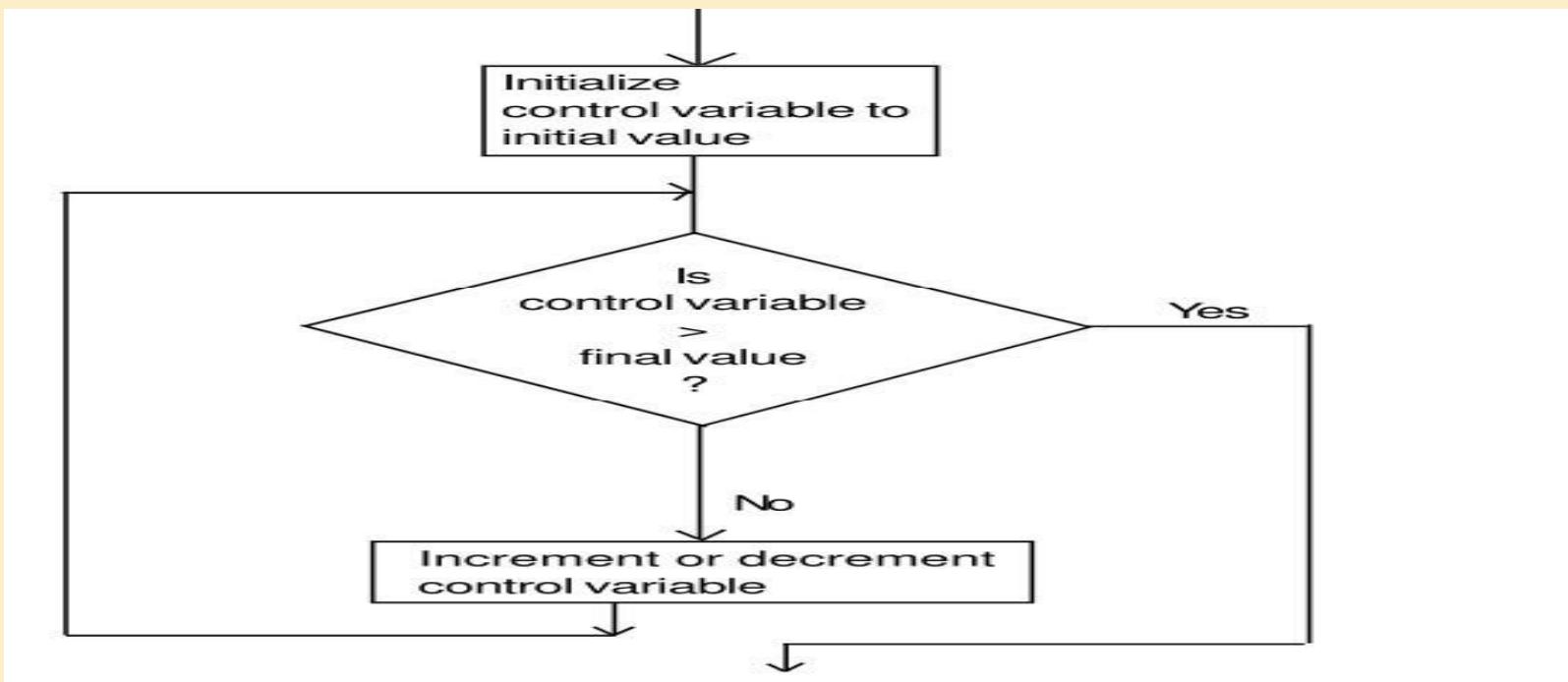


Loop Statements

Nested Loop



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Memory	Screen	
int num2	int num1	0 0
0	0	0 1
	1	0 2
	2	1 0
	3 end loop	1 1
1	0	1 2
	1	2 0
	2	2 1
	3	2 2
1	0	3 0
	1	3 1
2	0	3 2

```
    3 end loop  
  
2      0  
      1  
      2  
    3 end loop  
  
3      0  
      1  
      2  
    3 end loop  
  
4 end loop
```

Remember, in the memory, **for** loops will register a value one beyond (or the step beyond) the requested ending value in order to disengage the loop.

Nested for loop statement

```
for ( init; condition; increment )  
{  
    for ( init; condition; increment )  
    {  
        statement(s);  
    }  
    statement(s); // you can put more  
    statements.  
}
```

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void main()
{
    int i, j, n, m;
    cout << "How many rows?\n";
    cin >> n;
    cout << "How many columns?\n";
    cin >> m;
    for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    {
        cout << "i= " << i << endl;
        for (j = 1; j <= m; j++)
            cout << "j= " << j << endl;
        cout << endl;
    }
}

```

n=4

1) For (i=1;i<=n, i++)

Loop1:i=1
Loop2:i=2
Loop3:i=3
Loop4:i=4

n=4, m=3

m=3

2) For (j=1;j<=m, j++)

L1:j=1	L2:j=2	L3:j=3

2) Write a program to compute summation of the following mathematic series:

$$1!/2 + 2!/3 + 3!/4 + 4!/5 + \dots \dots \dots n$$

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void main()
{
    float sum = 0, f;
    int n, i, j;
    cout << "Enter n: " << endl;
    cin >> n;
    for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    {
        f = 1;
        for (j = 1; j <= i; j++)
            f = f * j;
        cout << f << endl;
        sum = sum + (f / (i + 1));
    }
    cout << "Sum: " << sum << endl;
}
```

sum = 0;
cin>n;
for (i=1; i<=n, i++)
{
 f=1;
 for (j=1; j <= i; j++)
 f= f * j;

 sum=sum + (f/(i+1));
}

i! = 1*2*3*..*i

Ex) Write a program for generating the following output:

& & & & & &

& & & & &

& & &

&