



# External Body parts of Chicken

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## 1- Comb

□Comb is a fleshy growth.

□both male and female have comb.

Impost common shape "single
comb"







## 2- Wattles

The soft meat hanging from the two side of chicken beak is known as wattle.

The functions of wattle & comb is? Cooling Indicating health Indicating sexual maturity







## **3- Nostril**

 The nostril of chicken is near on the joint place of beak and comb.







#### 4- Beak

Beak of chicken is on the front side of head.

Serve many purpose? Eating Feeding its young As a weapon







## 5- Ear Lobes

- □The hanging skin from chicken ear is known as ear lobe.
- There is various colored ear lobe of chicken.
- Ear lobes can help determine what color eggs your hen will lay.







## 6- wings

The chicken has two wings.

□ Chicken's **wing** has several flight feathers, the **axial** feather separates the **primary** feathers and **secondary** feathers.







### 7- Tail

- Both cock and hen have a tail.
- □The feather of tail of cock get curved to down when it became big sized and it looks like a **sickle**.

Hens don't have sickle feather.







#### 8- Vent

a chicken's vent is the opening where she expels waste AND lays her eggs.

□It's all one thing!

□"Cloaca" is the anatomical term for vent.







### 9- Spurs

- is a sharp-Horn protrusion that can grow on the legs of chickens, and is used for fighting and self-defense.
- Although all chickens have the potential to grow spurs, large spurs are most common on <u>roosters</u>.
- Hens can and sometimes do have large spurs, but generally do not.







## 10- Leg

- The chicken has a pair of leg and every leg consist of:
- 1) Hock: Joint between the thigh and shank.
- 2) Shank: The portion of chicken's leg below the hock .
- 3) Toes: Most chickens have three toes projecting forward and one projecting back, sometimes referred to as Claws.







Type of feathers on chicken body

**1. Hackle Feathers.** 

## 2. Saddle Feathers.









# Type of feathers on chicken body

## **3. Sickle Feathers.**

4. Fluff.







# 5. The feather on the wings:

- a) Primary Feathers: Longer wing feathers growing from the outer section
- b) Secondary Feathers: Longer wing feathers growing from middle section
- c) Axial Feathers: Short feather between primary and secondary feathers of the wing.



















# The differences between male and female chickens:

- 1) The size of the comb and wattles.
- 2) The size of the **spurs (in older birds).**
- 3) The characteristics of the feathers.







# Molting

Shorter days ... in autumn season.

To chickens, it is time to renew their feathers.

Molting causes stopping egg production.







## Order of the molt

- During the molt, feathers are dropped from the various parts of the body in a definite order,
- that is:
- 1. head 5. abdomen 6. Fluff
- 2. neck
- 3. breast 7. wings
- 4. back 8. Tail







