## Chapter Three, Chapter Four and Chapter Five

1.Define the following terms with example:

| a. assimilation | b. bilabial | c. allophone | d. aspiration |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| e. backformation | f. calque | g. coarticulation | h. coda |
| i. consonant cluster | j. cultural transmission k. diphthong | l. elision |  |
| m. eponym | n. etymology | o. minimal pair | p. nasalization |
| q. nucleus | r. neologism | s. onset | t. rime |
| u. vowel | v. syllable | w. consonant | x. voiceless sounds |

2.Which of the following words would be treated as minimal pairs?
ban, fat, pit, bell, tape, heat, meal, more, pat, tap, pen, chain, vote, bet, far, bun, goat, heel, sane, tale, vet
3.What is the difference between an Open and a Closed syllable?
4. Which segments in the pronunciation of the following words are most likely to be affected by elision?
(a) government (b) postman (c) pumpkin (d) sandwich (e) victory
5.The word central has a consonant cluster (-ntr-) in the middle and two syllables. What do you think is the best way to divide the word into two syllables?
6. How many processes of word-formation are there? Briefly, identify them with examples.
7. Can you identify the different word-formation processes involved in producing each of the underlined words in these sentences?
(a) Don't they ever worry that they might get AIDS?
(b) Do you have a xerox machine?
(c) That's really fandamntastic!
(d) I like this old sofa - it's nice and comfy.
(e) My guess is that the company will need a bailout.
(f) I think Robyn said she'd like a toastie for brekky.

4 . Identify the prefixes and suffixes used in these words:
misfortune, terrorism, carelessness, disagreement, ineffective, unfaithful, prepackaged, biodegradable, reincarnation, decentralization

