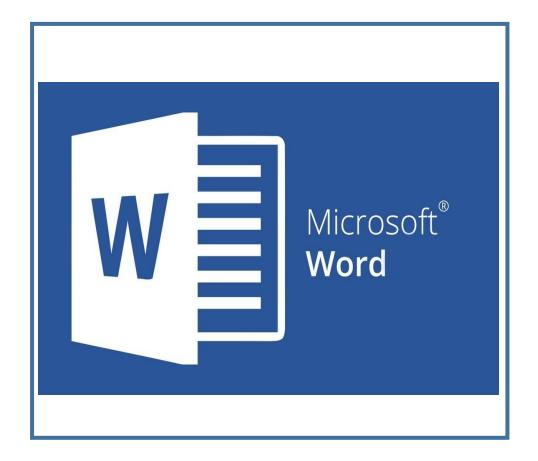


AL-Zahraa College of Medicine





Document Productivity Essentials: Templates, Tables, and Spelling Lecture 4

Module Leader: Assist. Prof. Dr. Waleed AL-Hashimi

Teaching Staff / Course Instructors:

Lecturer: Eman. Alasadi

Assistant Lecturer: Hussein Hameed

Assistant Lecturer: Hasan Nashea

AL-Zahraa College of Medicine
University of Basrah

Objectives

To enable students to understand and effectively use document preparation tools specifically templates, table creation and editing, spelling and proofreading features, so they can confidently produce well-structured and error-free documents.



Using Templates for Document Creation



- Templates are pre-designed documents that save time and ensure consistency.
- Think of them as ready-made frameworks: instead of starting from a blank page, you start with a document that already has headings, fonts, and layout applied.

Example: Suppose you want to create a project report. Instead of designing the cover page, headings, and table of contents yourself, you can use a "Report" template.

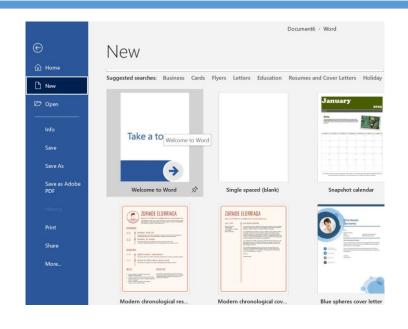


Using Templates for Document Creation



☐ Steps:

- Open Word.
- 2. Click on "File" \rightarrow "New."
- 3. Choose a template
- 4. Click "Create" and start editing your content.
- 5. Save your edited document as a new file.



You can also save your own document as a custom template if you want to reuse it.

• File \rightarrow Save As \rightarrow Save as type \rightarrow Word Template (*.dotx).





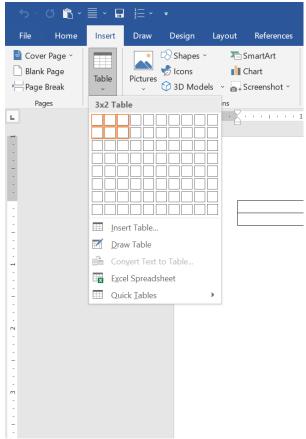
Purpose and Use: Tables are used to organize information into rows and columns for clarity and easy comparison. They are helpful for creating schedules, data summaries, or structured

lists.

1. Creating a Table

Steps:

- 1. Open your document and place the cursor where you want the table to appear.
- 2. Go to the **Insert** tab in the toolbar.
- 3. In the **Tables Group**, click **Table**.
- 4. Select the desired number of rows and columns by hovering over the grid or clicking **Insert Table** for a custom configuration.
- 5. A table will appear at the cursor's position.







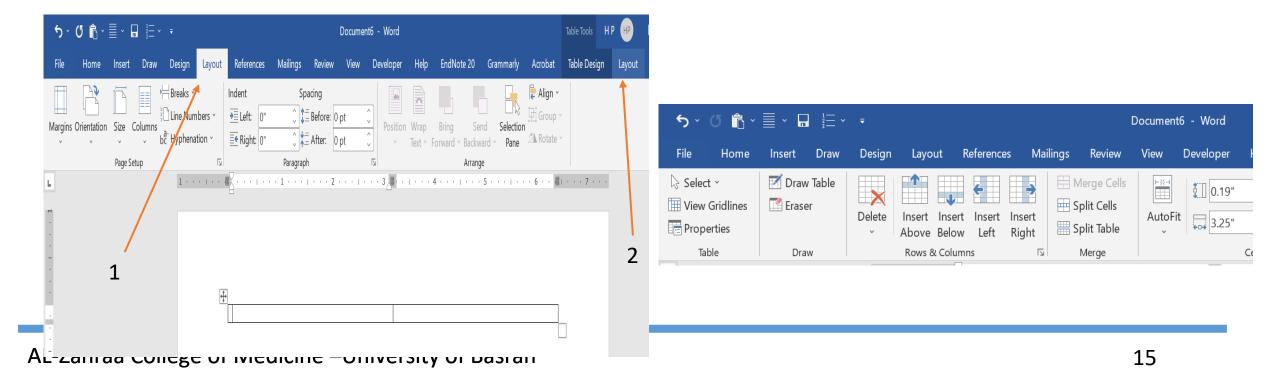
2. Editing a Table

• Editing a table allows you to add, remove, or rearrange rows and columns, making the table adaptable to changes in data or structure.

☐ Adding Rows or Columns

Steps:

- 1. Place the cursor where you want to add rows or columns.
- 2. Go to Layout → Insert Above / Insert Below / Insert Left / Insert Right.







Alternatively (using mouse): Right-click in the table \rightarrow choose

Insert → **Insert Above** / **Below** / **Left** / **Right**.





□ Deleting Rows or Columns

Steps:

- 1. Highlight OR Select the row(s) or column(s) to delete.
- 2. Go to Layout \rightarrow Delete \rightarrow Delete Rows / Delete Columns.
- 3. Alternatively (using mouse): Right-click → Delete Cells → Delete Row / Delete Column.

☐ Moving Table Elements:

- 1. Click and drag rows or columns to rearrange them.
- 2. Use the Cut and Paste functions for precise placement.







- Merge Cells: Select multiple cells \rightarrow Right-click \rightarrow Merge Cells.
- Split Cells: Select a cell \rightarrow Right-click \rightarrow Split Cells.
- Resize Cells: Hover over a border → Drag to adjust width/height.
- Apply Table Styles: Click the table → Table Tools → Design → Table
 Styles → Choose a style.







3. Formatting a Table

• Formatting tables improves their readability and presentation. You can style the borders, adjust spacing, or apply pre-designed themes.

Steps:

- 1. Click anywhere inside the table to reveal the **Table Design** and **Layout Tabs**.
- 2. Apply Table Styles:
 - Go to the **Table Design Tab** and choose a pre-designed style from the **Table Styles** group.
 - Customize borders using the Borders dropdown.

3. Adjust Column Width and Row Height:

- Drag the borders of rows or columns manually.
- Alternatively, go to the Layout Tab and use the Cell Size Group to specify dimensions.





- Use the **AutoFit** option in the **Layout Tab** to automatically adjust column widths to fit content or the page width.
- Enable **Header Row** in the **Table Design Tab** to distinguish the first row with special formatting.
- Use the **Sort** option in the **Layout Tab** to organize data alphabetically or numerically





Purpose and Use

1. Header: Displays text or graphics (e.g., title, author name, date) at the top of each page.

2. Footer: Shows information (e.g., copyright, contact details, page numbers) at the bottom of every page.

3. Page Numbers: Helps organize your document by numbering pages, making it easier for readers to navigate.





Steps

Inserting a Header

- 1. Open your document in the word processor (e.g., Microsoft Word).
- 2. Go to the **Insert Tab** on the ribbon.
- 3. Click on **Header** in the **Header & Footer Group**.
- 4. Choose a header style from the dropdown menu.
 - A header area will appear at the top of the page.
- 5. Type the desired text or insert elements like date or time.
- 6. To exit the header area, click anywhere outside it or press **Esc**.





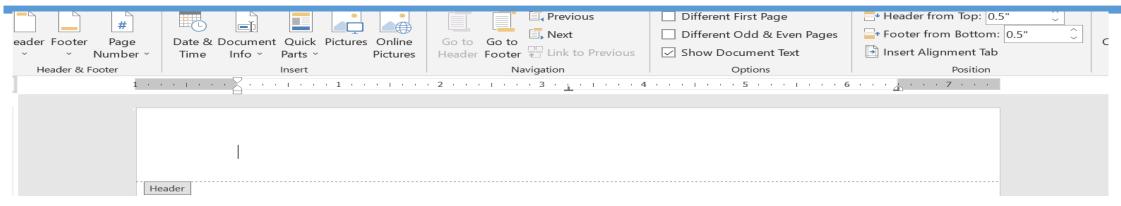
Steps

Inserting a Footer

- 1. Open your document in the word processor (e.g., Microsoft Word).
- 2. Go to the **Insert Tab** on the ribbon.
- 3. Click on Footer in the Header & Footer Group.
- 4. Choose a **footer** style from the dropdown menu.
 - A footer area will appear at the top of the page.
- 5. Add your desired text, such as page numbers, copyright, or contact info.
- 6. To exit the footer area, click anywhere outside it or press Esc.







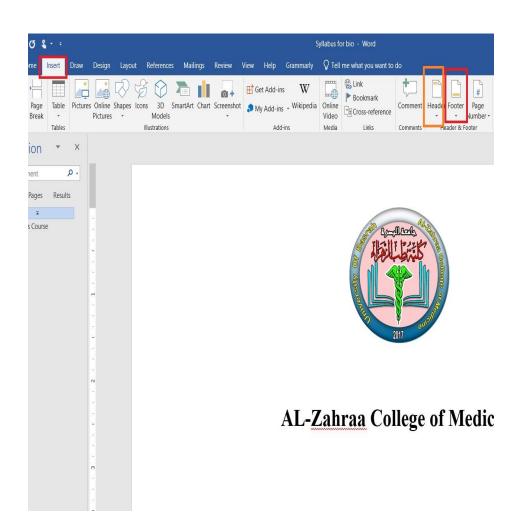
Editing Header, Footer, or Page Numbers

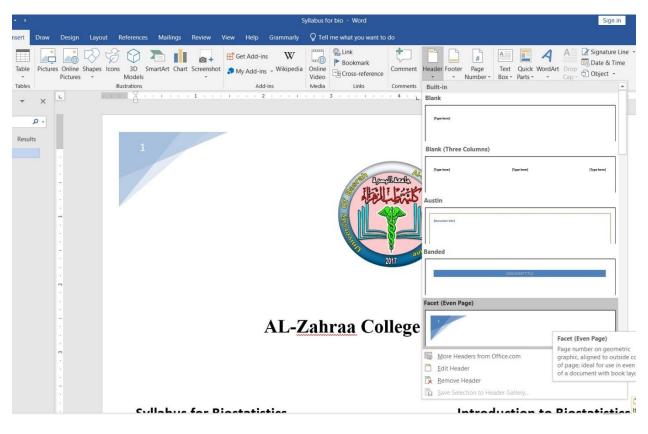
- 1. Double-click the header or footer area to activate editing mode.
- 2. Make the necessary changes.
- 3. Click **Close Header and Footer** in the ribbon or press **Esc** to exit.









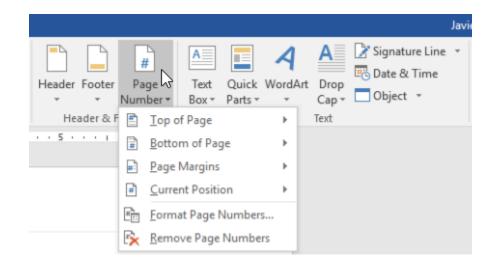






Inserting Page Numbers

- 1. Open the **Insert Tab**.
- 2. Click Page Number in the Header & Footer Group.
- 3. Choose the position and format for the page numbers:
 - Top of Page: Adds numbers to the header.
 - Bottom of Page: Adds numbers to the footer.
 - Page Margins: Adds numbers to the left or right margin.
 - Current Position: Places the number where your cursor is located.

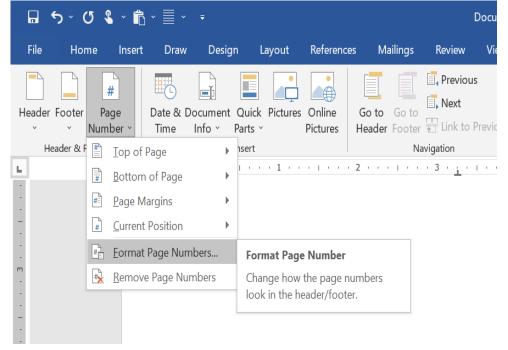






4. To format the page numbers:

- Select Format Page Numbers from the dropdown menu.
- Choose the number style (e.g., 1, 2, 3 or i, ii, iii).
- Set the starting number if needed.







Purpose and Use:

- Spell Check: Helps identify and correct spelling and grammatical errors in your document, ensuring accuracy and professionalism.
- Language Setting: Ensures your document aligns with the intended language, enabling proper grammar and spell-check functionalities for multilingual documents.
- Thesaurus: Enhances your vocabulary by suggesting synonyms and antonyms, helping you write with variety and precision.





Steps

Using Spell Check

- 1. Open the document in your word processor.
- 2.Errors are usually underlined (e.g., red for spelling and blue for grammar).
- 3. To correct an error:
 - **Right-click** the underlined word or sentence.
 - Choose a suggestion from the menu.
- 4. Alternatively, run a full check:
 - Go to the **Review Tab**.
 - Click Spelling & Grammar in the Proofing Group.
 - Follow the prompts to review and correct errors.





Configuring Language Settings

- 1. Highlight the text (or the whole document) you want to configure.
- 2. Go to the **Review Tab**.
- 3. Click Language in the Language Group and choose Set Proofing Language.
- 4. Select the desired language from the list and click **OK**.
- 5. Enable or disable options like "Do not check spelling or grammar" as needed





Using the Thesaurus

- 1. Highlight the word for which you want synonyms or antonyms.
- 2.Right-click the word and select Synonyms from the context menu.
 - A list of suggestions will appear.
 - Click a synonym to replace the word directly.
- 3. For more options:
 - Go to the Review Tab.
 - Click Thesaurus in the Proofing Group.
 - A pane will appear with detailed suggestions.







Working with Tables

- 1. How do you insert a table with 4 rows and 3 columns?
- 2. What steps would you follow to delete a row from an existing table?.

Headers, Footers, and Page Numbers

- 3. What information is typically included in a header or footer?
- 4. Describe the process of adding page numbers to the bottom-right corner of a document.







- 5. Why is using the spell check tool important?
- 6. How do you access synonyms for a selected word using the thesaurus?