

Ex

A rectangular section beam ($b = 22 \text{ mm}$, $h = 80 \text{ mm}$) subjected to pure bending moment $M = 2200 \text{ N.m}$ so as to produce compression of inner fiber. Find stress if:

1. beam is straight.
2. Centroidal axis has radius of Curvature 400 mm
3. $r_i \approx \dots \approx 80 \text{ mm}$.

Solution

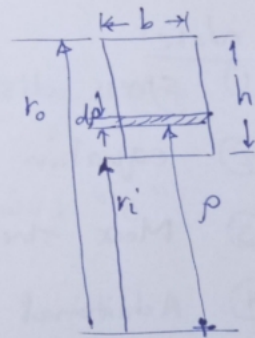
$$(1) \quad \sigma_{\text{max}} = \frac{My}{I} = \frac{2200 * 40 * 10^{-3}}{\frac{1}{12} (22 * 80^3) * 10^{-12}} = 93.7 \text{ MPa}$$

$$(2) \quad \text{Location of neutral axis} \quad r = \frac{A}{\int \frac{dA}{\rho}}$$

$$A = bh$$

$$\int \frac{dA}{\rho} = \int_{r_i}^{r_o} \frac{1}{\rho} (b \, d\rho) = b \int_{r_i}^{r_o} \frac{d\rho}{\rho} = b \ln\left(\frac{r_o}{r_i}\right)$$

$$r = \frac{bh}{b \ln\left(\frac{r_o}{r_i}\right)} = \frac{h}{\ln\left(\frac{r_o}{r_i}\right)}$$



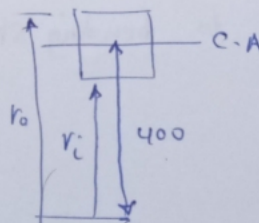
Now

$$r_o = 400 + 40$$

$$= 440$$

$$r_i = 400 - 40$$

$$= 360$$



$$r_n = \frac{80}{\ln\left(\frac{440}{360}\right)} = 398.66 \text{ mm}$$

$$e = \bar{r} - r_n = 400 - 398.66 = 1.33 \text{ mm}$$

⑤
c H1

$$\sigma_i = \frac{-M c_i}{A e r_i} = \frac{-2200 (38665) \times 10^{-3}}{(22 \times 80) \times 10^{-6} \times 1.33 \times 10^{-3} \times 360 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$= -100.4 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_o = \frac{M c_o}{A e r_o} = \frac{2200 \times 41.33 \times 10^{-3}}{(22 \times 80) \times 10^{-6} \times 1.33 \times 10^{-3} \times 440 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$= 87.8 \text{ MPa}$$

③ For beam # 3

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow r_o &= 80 + 40 = 120 \text{ mm} \\ \rightarrow r_i &= 80 - 40 = 40 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$r = \frac{80}{\ln\left(\frac{120}{40}\right)} = 72.8 \text{ mm}$$

$$e = \bar{r} - r = 80 - 72.8 = 7.18 \text{ mm}$$

$$c_o = 47.181 \text{ mm}$$

$$c_i = 32.819 \text{ mm}$$

$$\sigma_i = -142.8 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_o = 68.4 \text{ MPa}$$

Notes

①

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Case 1} \rightarrow \text{straight beam} \\ \text{Case 2} \rightarrow \text{slight Curvature } r = \text{big} \\ \text{Case 3} \rightarrow \text{strong Curvature } r = \text{small} \end{array} \right.$

as curvature become severe \Rightarrow stresses change dramatically

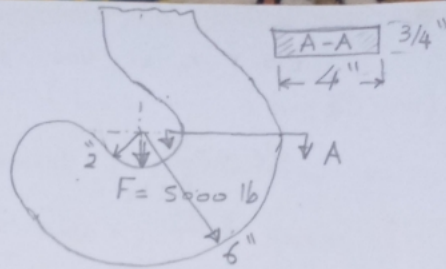
Error (bet 1 & 2) = 7% acceptable

Error (bet 1 & 3) \approx 55% Not acceptable

②

If cross sections Not rectangle \rightarrow see table p. 77

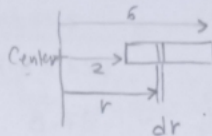
Ex #2 A hook of crane shown has rectangular x-section $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} b = \frac{3}{4}'' \\ h = 4'' \end{array} \right\}$ and carry 5000 lbf, find max σ



Sol.

$$A = bh = \frac{3}{4} \times 4 = 3 \text{ in}^2$$

$$dA = b dr$$



$$r_n = \frac{A_1}{\int \frac{dA}{r}} = \frac{bh}{\int_{r_i}^{r_o} \frac{b dr}{r}}$$

$$= \frac{h}{\ln \frac{r_o}{r_i}} = \frac{4}{\ln \frac{6}{2}} = 3.641'' \Rightarrow e = 4 - 3.641 = 0.359''$$

$$M = F \bar{r} = 5000 \times 4 = 20000 \text{ lb}\cdot\text{in}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{F}{A} + \frac{My}{Ae(r_n - y)} = \frac{5000}{3} + \frac{20000 \times (3.641 - r)}{3 \times 0.359 \times r} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sigma_i = 16.9 \text{ kpsi} \\ \sigma_o = -5.63 \text{ kpsi} \end{cases}$$

H.W A crane hook carry 20 kip. The x-section uses two concave flanks. width of cross-section $b = \frac{2}{r}$ where r is radius from center, $r_i = 2''$ & $r_o = 6''$. Find stresses @ inner and outer surfaces:

Sol.

$$M = F \bar{r} = 20 \times ? = ? \text{ lb}\cdot\text{in}$$

$$A = \int_2^6 b dr = \int_2^6 \frac{2}{r} dr$$

$$= 2 [\ln r]_2^6 = 2.2$$

$$\bar{r} A = \int r dA = \int_2^6 h \frac{2}{r} dr = 8$$

$$\bar{r} = \frac{8}{2.2} = 3.636$$

$$\Rightarrow M = 72 \times 10^3 \text{ lb}\cdot\text{in}$$

$$F = 20 \text{ kip}$$

$$r_n = \frac{A}{\int \frac{dA}{r}} = \frac{2.2}{\int_2^6 \frac{2}{r} dr} = \frac{2.2}{2 \int_2^6 \frac{1}{r} dr} = \frac{1.1}{\left[\frac{1}{r} \right]_2^6} = 3.3$$

$$e = 3.636 - 3.3 = 0.336 \Rightarrow \text{get stresses as above example.}$$

