

# Pre-intermediate <br> Workbook with key 

dohn and Liz Soars

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## Tenses

## 1 Recognizing tenses

Thetis Complete the texts using the verbs in the box.

| can make | 's studying |
| :--- | :--- |
| lives | teaches |
| Wants | loves |
| doesn't have |  |


| has | 'r elistening |
| :--- | :--- |
| like | ' msiting |
| come | 'mooing to study |
| live | doesn't work |

're playing dido' like 'r egoing We
emigrated have went was bore

## Tenses • Questions

 Jobs - Writing an informal letter
## Getting to Fin g you

1 Enrique (i) $\qquad$ in Puebla, a town in Mexico. He's a student. He (2) $\qquad$ medicine because he (3) $\qquad$ to be doctor.

He's married, but he (4) $\qquad$ any children. His wife, Silvia, (5) $\qquad$ in a primary school. Enrique (6) $\qquad$ cooking, He (7) $\qquad$
an excellent enchilada!


2 Mil My name's Rumi and ! (1) $\qquad$ from Osaka in Japan. 1 (2) $\qquad$ with my parents. My father (3) $\qquad$ a business, but my mother (4) $\qquad$ Next year 1 (5) $\qquad$ economics at university.
ISS) $\qquad$ going out with my friends. In the picture ! (7) $\qquad$ in a cafe with Noriko and Mayumi. We (8) $\qquad$ to music.


3 Bruce is Australian. He (I) $\qquad$ in England, buthe (2) $\qquad$ to Australia when he was
six. He (3) $\qquad$ back to England once, but
he (4) $\qquad$ it because it was so cold after Australia!
He and his brother (5) $\qquad$ with their
parents in Melbourne. They 6 ) $\qquad$ a big house not far from the beach. In the picture he's on the beach with his friends. They (7) $\qquad$ volleyball. Tonight they ( 8 ) $\qquad$ to the cinema.

Choose the correct form of the verb.
I I'm speaking / speak / I'm speok three languages: Erench, Arabic, and Engligiz.
2 A Where does Hans come/Hons cone/ is Hons coning from?
\& He's Swiss. He comes from Zurich.
3 A What you do / do you do / are you doing this evening?
18 I'm gaingout.
4 A Where's George?
E He has/'s having / have a shower.
5 \& What means this word / does mean this wordl does this word mean?
3 I don't know, Look it up.
6 A Do you want a cigarette?
B No, thanks. I don't smoke / no smoke/ smoke no.
7 Last year I went/go / was go to Tunisia on holiday.
8 How long you stay / die you stay / stayed you in Tenisis?
9. The weekend was boring. mo do / didnt/ didnt do enything.
10 A Im going to university next year.
Wh What are you going to / you going to/ do you study?

3 Correcting mistakes
Correct the mistakes in these sentences.
1 At the weekend Im usually go swimning.
2 Are you enjoy the conference?
3 We cant play tennis because it rains.
4. Do you can play chess?

5 How many brothers you have?
6 Ino understand what you're saying.
7 What you do tonight?

- What time you get home last night?

9 Last weekend I see some friends and we have a meal.
10 Im ioving English food. It's wondertul!

4 Making questions with auxiliaries

1 She's French. Is she French?
2 Its raining.
3 Theyre at school. $\qquad$
4 They're learning English. $\qquad$
5 Youre tred. $\qquad$
6 She was at home last night. $\qquad$
7 Im right. $\qquad$
8 He was born in 1960. $\qquad$
9 You can speak Danish. $\qquad$
5 Making questions with do/does/did

1 You like music.
Do vou hike music?
2 She comes from France.

3 They live in a flat.

4 You take sugar in tea.

5 I speak English well.

6 She watched a flm last night.

7 It started at 8.00 .

8 You want to go home.

9 He work hard.

## 6 bath ocher nimonyot

## 6 Question words

Match the questions and answers.


## - Word order

Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Then answer the questions about you.
1 buy/you/the/did/at/what/shops/?
$2 \mathrm{is} /$ who/teacher/your/English/?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3 parents/moment/where/your/the/at/are/?
$\qquad$
4 cinema/you/go/last/when/did/the/to/?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5 learning/you/why/English/are/?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
6 you/how/ho/come/school/do/?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
7 brothers and sisters/yon/many/have/how/do?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## 8 Which question word?

TIKPE Complete the conversation with question words.


Kate Hi, Dad.
Dad Morning, Kate. (1) $\qquad$ are you today?
Kate Fine, thanks. A bit tired.
Dad (2) $\qquad$ time did you go to bed?
Kate About 11.00 .
Dad (3) $\qquad$ were you doing? Did you have a lot of homework?
Kate Yes, and we've got a maths test today.
Dad There's a letter for you on the table.
Kate Oh! (4) $\qquad$ is it from?
Dad I don't know. Open it and see.
Kate Oh!
Dad (5) $\qquad$ 's the matter?
Kate Nothing. It's from Nadia in Jordan.
Dad That's interesting.
Kate She says she's coming to England soon.
Dad (6) $\qquad$ ?

Kate Because she's going to study English.
Dad (7) $\qquad$ is she going to stay?
Kate Here in London.
Dad (8) $\qquad$ school is she going to?
Kate She doesn't know yet.
Dad (9) $\qquad$ is she coming?
Kate Next week.
Dad You must invite her round. (10) $\qquad$ don't you write back and invite her to Sunday lunch?
Kate OK, Will. Thank, Dad.
．．．n．r，fuwr r aujective or adverb
Match a question word in $A$ with a word in $B$ and a line in C ．Then answer the questions about you．

| A <br> How <br> What | far <br> tall <br> sort <br> much <br> often <br> size <br> long <br> newspaper <br> time | c <br> shoes do you take？ <br> did you get up this morning？ <br> do you read？ <br> is it from your house to the <br> city centre？ <br> are you？ <br> is your hair？ <br> do you go swimming？ <br> does a burger cost in your city？ <br> of music do you like？ <br> does your English lesson last？ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
10 Replying with a question
面直蟔 Write the questions．
1 We had a wonderful holiday．
Where did you go？
2 Im reading a good book at the moment．

3 Ibought a new car last week．

4 Nick and I had a lot of fun at the weekend．

5 Ann＇s going to Caivo nert week．

6 David cams more than t200，not ayea！

7 They have so many childcent

## Vocabulary

## 11 Jobs

Add a suffix from the box to the words to make jobs． Change the spelling when necessary．When does the pronunciation change？

| －er／－r | －ian | －ist | －man／－woman |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



1 music musician


3 science


5 politics


7 interpret $\qquad$


9 photograph $\qquad$


11 pose $\qquad$

8 electric $\qquad$


2 art


4 journal


6 manage


10 police


12 reception

8 Wat l Geteng to knou you

## Writing

## 12 Writing an informal letter

Look at the organization of this informal letter.
We begin all letters with Dear ... your address, and the date, but not your name.
(

27 September
Dear Maria
Where youlive I' II tell you a little about myself, and you can
do the same when you write to me.

| What youre doing at |
| :--- | :--- |
| the moment |$\quad$ At the moment I'm working very hard because I have



2 Write a similax letter to a penfriend in England.
Write about these things:

- you
- Where you live
- what you do
- your hobbies


## Your signature



Present tenses ：have／have got
Things in the house
Writing－linking words

## The way we live

## Present Simple

## ！Making negatives

槒面数 Correct the sentences．
1 The sun rises in the west．
The sun doesn＇t rise in the west．It rises in the east．
2 Eskimos live in Africa．

3 Manchester United footballers wear yellow shirts．

4 Kangaroos come from Canada．

5 The sun shines at night．

6 In Britain people drive on the right．

2 Making quastions

1 I geé upâ $\qquad$ ． What time do you get up？
2 At the weekend I usually go to $\qquad$ ．

3 The bank opens at $\qquad$ ． $\qquad$ ．

4．My rother cones from $\qquad$ ．

5 My chidren go to $\qquad$ school． Which $\qquad$ ？
6 My broher works in $\qquad$ ．

Whers $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $-$
7 My sister dives a $\qquad$
What sor $\qquad$ ？

## 3 Short answers

Answer the questions about you.
Use short answers.
1 Do you smoke? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
2 Do you like science fiction?

3 Do you dream a lot?

4 Do you listen to the radio?

5 Do your parents read a lot?

6 Does your teacher give you a lot of homework?

7 Does it rain a lot in your country?


4 Third person singular
Write the third person singular of these verbs.

| 1 help | helps |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | watch |
| 3 | want |
| 4 gatches |  |
| 5 | - |
| 5 carry | - |
| 6 catch | - |
| 7 think | - |
| 8 crash | - |
| 9 wash | - |
| 10 read | - |
| 11 do | - |
| 12 fly | - |
| 13 study | - |
| 14 miss | - |
| 15 eat | - |
| 16 have | - |
| 17 cry |  |

## 5 Adverbs of frequency

Put the words in the correct order.
1 cinema/you/to/often/go/the/do/?

2 meat/never/eat///because/don't///it/like

3 listen/evening/the/to/parents/radio/the/my/always/in

4 holiday/how/do/have/often/a/you/?

5 sometimes/restaurant/we/Japanese/go/a/to

6 for/late/never/am/school/I
$\qquad$

## $\because$ IESEHESHHPIE G

 Continuous?6 Spelling of the present participle Write the -ing form of these verbs.

| 1 read | reading- |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 swim | swimming |
| 3 come | coming |
| 4 rain | - |
| 5 wear | - |
| 6 think | - |
| 7 shine | - |
| 8 smoke | - |
| 9 have | - |
| 10 take | - |
| 11 wain |  |
| 12 get | - |
| 13 stop | - |
| 14 mum |  |
| 15 begin |  |

Choosing the correct fom
Choose the form of the varb.
1 Igo/am going to work now. Goodbye!
2 Iread/antrading a book about astronomy
3 read am reading lots of books every yeaz:
4 We golare going to a party on Saturday.
5 Nurses look / are looking atter people in hospital.
6 Annie cones / is coning from Ireland.
7 She comes/is coning for dinner this evening.
8 ispead amspeaking four languages.
9 Do you wha/ Are yot womarato go out this evening?

## 8 What does she do? or What is she doing?




## Vocabulary

## 11 Things in the house

Match the words and pictures.

| armchair | sofa | cupboard |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| bookcase | carpet | rug |
| window | curtains | wardrobe |
| chest of drawers | lamp | mirror |



## Writing

## 12 Linking words - but, however

1 Complete the sentences with and, so, or but.
1 She can speak French, $\qquad$ she can't write it.
2 He's going to work in Moscow, $\qquad$ he's leaming Russian.

3 I went into town. I bought some food $\qquad$ I went to the library.
4 I haven't got a car, $\qquad$ I've got a motorbike.

5 She's studying for an exam, $\qquad$ she can't come to the cinema with us.

But and however can contrast ideas, but they are used differently. Compare these sentences. What differences can you see?

Ilearnt French easily, but I didn't like
my teacher.
Ilearnt French easily. However, I
didn't like my teacher.

2 Join the pairs of sentences in two different ways using but and however.

1 We enjoyed the holiday. It rained a lot.

2 He's moving to London next month. He doesn't like big cities.

3 She isn't English. She speah, English perfectly.

So is used to express the result of the statement before. Because expresses the reason or cause of something.

## Cause

Resuit
It started to rain, so we stopped playing tennis.
Result :-_C Cause
We stopped playing tennis because it started to rain.

## 9 Making statements and negatives

Look at the picture of Joely's bedroom. Complete the sentences in two ways; once with has/doesn't have and once with 's got/hasn't got.
1 She has a CD plaver.
She's got a CD plaver.
2 She $\qquad$ a tennis racket.
She $\qquad$ a tennis racket.

4 She $\qquad$ a television.
She $\qquad$ a television.

3 She $\qquad$ a lot of CDs.

5 She $\qquad$ a computer.
She $\qquad$ a computer. She $\qquad$ a lot of CDs.
$\qquad$ an ipod. She $\qquad$ an ipod.


Write some sentences about your bedroom.
I'vegota bed, but faven'tgota basin.
Fuegota madio, but Ldon'thoveraTV
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

3 Join the pairs of sentences in two different ways using so and because.
1 She went home. She was tired.
a)

2 We didn't enjoy our holiday. The weather was bad.
a) $\qquad$
3 He worked hard. He passed all his exams.
a) $\qquad$

## 13 Describing a person

Complete the text with a linking word from the box.
b) $\qquad$
b) $\qquad$
b) $\qquad$
and but so because however

People say I look like my sister (8) $\qquad$ we both have brown eyes (9) $\qquad$ dark hair. (10) $\qquad$ - we are very different in character. She's very quiet, (11) $\qquad$ I'm a lot more sociable.


Write a similar short paragraph about yourself and someone in your family.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Unit The way welive 13

## Past Simple

1 Choosing the right verb
Complete the text with a verb from the box in the Past Simple.

| fail | find | break |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| laugh | spend | leave |
| lose | need | take |
| celebrate | save |  |
| can't (past $=$ | couldin't) |  |

Gary Smith yesterday celebrated his twentieth birthday, but he's lucky to be alive. In March this year, he was climbing Ben Nevis, Britain's highest mountain, when he (1) $\qquad$ sixteen his way and (2) $\qquad$
hours in sub-zero temperatures.
My friends (3) $\qquad$ at me for having so much survival equipment, bat it (4) my life.

On the first night, the weathe twas so bad that it tore his new mountain tent to pieces, so he moved into a Youth Hostel. He (5) _ , the the hostel at 10.00 the next morning, but that aftemoon he was in trouble.

I (6) $\qquad$ off a rock and
$\qquad$ my left leg. 1 (8) $\qquad$ move.'

Mountain rescue teams went out to look for Cary, and (9)

him at 9.00 the next morning. A helicopter (10) him to hospital, where he (11) several operations. 'Next time I'll go with my friends, not on my own!' he joked.


16 Unit 3 - it all went wrong

2 Making negatives
[10 1 Correct the sentences.
1 Shakespeare wrote stories.
Shakespeare didn't write stories. He wrote plays.

2 Christopher Columbus discovered India.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3 Beethoven came from France.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4 Leonardo da Vinci lived in Mexico.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5 The Americans landed on the moon in the 19th century.
$\qquad$

6 Umm Kolthoum came from Australia.
$\qquad$
3 Making questions

- 5 Write the questions.

1 I went to the States in 19 $\qquad$ . When did yougo to the States?
2 I went to $\qquad$ for my last holiday.

Where $\qquad$ ?

3 We stayed in $\qquad$ .
Where $\qquad$
4. We stayed there for $\qquad$ weeks.

How long $\qquad$ ?
5 We had $\qquad$ weather.
Did $\qquad$ good weather?
6 We travelled round by $\qquad$ .
How $\qquad$
7 We had rood.
Did $\qquad$ good frod?

## 4 Short answers

Answer the questions about Gary in exercise 1 and about you. Use short answers.
1 Did Gary get lost? Yes, he did.
2 Did he have a lot of equipment?

3 Did he go with friends?

4 Did he hurt his hand?

5 Did you do your homework last night?

6 Did you do any sport yesterday?

7 Did it rain yesterday?

## 5 Past Simple forms

Write the Past Simple of these verbs.

| work | worked |
| :---: | :---: |
| save | saved |
| stop | stopped |
| come | came |
| arrive |  |
| plan |  |
| make |  |
| help |  |
| use |  |
| travel |  |
| feel |  |
| wash |  |
| like |  |
| rob |  |
| send |  |
| walk |  |
| smile |  |
| clap |  |
| know |  |

Complete the sentences with a word from the box. Careful! Sometimes no word is necessary.
I arrived home at six o'dock last night. I saw Jane - yesterday.

| ago <br> at | last <br> when | in | for |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1 I was born in Africa $\qquad$ 1970.

2 My parents moved back to England
$\qquad$ I was five.
3 We lived in Bristol $\qquad$ three years.
4. Ileft college three years $\qquad$ .
5 I found a job in a different ciy $\qquad$ last year.
6 I usually go home $\qquad$ the weekend.

7 Ididn't go home $\qquad$ weekend because some friends came to stay.
8 They arrived $\qquad$ three o'clock
$\qquad$ the afternoon.

9 $\qquad$ Saturday evening we went out to a concert.

10 $\qquad$ we got home we listened to some music.
11 We got up late $\qquad$ Sunday morning.
12 $\qquad$ the afternoon we went for a walk.
13 I bought a car a few weeks $\qquad$ .
14. I had an accident $\qquad$ last night.

15 It happened $\qquad$ seven óclock
$\qquad$ the evening.
16 I took my car to the garage $\qquad$ this monning.
17 It will be ready $\qquad$ two wreeks.



8 James/tell/a joke
$\qquad$
6 Beth and Charlotte/eat/crisps

7 fustin/show/Tony a phorograph



## 8 Newspaper stories

Look at the three newspaper stories. Match the phrases with the correct story. Where exactly do they go?
1'I was working in the garden at the time', she explained.

2... because they were wearing masks

3'I know I was driving fast', he explained to the court.

4

5... when he was travelling at 120 miles an hour 6The bottom of the tree was slowly moving.

B

## TREE DESTROYS <br> 



Yesterday afternoon a 35-year-old housewife narrowly escaped death when a tree blew over and fell onto her house, completely destroying it. 'It was quite windy. I heard a strange noise coming from our tree. Suddenly the wind blew a little stronger, and I watched it crash onto the roof.' The Bowles family are staying with friends while their house is rebuilt.

## POST OFFICE ROBBERY

Yesterday afternoon thieves stole $£ 500$ from a post office in Preston, Lancashire. Police do not have a good description of the two men, but they know that they escaped in a red Ford Cortina. This information came from an It-year-old boy, Charlie Carrack.


The post offee in Prestors

## Motorist Driving at 120 mph



Jeremy Page

Motorist Jeremy Page had to pay a fine of $£ 330$ at Durham Magistrates' Court yesterday for speeding. Police stopped him on the motorway. The speed limit on motorways is 70 miles an hour. 'This was because I was late for work.' The judge said that this was no excuse.

## Past Simple or Continuous? <br> 9 Choosing the correct form

Choose the correct form of the verbs.
1 I met / was meeting a friend while I did / was doing the shopping.
2 I paid/was paying for my things when I heard / was hearing someone call my name.
3 I turned / was turning round and saw / was seeing Paula.
4 She wore / was wearing a bright red coat.

5 We decided / were deciding to have a cup of coffee.
6 While we had / were having our coffee, a waiter dropped / was dropping a pile of plates.
7 We all got / were getting a terrible shock.

8 While the waiter picked / was picking up the broken plates, he cut / was cuiting his ninger.

## 10 have + noun = activity

Have is often used with a noun to express a form of action.

Ihad a shower and went to bed.
Where did you have lunch?
Have a good weekend!
Notice that, with meals, we do not use a.
Ihad breakfast/lunch.
 noun from the box.

| drink argument look swim <br> bath    <br> game    | breakfast <br> time | word <br> dinner |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1 'Would you ike to bover dinak?'
'Yes, please. Im very thirsiy'
2 Did you watch TV last night?'
No, 1 $\qquad$ and went straight to bea?
3 Did you $\qquad$ a good $\qquad$ of tennis?
'Yes. I won 6-0, 6-2.'
4. 'Bye, Mum. Tm going to school now!'

Goodbye, darling. $\qquad$ a nice $\qquad$ !
5 Didyou $\qquad$ this moming?'
'No. I got up too late. Thus had a cup of coffee.
6 Fm going to $\qquad$ a $\qquad$ and wash my hair. Ifeel diry.
7 Ihave a swmming pool in the garden, so if you want to
$\qquad$ a $\qquad$ , just come round.
8 Didyou $\qquad$ agood $\qquad$ at the office, dear?' 'No, I didn'. The boss was wery angry with me.
9 Peter and lalwoys argue. We dont agree about anything. Xesterday we $\qquad$ an $\qquad$ about politics.
10 Ive got my holiday photographs. Do you want to
$\qquad$ a $\qquad$ ?
31 John Could ! $\qquad$ a $\qquad$ with you for a minute? There's somothing want to talk to you about.

11 Writing a narrative - Linking words (1) while, during, and for
(1) While is a conjunction, and is followed by a clause (subject + verb). If you say 'X happened while $Y$ happened', it means $X$ and $Y$ happened at the same time.

I met Peter while I was studying at university.
2 During is a preposition, and it is followed by a noun. It has a similar meaning to while. I worked on a farm during the holidays. The noun after during expresses an activity that takes time.
during the film/lesson/aftemoon/ football match
While and during answer the question When?
3 For is a preposition, and answers the question How long? It is followed by a time expression. Ilived there for three years/six months. We're having a holiday for two weeks/a couple of days.

1 Complete the sertences with while, during, or for.
I Ifell and hurt myself $\qquad$ I was playing teanis.
It started to rain $\qquad$ the match.
We played tennis $\square$ two hours.
2 Tworked in Italy $\qquad$ three years.
the summer I stayed on a farm in

## Tuscany.

Ilearned italian $\qquad$ I was there.
3 We went on holiday in Florida $\qquad$ three weeks.
$\qquad$ the day th was very hot, but it was cool at night.
We went to Disneyland $\qquad$ we were there.
4. We had a lovely meal yesterday. We sat at the table $\qquad$ three hours.
 the meal we exchanged news.
 that Tony was in hospital.

2 Read the story and look at the pictures. Complete the text with while, during, or for.


BILL AND SIMONE BUTLER left Miami one summer weekend on their annual sailing holiday in their boat, Siboney. They wanted to sail round the Caribbean Sea (1) $\qquad$ two weeks.
(2) $\qquad$ their holiday, they saw a large group of whales. Bill and Simone were very excited. Unfortunately, (3) $\qquad$ they were watching them, the whales began to hit the side of the boat.


Suddenly, water started flooding in, and they realized that they were in trouble. They quickly jumped into the lifeboat (4) $\qquad$ the boat was sinking, and watched it disappear under the sea.

Fortunately, they had enough food and water (5) $\qquad$ twenty days. They also had a fishing line and a machine which made salt water into drinking water. These two things helped them to survive

(6) their terrible experience.
(7) $\qquad$ the next 50 days they caught about ten fish a day and ate them raw. They saw about twenty ships, but although they waved and shouted (8) $\qquad$ they were passing, nobody saw them. They were becoming weaker and weaker. Then, just as they were beginning to lose hope, a fishing boat rescued them. Their disastrous holiday was over.

## 12 Writing a story 1

Write a story of about 150 words. The story is about a time in your life when everything went wrong. You can choose one of these subjects if you like.

- the day you woke up late for an exarn
- a terible day at work
- an argunent with your best friend
- your worst holiday ever
afrightening experience


Count and uncount nouns - Expressions of quantity Articles • Plural nouns . Clothes
Writing - forms

## Let's go shopping!

## Count and uncount nouns

## 2 chocolate or a chocolate?

Sometimes a noun can be both countable and uncountable. Look at the pictures and complete the sentences with $a+$ noun or just the noun.


I don't like
chocolate $\qquad$


2 Would you like achocolate?


4 Can you buy
$\qquad$ ?


5 I drink a lot of
$\qquad$ .


7 Have
$\qquad$ !


8 Have some
$\qquad$ $!$


10 Would you like
$\qquad$ of water?


12 Have some
$\qquad$

## 6 a few or a little?

T4.2 Match a line in A with a line in B and a line in C .


## Articles

## $7 \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{an}$ or the?

I43 Complete the sentences with a/an or the.
1 I bought $\qquad$ hat and $\qquad$ pair of shoes at
$\qquad$ the shops. Unfortunately $\qquad$ shoes are
$\qquad$ wrong size. I'll take them back tomorrow.

2 A Where are $\qquad$ children?
B They're in $\qquad$ garden.
3 My sister's $\qquad$ teacher in $\qquad$ school near
Leicester. She has three children, two girls and
$\qquad$ boy. $\qquad$ girls are in her class at school, but $\qquad$ boy isn't old enough for school yet.
4 Jane and Bill are $\qquad$ very nice couple. She has
$\qquad$ clothes shop, and he works in $\qquad$ office
in $\qquad$ centre of town.
5 A Where are my shoes?
B On $\qquad$ floor in $\qquad$ kitchen.
6 A How much are the driving lessons?
B Fifteen pounds $\qquad$ hour.
7 When you come to bed, can you turn off $\qquad$ lights?
8 I went to $\qquad$ restaurant last night.
9 What's $\qquad$ name of $\qquad$ restaurant we went to last night?

Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with much, many, or a lot of.


1 There are a lot of apples.
2 The shop hasn't got much washing powder.
3 There's oil.
4 The shop has $\qquad$ bottles of water.
5 There isn't $\qquad$ frozen food.

6 There aren't $\qquad$ sweets.

7 The shopkeeper has got $\qquad$ cheese.
8 I can see $\qquad$ newspapers.
9 ButI can't see $\qquad$ bread.

10 There isn't $\qquad$ yoghurt.
11 The shop hasn't got $\qquad$ birthday cards.
12 But there are $\qquad$
13 Why aren't there $\qquad$ magazines?
14 But here is $\qquad$ rice!

## 9 a, the, or nothing?

Complete the sentences with $a$, the, or nothing.
1 I come to - school by - bus.
2 This morning $\qquad$ bus was late.

3 My favourite subject is $\qquad$ history, but I'm not very good at $\qquad$ maths.
4 Ankara is $\qquad$ capital of Turkey.
5 I work for $\qquad$ company that makes
$\qquad$ carpets.
6 My friend lives in $\qquad$ same street as me.
7 I was at $\qquad$ home all day yesterday.
8 We had $\qquad$ lovely holiday in Morocco. We're going back there $\qquad$ next year.
9 $\qquad$ Heathrow is $\qquad$ busiest airport in Europe.
10 Leave early if you want to uniss $\qquad$ rush hour.
11 We arrived in $\qquad$ Paris on $\qquad$ third of August.
12 Last night we had $\qquad$ dinner in
$\qquad$ restaurant.
13 I went to $\qquad$ bed late.
14 What time does your plane arrive? I'll come to $\qquad$ airport to meet you.
 -


1 child $\qquad$ 4 tooth $\qquad$
2 person $\qquad$ 5 sheep $\qquad$
3 woman $\qquad$
$\qquad$
11 Clothes
Write the words.
9 match
$\qquad$
2 lady $\qquad$ 10 address $\qquad$
3 day $\qquad$ 11 story $\qquad$
4 potato $\qquad$ 12 sandwich $\qquad$
5 body $\qquad$ 13 key $\qquad$
6 watch $\qquad$ 14 video $\qquad$
7 glass $\qquad$ 15 way $\qquad$
8 city $\qquad$
2 These nouns are irregular. Write the plural form.

6 fish

$$
6 \text { fish }
$$ ,

12 Filling in forms
i Match the expressions and questions.

| I Pirst name | a Are you married or single? |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 Surname | b What do you do in your free time? |
| 3 Date of birth | o What's your phone number? |
| 4 Place of birth | d What's your first name? |
| 5 Permanent address | e What do you do? |
| 6 Marital status | i Where were you born? |
| 7 Occupation | g When were you born? |
| 8 Qualifications | h What's your family name? |
| 9 Hobies/Inerests | i What degrees, diplomas, certificates, etc. do you have? |
| 10 Tel. no. | Where do you hive? |

2 Do these things. Write about you.

- Write your name in capial letters.

2. Mrite your signature.
$\qquad$
3 Complete the form.

3 Delete where not applicable.
(Ivir/Mrs/Miss/Ms)
4 Write your postcode.
$\qquad$

## MEASE WRTE IA CAPTMA LETERS

## $\mathrm{Mr} / \mathrm{Mrs} / \mathrm{Ms}^{*}$ <br> First name <br> Nationality <br> Address in your country

Family name
Date of birth
Language(s)
5

Occupation
Date of arrival
Date of departure
ene or

Reason for learning English: Business/pleasure/exams/other *(If other, please specify.)
How many hours a day do you want to study?
How long are you going to stay at the school?
What date do you want to start?

## Signature



## What do you want to do?

## Verb patterns

1 Hopes and ambitions
Write a sentence about each of these people's ambitions.


1 Sheila/teacher/work/with children Sheila wants to be a teacher because she likes working with children.
Sheila hopes to be a teacher because she loves. working with children.
Sheila would like to be a teacher because she enjoys working with children.
2. Jane/vet/work/with animals
$\qquad$

3 Malcolm/farmer/he/outside in the fresh air

4 Suzy/stockbroker/want/eam/a lot of money

5 Gill/do voluntary service/help/children in developing countries
$\qquad$

6 Janine/accountant/work/with numbers
$\qquad$

7 My father/retire next year/want/have more free time

8 My parents/buy/a cottage by the sea/sail
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb，the infinitive or－ing． Sometimes both are possible．
1 I enjoy walking（walk）on the beach．
2．Would you like to have（have） something to eat？
3 I want（sep）a film on TV this evening．
4 Thope $\qquad$ （earn）some money soon．
5 When did you finish （paint）the kitchen？
6 Ibegan $\qquad$ （learn）English when I was seven．
7 Some people like $\qquad$ （have） breakfast in bed，but I don＇t．
3 Don＇t forget $\qquad$ （post）my letter！
9 We＇ve decided $\qquad$ （get） married in the spring．
10 When she saw how I was dressed，she started $\qquad$ （laugh）．
11 What do you want $\qquad$ （do） this evening？
12 Id like $\qquad$ （go）to the theatre．
13 Ilove $\qquad$ （listen）to live music．
14 She continued $\qquad$ （calk） during the whole meal．

觬通罾 Write B＇s questions and complete A＇s answers．
I A I hope to go to university．
B What／want／study／？ What do you want to study？
A I want to study maths．
2 A Carol phoned while you were out．
$B$ What／want／talk about／？

A． $\qquad$ a problem she＇s having．
3 A lefimy job yesterday．
B Why／decide／do that／？

A $\qquad$ because it was boring．
4 A I＇m going to bed early because I have a plane to catch tomorrow．
8 What time／wantleave the house／？

A
5 A That book you lent me was great！
3 When／inish／read／it／？

> A

6 A Idon＇t want to go out this evening．
日 What would likeldo／？

A $\qquad$ stay at home and have an early night．

## would like（to dol or like ldoing）？

## 4 Would you ．．． 70 Do you ．．．？

（\％）Match the questions and answers．

| 1 Would you like to watch TV？ | a Yes，especially films and cartoons． |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 Would you like something to eat？ | b Yes，I＇d love to．What time？ |
| 3 Do you like weddings？ | c Wo．There＇s nothing good on tonight． |
| 4 Do you like chips？ | 4 Tmafraid I don＇t．Itink they＇re noisy，and there are |
| 5 Do you like watching Tl？ | ustaliy too many people． |
| 6 Wouid youlike ta cone for a meal tomonow？ | e No．It think theyre very bad for you． <br> a Ho，hanks．Pm nothungry． |

## 28 Whis 5．What do yor wan to do？

## 5 Choosing the correct form

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the correct form of the verb.
1 A Would you like a coffee?
X Do you like a coffee?
B Yes, please. No sugar, thanks.
2 A $\square$ Do you like your teacher? Would you like your teacher?
$B$ Yes, she's very nice.
3 ADo you like going for walks? Would you like to go for a walk?
B Yes, I often go walking in the mouintains.
4 ADo you like swimming?
Would you like to go for a swim?
$B$ What a good idea! It's so hot today!
5 A $\square$ What do you like doing at the weekend?
$\square$ What would you like to do this weekend?
B I like putting my feet up and relaxing. Sometimes I play tennis.
6 A $\square$ What do you like to do in the evening? $\square$ What would you like to do this evening?
IB Why don't we pop round and see Pai and Peter?

## 6 would like or like?

 do) or like (doing) and the correct form of the verb.
1 A What sort of books $\qquad$ you
$\qquad$
B I $\qquad$ biographies and thrillers.
2 A $\qquad$ you $\qquad$ (be) a teacher when you grow up?
$B$ No. They have to work very hard.
3 A It's Sophie's birthday soon.
B Is it? What $\qquad$ she $\qquad$ (have) for a present?
A. Well, I know she $\qquad$ (cook) Wiy don's you buy her a new cook book?
4. My daughter has a lot of pens and pencils. She
$\qquad$ (draw).
5 My sor is a very fast runner. Fhe says that one day be $\qquad$ (run) in the Olympic Games.

## will and going to

## 7 Offers and decisions

Look at the pictures. What are the people saying? Make sentences with will.


## 6)


(2)


签


解

8 What's going to happen? Look at the pictures. What's going to happen? Make sentences with is/are going to + verb.


## Vocabulary

10 Words that go together
1 Match a verb in A with a line in B.

| A | B |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 wear | a the washing-up |
| 2 tell | b a story |
| 3 drive | c a photograph |
| 4 take | d a cheque |
| 5 do | e a van |
| 6 make | f a suit |
| 7 cash | g a phone call |
| 8 post | h a suitcase |
| 9 ride | i a taxi |
| 10 pack | j a meal |
| 11 pay | ¢ a letrer |
| 12 order | I a film on TY |
| 13 watch | m a horse |
| 14 take | n abill |



2 Complete the sentences with a preposition from the bor.
for at in to with of

1 Im waiting $\qquad$ the postman to arrive.
2 Look $\qquad$ that picturel Mon't it beautinul!
3 Im looking $\qquad$ Mary. Is she here?
4 My brother works $\qquad$ IBM.
5 If you have a problem, ask $\qquad$ help.
6 Are you interested $\qquad$ history?
7 Did you know that Helen is geting mamied $\qquad$ frace?
8 Canisperk $\qquad$ you foraminute?

9 Iagrea $\qquad$ you abor mos things but mot polles.
10 Whyildren areafar $\qquad$ togs.
11 Areyou good $\qquad$ tenns?
12. This gride book is full

## 

## 11 Writing a postcard

1 Read the postcard. What is the only adjective used by Bill and Sue?

2 Bill and Sue use nice eight times. Complete the sentences below with a better adjective from the box. Use each adjective once only.
Careful! Sometimes more than one word is possible, but not always!

> lovely small terrible comfortable spectacular old long good

I We're having a $\qquad$ time here in Scotland.

2 But the weather is $\qquad$ .

3 We're staying in a $\qquad$ hotel near a $\qquad$ town.

A We have $\qquad$ vievs of the mountains.

5 The castle was really $\qquad$ .
6 Were hoping to go for a. $\qquad$ walk by the lake.

7 Did you have a $\qquad$ time in Italy?

Dear Laura. OSTCARD
We're having a niee time here in scotland, but the weather isn't very nice. We're staying in a mice hotel near a nice fown called Aberfeldy. We have nice views of the mount ains and forests from our bedroom. Yesterday we went to see Blair castle. It was really nice.
Today we are hoping to go for a nice walk by the lake (called a 'lock' here!). Did you have a nice time in Italy? We'll ring you next week.

Love, Bill and sue $X X X X$

-ära Green 'White Gates' 8 shire Lame
chesswood
Herts.
NDZ TQZ
3. Where were you on your last holiday? Imagine you are still there. Write a postcard to a British friend, but use the adjective rice once only!
Write about these things.

- the weather - something you did yesterday
- the accommodation - something you are going to do today


## What ...like?

1 What is/are ...like?
1 Your friend is living in Australia for a year. Ask questions about the country.

1 the weather
What's the weathe like?
2 the countryside

3 the people
4. the cities

5 Sydney

6 the beaches

7 the TV programmes
 with an answer.
a 4
There aren't many Theyte mainly on the coast.
b $\square$ Ifs hot neanly all year round.
c $\square$ It's a lovely place. The Opera House is fantastic.
d There are millions of sheen and a lor of desert.

4They have beautul wite sanc, and are miles long.
$8 \square$ They're really mice and
freedy.
8 Theyra GK Prety simitate home, mally

What ...like?
Comparatives and superlatives
Adjectives : Writing-describing a place

## न 1 ung Whats ithe?





2 What was/were ... like?
(1) Complete the questions about Robert's terrible holiday.

1 A What $\qquad$ was the hote! like?
B. Avful. My room was tiny, and the service was bad.

2 A What $\qquad$ like?
B It was terrible. I waited over six hours for the plane.
3 A What $\qquad$ like?

B Awnul It ained every day!
4 A What $\qquad$ like?
8 They were crowded and diry. There was mo sand on them, put stones?
8 A What $\qquad$ Ha?

[^0]
## Comparatives and superlatives

## 3 Forming comparatives and superlatives

Look at this extract from the Oxford Wordpower Dicionary. It shows when an adjective with a consonant doubles in the comparative and superiative forms.
Look at your dictionary. Does it give the same information? Write the comparative and superlative forms of these adjectives.


## 4 How old am I?

Read the text and answer the questions.



## 5 Opposite adjectives

T6.3 Complete the sentences with an opposite adjective in its comparative or superlative form.
1 Robert is the oldest in the family. No, he isn't. He's the youngest .
2 Bob is more polite than his brother.
No, he isn't. He's $\qquad$ .
3 I'm the tallest in this class!
No, you aren't. You're $\qquad$ .
4 My homework was worse than yours.
No, it wasn't. It was $\qquad$ .
5 The weather today is colder than yesterday.
No, it isn't. It's $\qquad$ .

6 She bought the cheapest watch in the shop.
No, she didn't. She bought
$\qquad$ .

7 Jack's meaner than Alan.
No, he isn't. He's $\qquad$ .
8 Janet arrived later than John.
No, she didn't. She arrived
$\qquad$ .
9 This is the easiest exercise in this book. No, it isn't. It's $\qquad$ .

## 6 as or than?

Complete the sentences with as or than.
1 Are you as tall $\qquad$ your brother?
2 She's not as clever $\qquad$ her sister.

3 Was Joan's report better $\qquad$ Maria's?
4 I'm studying the same subject $\qquad$ Emma.
5 Liz works much harder $\qquad$ John.
6 I haven't got as many cousins $\qquad$ you.

## 7 as ... as/not as ... as

T64 Rewrite the sentences with as ... as or not as ... as.
1 Bob's talier than Jack.
Lack's not as tall as Bob.
2 Bob got more presents than Jack.
Lack didn't get as many presents as Bob.
3 Jill's more intelligent than Bill.
Bill's not $\qquad$ .
4 The sun's hotter than the moon.
The moon isn't $\qquad$ .
5 Are you and your husband the same age?
Are you $\qquad$ your husband?
6 You can read more quickly than I can.
I can't $\qquad$ .
7 Harry won more money than Bill.
Bill didn't win $\qquad$ .
8 'Is Switzerland bigger than Luxembourg?' 'Yes, it is.'
'Is Luxembourg $\qquad$ ?'
'No, it inn't.'
9 Eva's work is better than mine.
My work isn't $\qquad$ .
10 Mike is friendlier than John.
John isn't $\qquad$ .

## 8 Making sentences about you

Write nine sentences about you and your family. (Three comparatives, three superlatives, and three with as ... as.)

## I'm more hard-working than my sister.

My grandfather is the oldest.

## I'm not as patient as my mother.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Yocabulary

## 9 Adjective formation

1 Use the suffixes in the box to write the adjectives formed from these nouns. They have all appeared in Unit 6 of the Student's Book.


| Woum | Adjective |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 success |  |
| 2 luck |  |
| 3 romance |  |
| 4 wind |  |
| 5 difference |  |
| 6 happiness |  |
| 7 depression |  |
| 8 health |  |
| 9 person |  |


| 10 | wealth |
| :--- | :--- |
| 11 | Adiective |
| 12 | mess |
| 13 | noise |
| 14 | dirt |
| 15 | pollution |
| 16 | Enance |
| 17 medicine | - |
| 18 forume | - |

2. Complete the senterces whit an adjective from 1.

- My dad's realy $\qquad$ .He's always buying
presents for everyone.
2 Beforeyou canget a credit card, you have to provide a lot of
$\qquad$ detalls.
3 Ytytalead a $\qquad$ Westyle-lots of exacise,
frut, ane no junk food.

4. The music was so $\qquad$ that you couldn' hear yourself speak.
5 After the earhquake, the commy needed a lot of
$\qquad$ equipment to look atter the sivk and wounded.
6 She bad a car mash, but she was $\qquad$ 10
escape with no injuries at all.
7 Venice is a very $\qquad$ city. Alot of peoplego
there on honemmoon.
8 Here is the $\qquad$ news. Petro prices have
Gallen dramaticaly.
9 After a heartaha a , he needodmajor surgaty, but formately the operation was $\qquad$ .

10 didne hive that ciry at al. The sreets were so and the air was so $\qquad$ .


[^1]
## Writing - Relative clauses

## 10 who/that/which/where

We use who, that, which, and where to join sentences.
Who, that, which, and where are relative pronouns. Look at these sentences.

I met the man. he works in the bank.
I met the man who works in the
bank.
who $=$ person/poople
! bought the coat. if was in the shop window.
I bought the coat whicin/thas was in the shop window.
whith/that = wing/things
The hotel was very comfortable. We stayed in is.
The hotel wherewe stayed was very comionable.
where ho whint mace

Join he sentences with the correct relative pronoun.
I There's the boy. He broke the window.

2 That's the palace. The king lives in it.

3 There are the policemen. They caugh the thief.

4 He gave her a watch. It stopped after two days.

5 The Kebab House is the restamant. We met in it for lunch.

6 Here are the letters. They arrived this morning.

7 That's the house. was bom in it.

8 Where is the voman? Ghe cudered the tish.

## 11 Describing a place

1 Read the description of a city. Complete it with who, which, or where.

: WAS BORE N NEVCASTLE, a city in the north-east of
England. Newcastle is on the bank of the River Tyne. It is quite big, with a population of about 200,000 people. There is a museurn and a university. There are five bridges over the River Tyne, (1) $\qquad$ link Newcastle to the next town Gateshead, (2) $\qquad$ there is one of the biggest shopping centres in the world, the Metro Centre.
A few years ago, the main industries were shipbuilding and coal-mining, but now the chemical and soap industries are more important.
I moved from Newcastle ten years ago but I often return. 1 miss the people, (3) $\qquad$ are so warm and friendly, and I miss the wild, beautiful countryside near the city, (4) $\qquad$ there are so many hills and streams.
People (5) $\qquad$ are born near the River Tyne have a special name. They are called 'Ceordies'. I am very pleased to be a 'Geordie'!


[^2]

## Fame

## Present Perfect

1 Using the Present Perfect
ITI Complete the text with a verb from the box in the Present Perfect.

| travel <br> see $(x 2)$ | meet <br> live | have <br> be $(x 4)$ | ride <br> do |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

MernMy grandfather is 96 years old, and he (1) $\qquad$ a long and interesting life. He (2) $\qquad$ a lot, especially since he retired. He (3) $\qquad$ the Taj Mahal in India, and the Pyramids in Egypt. He (4) $\qquad$ lions in Africa, and (5) $\qquad$ a camel across the Sahara Desert. He says that the most beautiful place he (6) $\qquad$ to is Kathmandu in Nepal. He (7) $\qquad$ the Queen on several occasions. In 1959 he was a soldier in New Zealand when she came to visit, and in 1972 he went to a garden party at Buckingham Palace.

He (8) $\qquad$ married twice. His first wife died when she was 32. He met his second wife while he was travelling round France by bike. He and his wife, Eleanor, (9) $\qquad$ married for 50 years, and they (10) $\qquad$ in the same cottage in the country since they got married. He says that he (11) $\qquad$ never

$\square$ ill in his life. The secret of good health, according to my grandfather, is exercise. He goes swimming every day. He (12) $\qquad$ this since he was a boy. He also goes to bed early every night. Perhaps that is his secret!


## 2 Making positive and negative sentences

Make sentences about these people.
1 Alice is a journalist.
meet/a lot of famous people
She has met a lot of famous people.
not belon television
She hasn't been on television.
2 Robert Swan is an explorer. be/North Pole
sec/polar bears
never/get lost
grandfather' in exercise 1 and about you. Use short answers.
1 Has your grandfather been married for a long time?
Yes, he has.
2 Has he ever met the Queen?

3 Has he often been ill?

4 Have he and his wife lived in their house for a long time?

5 Has he had an interesting life?

6 Have you ever been to Mexico?

7 Have you ever tried Chinese food?

8 Has your teacher ever been angry with you?

9 Have you ever forgotten to do your homework?

5 Past participles
Write the past participle of these verbs.


Unit 7 . Fame 3

## 6 for or since?

Complete the sentences with for or since.
1 I haven't seen Keith $\qquad$ a while.
2 He's been in China $\qquad$ January.
3 He works for a company called KMP. He has worked for them $\qquad$ several years.
4 He and his wife have lived next to me $\qquad$ their son, Tom, was born.

## Tense revision

7 Using the correct tense
Put the verb in brackets in the correct tense, Present Perfect, Past Simple, or Present Simple.

(6) $\qquad$
Dennis Heal

Dennis Heal (1) $\qquad$ (be) © politicion. He (2)
(go) to Oxford University in 1975. and in 1982 he (3) $\qquad$ (become) a Member of Parliament. He (4) $\qquad$ (be) an MP since then. He (5) $\qquad$ (be) Defence Minister from 1989-95. He (write) three books, including his autobiography The Time of my Life, and a spy story called The Time to Run. He is married to the artist Edna Heal, and they have two children. They (7) $\qquad$ (live) in Oxford for 10 years, then (8) $\qquad$ (move) to kondon in 1995. They now (9) $\qquad$ (live) in a house in Cadogan Square in central London.

## 8 Asking questions



1 What doeshedo?
2 When $\qquad$ $\square$
3 When $\qquad$
4 Howlong $\qquad$
5 When $\qquad$ ?

## 6 How many

$\qquad$
7 $\qquad$
$\qquad$ a syp stoy?
8 What $\qquad$ - $\qquad$

10 How long $\qquad$ -- ?
It When $\square$
12 Where
? In 1905.

He's a politician.
? $\quad 1975$.
In 1982.
Since 1982.
From 1989 to 1995.
Three.
Yes, he has. I's colled The Tmeto Run.
She's an artise
Two.
For tenyears.
ma house m Cariogan Squase in contal London.

40 Unt 7 - Game

## Vocabulary

9 Men and women
1 Many nouns refer to both men and women.
student doctor teacher
Some words refer to one sex only.
actress waiter king
Put the words in the correct column.

| actor | musician | teenager |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| chef | bridegroom | professor |
| nephew | uncle | pilot |
| niece | model | cousin |
| aunt | athlete | bride |
| child | sir | flight attendant |
| madam | nurse |  |



2 Complete the sentences with a word from 1 .
1 He's my sister's son. Tie's my $\qquad$ .
2. Irminiaces. Im an $\qquad$ .
3 In my job wear the latest fashons. Ima $\qquad$ .
\& I serve you drinks on a plane fightuma $\qquad$ .
5 Teachat universidy. Ima $\qquad$ .

6 Iook food for a mesturant im a $\qquad$ .
7 The wedding was wondefur The $\qquad$ iooked bamanat and the $\qquad$ was yery handsome. - Goodeming $\qquad$ Be? 8 Goodereming $\qquad$ is thememu.

## Writing

## 10 Relative clauses

who/which/that as the object
IWho, which, and that can be the subject of a relative clause.

## SUBECT

He's the man who/that works in the bank.

SUBJECT
That's the coat which/that was in the window.

2 Who, which, and that can also be the object of a relative clause.

OBJECT SUBJECT
He's the man who/that Anna saw. SUBIECT

OBJECT
Anna bought the coat which/that she wanted.

3 We often leave out the relative pronours when it is the object.

He's the man Anna saw.
Anna bought the coat she wanted.

Complete the sentences with who, which, or that. If it is possible to leave the relative pronoun out, put brackets around it.
1 He's the man (who/that) Anna saw.
2 The film star bought a dress $\qquad$ cost $£ 10,000$.

3 The man $\qquad$ you saw at the airport was a famous film star.
4 What's the name of the woman $\qquad$ was wearing the gold dress?
5 Yourte reading the book $\qquad$ I wanted to read.
6 There's someone at the door $\qquad$ wants to speak to George.
7 don't tive food $\qquad$ is very spicy.

8 That's the dictionary $\qquad$ me for my bimhday.
9 Those are old cars $\qquad$ only tries leaded petrol.
Doyou bire the peoble $\qquad$ maroduce to you?

1 Complete the biography of Cher
with who, which, or where.

## her

Cher was bom in the US on 20 May 1946 in El Centro, (1) $\qquad$ is on the California/ Mexico border. Her full name is Cherilyn Sarkisian and she is part-Cherokee and part-Armenian, Turkish, and French. She left high school when she was 16 and went to Los Angeles, (2) $\qquad$ she planned to take acting lessons. There she met Salvatore Bono, (3) $\qquad$ was working at the Gold Star Studios (4) $\qquad$
$\qquad$ Phil
Spector was recording many famous singers. He discovered that Cher could sing, and they became the singing duo Sonny and Cher. Their first hit song was I got you Babe',
year Cher married Greg Allmann, (7) $\qquad$ was another famous pop star. They had a son called Elijah Blue. But two years later Cher was divorced for the second time because of Allman's many problems. She decided to turn to acting again. in 1982 she appeared in her first major fim, Come Back to the Five and Dime, Jimmy Dean, Jimmy Dean', (8) $\qquad$ was well received by the critics and public. She went on to win Best Actress at the Cannes Film Festival in 1985 for her role in 'Mask', and finaliy she won an Oscar for 'Moonstruck' in 1987. However, in the 1990s she returned to pop music in a big way. She has had three number one hits from her chart-topping album 'Believe', (9) $\qquad$ has reached a whole niew audience. In her long career, Cher has been extremeiy successful both as a serious actress and as a pop star, (10) $\qquad$ is an
extraordinary achievement.

2 Divide the text into five paragraphs according to these headings:

- introducion
- early career
- privatelfe
- later career
- Wifenow

42 Unith? Fame

3 Wrie a similar biography of somebody who you think is interesting.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

have (got) to o should and must Job descriptions
Writing a formal letter 1

## Dos and donts

## have (got) to

## 1 have got to

081 Complete the sentences with 've got to or 's got to and a verb from the box.

| work <br> be | do <br> help | get up <br> get | take (x2) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| go |  |  |  |

1 You've got to help me with my homework. It's impossible.
2 The doctor gave me some pills. I $\qquad$ them three times a day.
3 Thanks for a lovely evening! We $\qquad$ now or we'll miss our bus.

4 Mary's in a panic. She $\qquad$ at the airport at 2.30 , but it's 2.00 and she isn't ready yet.
5 Sorry I can't come with you. I $\qquad$ till late on Saturday

6 'I don't want to take exams.' 'You $\qquad$ them. You have no choice.'

7 I'm going to bed now. I $\qquad$ early tomorrow morning.
8 Harry's unemployed. He $\qquad$ a job as soon as possible.
9 $\qquad$ I $\qquad$ this exercise? It's really boring.


## 2 have to

Complete the sentences with have to, has to, or had to and a suitable verb.

1 I have to wear glasses because my eyes aren't very good.
2 Remember! When you drive in England you
$\qquad$ on the left!
3 'Can I go and see the dentist when I want?' 'Well, usually you $\qquad$ an appointment, unless it's an emergency.'
4 At weekends Jack wears jeans and a T-shirt. During the week he $\qquad$ a suit and a tie.
5 'Why are you late?' 'Sorry. I $\qquad$ to the bank, and there was a queue.'
6 I don't like my job. Sometimes I $\qquad$ till midnight.
7 Farmers $\qquad$ every day of the year.
8 Their car broke down, so they $\qquad$ it to the garage.

## 3 Making questions


1 time/you/up/what/have/get/do/tol?
What time do you have to get up?
2 job/wear/have/in/uniform/you/your/to/do/a/?

3 books/have/many/you/buy/so/why/did/tof?

4 States/visa/get/to/to/go/you/do/have/a/the/to/?

5 Mohn/does/pilis/take/often/his/how/have/to/?

[^3]Answer the questions about you. Use short answers.
1 Do you have to go to work every (week) day? Yes I Ido.

2 Did you have to work hard yesterday?

3 Does your teacher have to correct your homework?

4 Do you have to cook at home?

5 Does your father have to travel a lot in his job?

6 Did you have to take any exams last year?

7 Do you have to get up early?

8 Do you have to look up a lot of words in your dictionary?

5 Making positive and negative sentences
Make ten true sentences about you and your fanily, using the chart. Add a comment if you can.
1 My grandfather doest' have to go to work. He's retired.
2. Thove to moke the bed in the momings. dor't winho


| I |  | do the washing-up. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| We |  | babysit. |
| Myparents | have to | make the beds in the momings. |
| My mother | has to | do the shopping. |
| My father | don'thave to | do the cooking. |
| My sister | doesm't have to | do the roning. |
| My brother |  | work in the garden. |
| My grandmother |  | get up carly in the monnings. |
| My grandfathex |  | go to work. |




[^4]
## should

## 6 Giving advice

(188) Give advice to these people. Use I thitit ... should or I don't think ... should.


1 Peter's got a very bad cold. I think he should go to bed.
Idon't think he should go to work.


4 Keith wants to drive home, but he hasm't got his glasses.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


7 Ann's phone bill was enormons! E300!
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ -.


2 James and Tony are only sixteen, but they say they want to leave school.
$\qquad$


5 My tooth hurts.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


8 My children spend all their pocket money on sweets.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


3 I've lost my cheque book and credit cards.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


6 There's a hole in my shoe. I only bought them last week!


9 Kate's crying because I pushed her. It was an accident.
$\qquad$

## Asking for advice


1 George has asked me to mary him. Do you think I should soy yes?
2. Teresa has invited me to a picnic at the beach. $\qquad$ $?$
3 Hazel still hasn't given me back the money she over me. $\qquad$ ?
4. Tm inviting people for dimen, and have to whe a guest lit. Who $\qquad$ ?
5 Lulu isn't speaking to me today because yesterday I said she was stupid. $\qquad$ ?
 $\qquad$
 7 Thes sterao's haniartic, but i's so expensivel $\qquad$

## Idve lo UI MOUID:

## vocadulary

## 8 Using the correct form

Complete the sentences with a form of have to or should. Make the verbs negative when necessary.
1 Your hair's too long. I think you $\qquad$ get it cut.
2 Your clothes smell, and you've got a cough. You $\qquad$ smoke.
3 I'm going to bed. I $\qquad$ be up early tomorrow.

4 I'd like to meet your cousin. You $\qquad$ invite him round.

5 I $\qquad$ tell my parents where I am, then they don't worry.
6 You $\qquad$ come with me if you don't want to. Ill go on my own.
7 If you need some help with your homework, you $\qquad$ go to the library.
8 If you've got a ticket, you $\qquad$ queue. You can go straight in.
9 You $\qquad$ tell lies. It's wrong.
10 Geoff works too much. I think he $\qquad$ take it easy.

## must

## 9 must for strong obligation

Complete the sentences with must and a suitable ending.

1 It's my mother's birthday tomorrow. I must buy her a presentand a card.

2 There's an excellent film on at the moment. You $\qquad$ .
3 My bedroom's a real mess. I $\qquad$ .
4. Peter's in hospital. I $\qquad$ .

5 Our bus leaves in two minutes! We
$\qquad$
6 You can borrow my temis racquet, but you
$\qquad$ It was very erpensive.

7 There's a wondernu new restarmont opened in rom You $\qquad$ .

## 10 Job descriptions

Match a job in A with a verb in $B$ and a line in C.

| A | B | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A farmer | helps | fires. |
| A receptionist | puts out | legal advice. |
| An architect | repairs | medicine for patients. |
| A lawyer | works | guests. |
| A soldier | prescribes | buildings. |
| A firefighter | welcomes | on the land. |
| A decorator | fights for | the home and chiidren. |
| A mechanic | provides | rooms in a house. |
| A housewife | designs | cars. |
| A shop assistant | paints | customers. |
| A doctor | looks after | his/her country. |



## Writing

## 11 Writing a formal letter

1 Match the greetings and endings. Which are formal? Which are informal?

| 1 Dear Helen $\qquad$ <br> 2 Dear Sir or Madam <br> 3 Darling Rosie <br> 4 Dear Ms McDonald <br> 5 Dear Philip | a Yours Bob <br> b Yours faithfully Robert I Fleming <br> c Love Bob <br> d Lots of tove Bobby xxx <br> e Yours sincerely Robert Fleming |
| :---: | :---: |

2 Look at this outline of a formal letter.


3 Read the lette: Separate the different parts and write them in the boxes in the outline above.
PO Box 4165, Shajah, United Arab Emirates. 29th March 2000. The Principal, The Oxford English College, 234 Hilton Rd, Eastboume BN4 3UA. Dear Sir or Madam, I saw your advertisement for English classes in this month's English Todoy magazine and I am interested in coming to your school this summer. I have studied English for three years but have never been to England and I feel that this is now necessary, especially to improve my promunciation. Please could you send me more information about your courses, and an application form? I would also like some hformation about accommodation. I look forward to hearing from you as soon as possible. Vours Githfully, Iassan Al Khatib.

4 Write a similar letter about yourself to:
The Principal
The World English School
47 Harrogate Rd
York
YK38BT
England


Conditional clauses - Time clauses

## Gfing paces

## Present Simple or will?

## 1 Choosing the correct form

票通 Choose the correct form of the verb.
1 A There's someone at the door.
B OK. Iopen/rll open it.
2 A What a beautiful picture!
B Ibuy / Tll buy it for you.
3 A What newspaper do you buy?
TB I buy/HIl buy The Times.
4 A Would youlike to order, sir?
B Thave/Ithave the lamb.
5 A. What time do you eat in the evening?
B We have / We'll have supper at about 8.00 .
6 A The phone's ringing!
B OK. Ianswer / I'll answer it.


## Conditional clauses

## 2 Firse Conditional

People are worried about the greenhouse effect. Make sentences, using If ... . .. will ...


If the sea gets warmer, the ice at the North and South Poles will melt.
the ice at the North and South Poles melts
$\downarrow$

$\qquad$
there are floods in many parts of the world 4
many people lose thar homes

3 Making questions
1 Te2 Your friend is going on holiday. Write the questions.


1 What/do/miss/plane/?
What will you do if you miss the plane?
2 What/do/plane/late/?

3 Where/stay/hotels/full/?

4 What/do/not like the food/?

5 Where/go/beaches/crowded/?

6 What/do/get sunburnt/?

2 Now match the questions above with the correct answers.
aI'll just eat bread, cheese, and fruit.
bI won't go out in the sun for a few days.
c $\square$ I won't miss it. I'll get there early.
d $\square$ Ill find somewhere. A youth hostel, maybe.
$\varepsilon \square$ I'll sleep in the airport.
\& $\square$ Ill visit the old city and the mountains.

## 4 Making negatives

Make the sentences negative, but keep the meaning the same. You will need to change some words.
1 We'll leave the restaurant before 10.00 .
We won't stay at the restaurant after 10.00 .
2 She'il be late.
She won't be on time.
3 He'll lose.

4 I'l fail my exams.

5 She'll tell the truth.

6 We'll eat out.

7 We'll walk to school.

8 r'll go to bed early tonight.

9 I'll accept the invitation.

10 We'll go out at the weekend.

## 5 if or when?

Complete the sentences with if or when.
1 $\qquad$ you can't do your homework, ask for help.
2 I'll pay you back $\qquad$ I next see you.
3 I'll come to bed $\qquad$ this programme ends.
4 $\qquad$ anyone phones me, tell them I'm out.
5 Come on! $\qquad$ we hurry, we'll catch the bus!
6 $\qquad$ I play tennis with Justin, he always wins.
7 We study a lot $\qquad$ our final exams are near.
8 'T've lost my bag.' $\qquad$ If find it, Illet you know.

## ilme clauses

## 6 Present tense or future?

Choose the correct form of the verb.
I Bye! I phone / I'll phone you when I get / I'll get home.
2 I'm going to bed when this TV programme ends / will end.
3 I'm sorry you're leaving. I am glad / I'll be glad when you are back / you will be back.
4 'Give me your phone number.' 'Sure. I give / I'll give it to you before I'll go / I go.'
5 The doctor will be ready in ten minutes. Take a seat while you will wait / you're waiting.
6 I'm going out before the shops will shut / the shops shut.
7 I wait / I'll wait by the phone until you ring / you'll ring.
8 You must phone me as soon as you'll get / you get your exam results.
9 I hope to see you while I'll be / I'm in London.

## 7 joining sentences

Join the pairs of sentences using the words in brackets.
1 She'll pay me back. She'll get some money. (as soon as)
She'll pay me back as soon as she gets some money.
2 Ill wait here. You'll get back. (until)

3 Give me a ring. You'll hear some news. (when)

4 The TV progiamme will end. I'll do my homework. (after)

5 I'll go to work. Ill have a bath. (before)

6 She'll be in Paris. She'll visit friends. (while)

7 The lesson will and. It go home. (as soon as)

8 I won't leave the house. You wil phone me (unti)

9 Can you feed dis aus ? be away. (while)

10 Ell tell you about the holiday Ill get back. (when)


## $\qquad$

 - $-\cdots$...Choose the time expression which best completes the sentence. Sometimes two are possible.
1 If / As soon as / Until I win a lot of money: I'll buy you a Ferrari.
2 Please turn out the lights after / before / when you go to bed.
3 I like to relax as soon as / while / before I'm on holiday.
4 When / If / While you are the first person up in the morning, make me a cup of tea.
5 I'm going to keep asking you to help me while / until / when you say yes.
6 We can go if / as soon as / while you're ready.
7 While / If / When I'm having my hair cut, you can do the shopping.
8 Stop at a petrol station after / when / before we run out of petrol.
9 After / When / Until you've read the newspaper, can I have it?
10 I am so worried about James. As soon as/ While / After you hear any news, phone me.
11. If / When / As soon as we discover life on another planet, will it be intelligent?


## Writing

## 11 Discussing ideas

1 Read these notes about traveling by train.

| Advantages Disadvantages <br> - fast expensive <br> - comfortable - sometimes crowded <br> - not stressful - sometimes delayed |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | - not door to door |
| You can: | You must: |
| - relax (read and look | - travel at certain times |
| out of the window) | - use other transport |
| - work | to get to the station |
| - eat |  |
| 2 |  |

3 Prot the linkig words in the correct place in each paragraph. The Haking words are th he right onder Somermes you will need os hanes thepunctuation.

A Make rotes abouthe BSvantages and disactvantages of one of these opics. Than wite a tex similar to the one above, giving your own opinions. Do not wee more than 150 words.
"Tavelling by cas Eiving in a hat (rather than a house)
Women worving anside the home


The advantages and disadvantages of travelling by train


T93 3 Put the verb in brackets into the correct tense - Present Simple, going to future, will future, or the Present Continuous. If there is no verb, use if, when, or as soon as:


British explorer Robin Drake says that the first international polar expedition (1) $\qquad$ (start) next March. They (2) $\qquad$ (try) to reach the North Pole on a 65 -day, 480 -mile journey. (3) $\qquad$ Drake
(4) $\qquad$ (succeed), he (5) $\qquad$ (be) the first man to walk to both the North and South Poles.

Drake (6) $\qquad$ (go) on the Icewalk Expedition with navigator
Alan Winterson. (7) $\qquad$ they (8) $\qquad$ (arrive) in
Thule in northem Greenland, walkers from the Soviet Union, the USA, Japan, Australia, Canada, and Italy (9) $\qquad$ (join) them. (10) $\qquad$ they (11) $\qquad$ (get) to their base camp, Eureka, inside the Arctic Circle, they (12) $\qquad$ (have
to) build huts to protect them from temperatures as low as minus 55 degrees Celsius.
'We (13) $\qquad$ (do) a lot of experiments to see how much

## 10 Preposition + word

Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

| in at on <br> by for ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

1 What's on TV tonight?
2 I often go abroad $\qquad$ business.
3 Do you come to school $\qquad$ bus?
4 I'm very busy $\qquad$ the moment.
5 I can't understand the instructions. They're $\qquad$ Chinese.
6 Romeo and Juliet is a play $\qquad$ William Shakespeare.
7 'Is Mr James $\qquad$ work this week?' 'No. He's $\qquad$ holiday.'
8 I hate being late. I like to arrive
$\qquad$ time.
9 Let's go $\qquad$ a walk.
10 I spoke to her $\qquad$ the phone last week.
11 I read an interesting article $\qquad$ the paper this morning.
12 'Can I ask you something?' 'Not now.
$\qquad$ a moment.'
13 'Here's a birthday present $\qquad$ you.' 'Oh, thank you!'
14 'Why did you open my letter?' 'T'm sorry. I did it $\qquad$ mistake.'
15 I arrived $\qquad$ England last month.
16 We arrived $\qquad$ the airport five minutes late.
17 I live $\qquad$ the third floor.
18 I met my best friend $\qquad$ school.


Verb patterns a used to Infinitives • Rhymes
Writing - formal and informal letters 1


## Verb pattems

- Infinitive or -ing?

Put the werb in brackets in the correct form, infinitive (with or without so), or -ing. Sometimes two forms are possible.
Tenjoy walking $\qquad$ (walk) in the mountains.
Would you like ta have (have) something to eat?
fotared to coinitaing (rain) while we were out.

1. My famiy is tymy $\qquad$ (decide) where to go on haliday.
2. Fatm $\qquad$ (go) somewhere different for a change.
1 anjoy $\qquad$ (visit) places Tve never been to benore.

But my chidden fale $\qquad$ (sighsee).
© They proter $\qquad$ (play) in aswmang pod all cay
6 They refuse $\qquad$ (80) On on tive ifis's too hot.
Last yar we managed $\qquad$ (And) eholiday that suited everyone.
8 We decided $\qquad$ (rent) a house wha swimming pool.
9 A womm from a travel agncy helped ins
$\qquad$ (choose) a rice house.
10 When we artwed, the people nex door invited vo
$\qquad$ have) a meal with then.
11 We began $\qquad$ (alk) aboue nexayears Whiday $W$ wo monta ago.
B Everyone bopes $\qquad$ (enioy) themselvara holiday but ic molyay ear.
3 My wife mo hamatama $\qquad$ (1ank chond catahome.


2 hoosing the conech form
Choose the correct form of the verb.
? He agreed shat starm/ tw shan be job as soon as possible.
2 Istopped read/m read/realag zay buol and wen wo bed.
3 My teachers ulnms expected me donge/ on do / an well in exams.
4. Let me to pay paying / ory for the med. You paid hast the.
3 The dencist told me being to be bemore carent when brush ay teeth
6 Iasked Monica buying / hy / to buy some stamps.
7 Inever theatyo/togo/gomg to shool when ryas? tilla.
 yet
 Bominal.
 20.206.

## Infinitive of -ing!

TIOX Complete the text with the infinitive or - ing form of the verbs in the box.

| read <br> have <br> sail | drink <br> visit <br> stay | relax <br> sunbathe <br> decide | lie <br> help |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Holidays

 My friend and I had a problem about our holiday last year 1 wanted (1) $\qquad$ a lazy seaside holiday because I was tired and needed (2) $\qquad$ I love (3),$\ldots$ in the sun, (4) ice-cold lemonade and (5) $\qquad$ a good book. But Natalie Hikes busy, cultural holidays. She likes (6)museums and galleries. She hates (7) $\qquad$ likes busy, cultural holidays. She likes (6)
museums and galleries. She hates (7)
$\qquad$ because she always goes red, not brown. The travel agent tried (8) ___ us and suggested Greece. I said I'd love
$\qquad$ (8) ___ us and suggested Greece. I said I'd love
(9) $\qquad$ to a quiet island, but of course Natalie said she'd like (10) $\qquad$ in Athens. It was easy (11) $\qquad$ what to do - we flew to Athens together, Natalie stayed there and I travelied to the island of Kos!
$\square$

## 4 Asking questions

I10.2 Ask a question with the verb in brackets and do. Use the correct tense.

1 A What are you trying to do? (try)
B I'm looking for my contact lens. Can you see it?
2 A I'll help you. What $\qquad$ me to do? (want)
B Could you do the washing-up while I do the cooking? Thanks.

3 A What $\qquad$ you to do? (tell)
B She (the doctor) told me to stay in bed for a few days.

4 A My mother was so helpful while she was staying with us.
B What $\qquad$ to do? (help)
A She helped me to paint the kitchen.
5 A What $\qquad$ to do tonight? (would like)
B What about going out for a meal?
6 A What $\qquad$ to do after university? (hope)
B I'd like to get a job in publishing.

## used to

## 5 Matching

Match a line with $A$ with a line in $B$. Complete the line in $B$ with a subject and $u$ sed to.


It Unit 0 . Seared to doath

## 6 Things used to be different

L10.3 Sentences with used to which show how things were different.
1 This city's so ugly.
It used to be se pretty.
2 There are so many tourists.
There didn't use to be any tourists.
3 The houses are very expensive.

4 The streets are dirty.

5 There is so much litter on the streets.

6 The car parks are always full.
$\qquad$
7 There is a lot of traffic on the roads.

8 It's noisy at night.

9 We don't have a park any more.

10 Now there are blocks of flats.


## Infinitives

## 7 Infinitives after adjectives

Complete the sentences.
1 hard/find a good job
It's hard to find a good job.
2 I/surprised/see you here
I'm surprised to see you here.
3 This book/easy/read

4 lovely/see you yesterday

5 easy/make mistakes when you're learning a language

6 important/keep vocabulary records

7 I/pleased/see you've stopped smoking

8 impossible/keep the house tidy with five children

9 unusual/have long, hot summers in England

## 8 Infinitives of purpose

Match a line in A with a verb in B and a line in C .

| A | B | $c$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 went for a walk |  | the house smell nice. |
| 2 I'm going to the |  | a new car. |
| library | to buy | some friends. |
| 31 went to town | to get | how to get to my |
| 4 I phoned the theatre | to change | house. |
| 5 I want to borrow some money | to visit to explain | my books. <br> some fresh air. |
| 61 bought some flowers |  | some shopping. |
| 7 I'm going to Paris |  | what time the play |
| 8 I wrote to John |  | started. |

奤息 Match a line in A with a word in B and a line inc.

| A | B | e |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I I'm hungry. I need | how | to help me. |
| 2 T've lost my passport, and I don't know | any money | to phone him. |
| 3 Ihave a big problem, but I don't icnow | where | to eat. |
| 4 I'm starving. 're had | somebody | to get to the station? |
| 5 Ican't do my homework. I need | who | to lend you.' |
| 6 Can you tell me | nothing | to talk to about it. |
| 7 'Give me $£ 5$, Pete.'T'm sorry. I haven't got | something | to look for it. |
| 8 Ineed to speak to Ben, but I don't know | when | to eat all day. |

## Vocabulary

## 10 -ed or -ing adjectives?

Complete the sentences with a word from the bow. Careful! They are not all used.

| surprised | interesting | interested | surprising |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| annoyed | bored | boring | annoying |
| frightening | exciting | excited | frightened <br> tiring |
|  | worrying | worried | tired |

1 The TV programme was so $\qquad$ that Ifell asleep.
2 Children can't concentrate just before the school holidays. They're too $\qquad$ .

3 A Hi, Mum!
TH Carol! Thank goodness you rang! Where have you been? We've been so $\qquad$ about you!
4. A Hello, darling. I've got a present for you.

B Forme?
A. Don't lookso $\qquad$ I Ofter buy you presents.
$\mathbb{B}$ But it isn't my birthday!
5 The art exhibition was very $\qquad$ . I loved it, but I had to leave after three hours. My feet were killing me! I find going round art galleries and museums very $\qquad$ -.
6 Some people don't go ou at nigh because they're
$\qquad$ that someone will rob them.
7 Dur mancial stuation is very $\qquad$ .
We spend more and more, bue were earning less and less.

8 A You're yawning. Are you listening to what I'm saying?
$\mathbb{B}$ I am! I'm really $\qquad$ I want to know what happened. It's just that I feel very
$\qquad$ . I went to bed very late last night.
9 A. I'm going on a three-month holiday to the Far East.
18 How $\qquad$ ! Lucky you!
10 A Was your father $\qquad$ when you told him your exam results?
B He was furious.

## II Rhymes

In the groups of three words, two words rhyme and one doesn't. Circle the one which is different.

| 1 boot | foot | suit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 wear | hair | ear |
| 3 lord | word | bored |
| 4 home | come | some |
| 5 sung | wrong | young |
| 6 flower | lower | flour |
| 7 war | law | far |
| 8 bull | fool | wool |
| 9 niece | pies | plece |
| 10 food | good | wood |
| 11 crowd | loud | road |

## Writing

## 12 Formal and informal letters 1

1 Here are two letters. Put the lines in each letter in the correct order.

Monday

Dear Alice and Jim
Would you mind having a look for me?
$\square$ The conversation was excellent and the food delicious!I think I left a pair of brown trousers in the wardrobe of my room.I had a wonderful time.Please can you let me know if you find them?Thank you for having me to stay last weekend.It was lovely to see you all. See you again soon!


Could you do something for me?Thanks a lot.

Love
Jack

2 The first letter is informal, written to friends. The second letter is formal, written to a hotel.
Compare the language used.
Could you do something I would like to ask you a for me?
Thanks a lot.
Would you mind having a look for me?
favour.
I would be very grateful.
Could you possibly check if this is so?

3 Write the reply to each letter. Explain that you looked very carefully for the trousers, but couldn't find them.

| Alice and Jim's letter | The hotel's letter |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dear Jack | Dear Mr Higgins |
| Thanks for your letter. We enjoyed ... , too. | Thank you for your letter of 13 January. |
| Im sorry, but Ilooked everywhere ..., and I couldn't.... | We are delighted that . We are sorry to inform you that ... unable to |
| Have you looked ...? | find... |
| Perhaps you ...? | We looked... |
| Sorry I carit help any more. | We look forward... |
| See you soon! |  |



## 1humalhisumewoud

## The passive

## 1 Forming the passive

Complete the text with the passive form of the verbs. Use the Present Simple, Past Simple, or Present Perfect.

## Freeplaythe world's first clockwork radio

The cockronk rado is the doporeded that doesn't need batuetes on electricity If (I) spowered (power) by tuming the handle for a minute. Nowdays, thousands of these
adios (2) (make) every day They
(3) - .-. (buy) by people in developing commies where there isn' any clectichy

The cloumonk mato (4) $\qquad$ (invent) in 199
Whar Baytise, a Brith imentor. Trevor had the idea Whe he was listuning to some news on the ratio about Aftca. It (5) $\qquad$ (repore) that Africans were ding of Aus and there was no eagy way or send them Wromation boont he disease

Bu ro one woud help trevar develop his idea for new tad of moia. Endly, in 1993, his mention (6) (6how) on a TV progrmme and after. wras a Gow Gfican bumesman heard of Trewor's cerer too and wamacol hm The firs Freplay madios (7) … butcio South Africa in 1995. 3403 thm the parios have been a great success.


## (ave) momy awards includms

On Men IUgon Mandela

## 2 Making questions

T1T11 Complete the questions about the clockwork radio.
1 The clockwork was invented by Trevor Bayliss.
Who was the clockwork tadio invented by ?
2 The clockwork radio was invented in 1991.
When $\qquad$ ?

3 They are bought by people in the developing world.
Who $\qquad$ ?

4 His invention was shown on TV.
Where $\qquad$ ?

5 It was developed in South Africa.
Where $\qquad$ ?

6 The first radios were built in 1995.
When $\qquad$ ?

7 Thousands of Freeplay radios are made every day. How many $\qquad$ ?

8 Millions of radios have been sold worldwide.
How many $\qquad$ ?

## 3 Short answers

Answer the questions about the clockwork radio. Use short answers.
1 Was the clockwork radio invented by Trevor Bayliss? Yes, it was.

2 Was it invented in 1991?

3 Was it developed in India?
4. Were the first radios built in 1993?

5 Have millions of radios been sold worldwide?

6 Has Trevor Bayliss been given an award by Nelson Mandela?

7 Hias the clockwork radio been a great success?
$\qquad$ -

Complete the stories with the passive verbs in the box.

| were injured | was found |
| :--- | :--- |
| have been given | has been organized |
| were delayed | were takern |
| was operated on | will be helped |
| was given ( x 2 ) | was discovered |
| was derailed | have been interviewed |



## Thousand dollar reward

## 37,000 (1) was discovered in a large

 ieather bag in the street last week in Montreal, Conada. It (2) $\qquad$ by inemployed builder Wiliam Murphy, who handed the bag and the money to the police. The bag belonged to Jean-aul Dupon and Mr Murphy (3) \$1,000 as a rewad for his honery.


The London-Edinburgh express (9) yesterday moming as it was passing through Yom station. Ten people (10)
 and four
people (11) $\qquad$ to homital, but no one was seriousy hure Trans (a) $\qquad$ ros
the reat of the dav. Several eye wherser (3) $\qquad$ but It is not yet clear hou the crash happened.

2 Whe the guedtons about the nswepaper storic: above.

Look at the shop notices. For each notice, write two sentences, one passive and one active.
1 German and French are spoken here. We speak German and French here.
2 $\qquad$


3 $\qquad$
4 $\qquad$

5 $\qquad$

6 $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Active or passive?
Ghe Complete the text with the verbs in brackets in the corech hense, active or passive.
(1)

German and French are spoken
0

PART-TIME ASSISTANT WANTED

B


Myion (1) $\qquad$ (invent) in the early 1930 s by an American chemist, Juian Hill. Other scientists (2) $\qquad$ (work) with his invention and frially on 27 October 1938, Nyion (3) $\qquad$ (introduce) to the worla. It was cheap and strong and immedtady (4) $\qquad$ (become) successtul, especially in the making of women's stockings. During the Second World War, the best present for many women was a pall of mylon stockings, but more impotantly, mion (5) $\qquad$ (use) to make parachutes and tyres.



## 8 Words with more than one meaning

The words in the dictionary extracts all have more than one meaning.
Example
wave ${ }^{1}$ /werv/ n. it rough top of the water when the sea is not calm; rolling movement of the sea when it crashes on the beach: A big wave swept the man off the boat. 2 movement from side to side, up and down, etc: He gave a wave of the hand to say goodbye. 3 gentle curve or bend: Her hair has waves.
wave ${ }^{2} v .1$ move gently to and fro: The flag is waving in the wind. 2 move something from one side to the other: Ada waved her hand as the train left.

I saw Ann this morning. I didn't speak to her, I just waved.
This is an example of entry 2 , definition 2.

On the last days of our holiday, we couldn't go swimming because the waves were too big. This is an example of entry 1 , definition I.
The grass was waving in the wind.
This is an example of entry 2 , definition 1 .

Notice that this dictionary has a separate entry for nouns, verbs, adjectives, etc.
Look at the dictionary extracts and the sentences. Which entry (and which definition) is the word an example of?

Fit'/fit/adj. (fitter, fittest) healthy; well: Exercise keeps us fit.
fit ${ }^{2} n$. $\frac{1}{}$ sudden illness.
2 doing something suddenly: He was in fits of laughter. 3 way clothes look and feei on someone: My old shoes are a tight ift.
$\mathrm{fit}^{3} \nu$ (pres. part. fitting, past part. or past tense fitted/fitid/) \& be the right size and shape: Do your new shoes fit well? 2 put something into its place: Mr. Unwin fited a new lock on the door. fite ing (a) And time to do something: Can you fir in a visit to me? (b) nad space for something: Can you fit in another person? Is chere foom in the car?

I I managed to fit all my clothes into one suitcase.

2 These jeans don't fit me. They're the wrong size.
3 He runs five miles every day. He's very fit.
present ${ }^{1} /$ 'preznt/ adj. 1 being here; being there: Is all the class present? 2 being or happening now: my present job, at the present time, now. present $n$. the time now, at present, now. for the present, for now; until later: I've got enough money for the present, but I must go to the bank tomorrow.
present ${ }^{2} n$. gift; something that you give to someone: $a$ birthday present.

7 When there is a fair in my city, I like to win prizes and go on the rides.
8 I have fair skin, so I can't lie in the sun for very long.
9 A I gave my son a bike for his birthday, and my daughter a book.
$B$ That's not very fair. Did she mind?
stili'/stil/ adj. not moving or making any sound: The air is so still that the smoke is rising straight up from the fire. stillness $n$. still ${ }^{2}$ adv, without moving or making any sound; quietly: Please sii still while I cut your hair. still ${ }^{3}$ ad. If up to now; even now: I can't go because I'm still busy. gup to then and at that time: When I left the fire was sutll buming.

4 A I've got a present for you.
B Oh, thank you! Is it something nice?

5 The present government is spending more on healthcare.

6 The whole family was present at the wedding.
fair ${ }^{1} / \mathrm{fe}$ (r)/adj.
1 honest; treating pcoplc in the right way: a fair boss. 2 quite good but not very good: Your work is good, but Derek's is only fair. 3 dry and sunny: fair weather. 4 with a pale or light colour: fair hair. fair $^{2} n$. 1 special market: We saw new kina's of farm machines at the agricultural fair. 2 festival in the open air, where you can buy things, play garnes, hear music, etc.

10 Don't move! Keep still or Ill shoot you!

11 A What do you do these days?

B I still have the same job at the bank.

## Writing

## 9 Writing an email - Linking words (2) but, althougt, however, so, and because

I Imagine that you suddenly receive an email from an old friend. It is many years since you last heard news from them. You want to reply. Make notes about what you want to tell them about you and your life.

2 Read these sentences. They all mean the same. How are they different?

- I don't write many letters but I send emails a lot.
- Although I don? write many letters, I send emails a lot.
- Idont whie many leters. However, I sead ematls a lot
3 Jon these pairs of semorces in three different ways using but, aikhough, and however.
1 Hess goch mona. We wont mect ofen.
2 She ish'sumich seoments Drolish verv
3 rivined alot ne whyed wa tolinay.
4 Rad mese nanamoes.
 spedre French abel.
 in Funce bo many mars.



 Weys, wente so me Serno.

3. Ses wenthome. Baw met.as

wabal.
3 Uomoter



6 Read the email. Who is writing to who? Why? What news does she give? Complete the email with one of these linking words.

| but <br> so | although <br> because | however |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| OOO |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| From: | "rebecca king" [bec.king5@wana.com](mailto:bec.king5@wana.com) |
| Date: | Wed, 27 Apr. 20:07:36 +0100 (BST) |
| To: | "Martha Baines" mebaines.fsnet.co.uk> |
| Subject: | Re: Do you remember me? |



## Dear Martha,

How wonderful to hear from you. Of course ! remember you, (1) $\qquad$ it's over ten years since we last met. Who gave you my emall address? it was great to learn a bit about you and your family. You asked what l'm doing these days, (2) $\qquad$ here's some of my news
First things fret - I married Georgel I know you never tiked him much, (3) $\qquad$ you probably won't be surprised to hear that we'se now siverced. (4) $\qquad$ we still see each other a lo (5) $\qquad$ we have two chithen, whis, Sam and Toby. They're six now and hney's good boys. (6) $\qquad$ of course, theyta sonetmes a bf of a hand ful We moved from Bimingham (7) $\qquad$ I didn't want the bove grow to in a big on Wa now we in a big, de manouse in Whes the realy bentiful (3) $\qquad$ It's expensive to took after
$8)$ $\qquad$ f's so old. George still tives in Bimingham, (10) $\qquad$ he often visits and the boys always spend pat of then holidave with him.

Whow rowrebucy ?ll $\qquad$ Pdove you to risit us soon an
mest iny new hubbend. Ves im mambed agam Do you onenmer: Grat was for han us and think you wed hm a woll Uol, w. nam. wers met bo hear mon or yon nems, (1)
206

Reberes (emora)
 Bunaes bebm.

リに:
Gow wondentimaning to har fromyou
fwar so sumtsed What a vonderme sumense
How dif you getmy emat adfecs?
It wasent to has you news.
Let ne tell you sonething thout my life.
tant bell wo that .. th keep in ous
Cuess hat
Do mitemems.


## Second Conditional omight

## Phrasal verbs

## Writing a story 2

## Dreams and reality

## Second Conditional

1 Jimmy's dreams
f面異 Jimmy is in prison. Read about his life in prison, then complete the sentences about his dreams.

## Reality

He's in prison. He ... • works in a factory

- gets up at 5.00 : exercises in a yard
- wears a prison uniform
- has cold toast for breakfast
- watches TV every evening
- goes to bed at 9.00


## Dream

If he weren't in prison, ...
1 he dgetup at 7.30 .
2 he $\qquad$ a suit.
3 he $\qquad$ coffee and croissants for breakfast.
4 he $\qquad$ in an office.
5 he $\qquad$ squash.
6 he $\qquad$ to concerts.
7 he $\qquad$ at midnight.

## 2 Making questions

TIL Ask questions about limmy in exercise 1.
If Jimmy weren't in prison, ...
1 what time would he get up? At 7.30 .

2 $\qquad$
A suit.
3
Coffee and croissants.
4
In an office.
5
To concerts.
6 $\qquad$
At midnight.

## 3 Laura's dreams

U123 Look at the pictures of Laura's real life and her dream, and complete the text. Use the Present Simple and the Second Conditional.


Laura (1) Tives (live) in a big city If she lived in the country, she (2) would have (have) a garden. Laura (3) $\qquad$ (share) a flat with three other girls, out if if (4) $\qquad$ (be) possible, she (5) (5)
(live) on her own. If she (6) $\qquad$ (live) in the country, she (7) $\qquad$ (buy) a litt cottage, and she (8) $\qquad$ (grow) her own flowers and vegetables. In the city, she (9) $\qquad$ (travel) by Underground and (10) $\qquad$ (go) shopping in big department stores, but she (ii) $\qquad$ (not like) this at all. If she (12) $\qquad$ (be) in the country, she $\qquad$
(ride) her bike, and she (14) $\qquad$ (buy) things in the little village shop. She (15) $\qquad$ (love) waiking, and often (16) $\qquad$ (go) for a walk in the city, but the streets are noisy. In the country, she (17) $\qquad$ (walk) across the fields.


Unitl2 - Dreans and realty

Answer the questions about Laura. Use short answers.

If Laura lived in the country, ...
1 would she live on her own?
Yes, she would.
2 would she live in a flat?

3 would she have a garden?
4 would she go shopping in department stores?

5 would she ride her bike?

6 would she grow vegetables?
$5 \| \ldots$
Rewrite these sentences using the Second Conditional.
1 I'm not rich. I don't live in a big house. If i were rich, I'd live in a big house.
2 He works in the evening. He has no time to play with his children.

3 She buys a lot of clothes. She has no money.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. Thaven't got a car. I can't give you a life.

5 I go to bed late, ha the morning Im tired.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
6 She hasn't got a watch. She's always hate.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

66 Until2 Breams and realicy

IIIIGIt
6 might $=$ will + perhaps
Write the sentences with might instead of will + perhaps.
1 Perhaps it will rain tomorrow. It mightrain tomorrow.

2 Perhaps we'll go to Egypt for our holidays.

3 Perhaps I won't get my cheque today.

4 Perhaps Joe and Ellie will pop in for a chat this evening.

5 Perhaps I'll get a Playstation for my son.

6 I'm a bit worried - perhaps I won't pass the exam.

## 7 Ghoosing the correct form

Choose the correct form of the verb.
1 Don't wait for me. I'll be /I might be late. It depends on the traffic.
2 A What are you doing tonight?
B I don't know. I'm going / I might go out, or I'm staying / I might stay at home.
3 We have guests coming for lunch. I'm going to cook / I might cook roast beef and Yorkshire pudding. I've bought all the ingredients.
4 A Im going to buy George a green shirt.
B i wouldn't, if I were you.
A Whynot?
B He isn't going to like / He might not like the colour green.
5 A Goodbye, darling! I'll phone / I might phone as soon as I arrive.
8 Thanks. Bye!
6 Catherine wants to be a politician. Who knows? One day shetl be/ she might be Prime Minister!


## 8 Worries

What are these people worried about?
1 Sophie's worried. She's going to be an au pair abroad.

## The children might be horrible. She might not like the family.

2 Tessa's worried. Her four-year-old daughter is walking on a high wall.

3 Danuta's worried. She's got two important exams tomorrow.

4 David's parents are worried. He's on a trip and he hasn't phoned them for a week.

5 I'm worried. I'm driving a long way tomorrow, and my car is very old.

6 Toby's worried. He's got an appointment with the dentist this afternoon.

7 Kaori's worried. Her plane leaves in forty minutes, and she's stuck in a traffic jam.

## 9 Trying to decide

Complete the text with might and a verb from the box.

| become <br> not earn | wait <br> not make | do go |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

I know it's time for decisions, but I'm not very good at making decisions. I always worry that I
(1) $\qquad$ the right choice. $1(2)$ $\qquad$ to
university next year, but l'm not sure. I (3) $\qquad$ for a year and travel around Asia for a while. After university, I (4) $\qquad$ a teacher. I (5) $\qquad$ much, but llike working with kids, and money isn't everything. Someone told me there are lots of jobs teaching English abroad, sol (6) $\qquad$ a course in that. Then I could teach and trave!! That would be great!

## Vocabulary

## 10 Phrasal verbs

1 Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the correct form:

| fill | give | put | try |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\operatorname{look}(x 3)$ | turn <br> fall |  |  |

1 $\qquad$ on your warm coat. It's cold today.
2 Could I $\qquad$ on these shoes, please? Size nine.
3 Don't forget to $\qquad$ off the lights when you come to bed.

4 Could you $\qquad$ in this form, please, and sign it at the bottom?

5 I'm $\qquad$ forward to meeting her very much.
6 $\qquad$ out! The glass is going to fall! Oh! Too late!

7 I'm $\qquad$ for the car keys. Have you seen them anywhere?
8 She $\qquad$ off her horse and hurt her wrist.
9 I used to smoke, but I $\qquad$ up last year.

2 Complete the sentences with a particle from the box.

| up (x4) <br> round | back | down (x2) | on |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | after |  |  |

1 You look tired. Sit $\qquad$ and have a cup of tea.
2 I'm looking for yesterday's newspaper. Did you throw it $\qquad$ ?
3 Turn $\qquad$ the music! It's too loud!

4 I live in Bristol now, but I grew $\qquad$ in Leicester.

5 Come $\qquad$ ! Hurry $\qquad$ ! You'll be late for school.

6 Pick $\qquad$ your litter! Don't drop it on the strees!

7 Don't worry about the baby. I'll look $\qquad$ her while you're out.

8 What a pretty dress! Tum $\qquad$ ! Let me look at it from the back.

9 John! Wake $\qquad$ 1 Can you hear a noise downstars?

10 Im going to take these shoes $\qquad$ to the shop. The heel has broken already.

## II Adverbs

Complete the sentences with the adverbs in the correct place.

1. A tiger jumped out of a tree (suddenly) Suddenly, a tiger iumped out ofaree.

2 Thank you for the invitation. I can't come. (unfortunately)

3 I got out of bed and went to make a cup of tea. (downstairs)

4 She checked in her haggage. She went to have a cup of coffee (then)

12 Wrixngestory 2
1 book at the picure story. Put the edverbs in tie correct place in the story, then finish the last sentence of each paragraph wilh your own ideas.

yery suddenly last Monday morning

Sarah Brown was in her bedroon geting ready to go to work, when she saw a mouse in her handlus. She was scared of mice, 80


3 She conk? find him anywher, but she found him sleaning mder the kirchen whe Shopicked hit up and ran back to
$\qquad$

68

5 I was siting at home when something very strange happened. (last Thursday evening)

6 Keith's lying in bed because he doesn't feel well. (upstairs
$\qquad$
7 They have a son called Simon, and we have a son called Simon. (too)

8 There's a programme on TV tonight that I'm interested in (very)

9 I worked all last week. (hard)
$\qquad$

quiely then downstars

2 She had a good idea. She left the room and ran to look for her cat, Tigen. He would
$\qquad$ -.

$\square$
4 In the bedroom, Sah put Tiger down on the floor. She waited onside the door. Tiger was scard of mice, 30 $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $!$

2 Here's another picture story. It's a true story! Write the story, using the information for each picture. Use as many adverbs as you can from 1.


6


等



I On the evening of 1 June, a Frencli burglar broke into a house in Paris Fie ... living room and ... .

2 ... kitchen to ... .ine operied ... cheese.
3 ... bungry, so ... Then ... remembered the cake.
4... still hungry, so ... .

5 ... upstairs ... fele very full and tred...
6 ... asleep ... he nert morning ...


Present Perfect Simple and Continuous Words that sound the same Expressions in letter writing

## Earning a living

## Present Perfect Simple

1 What's new?
(TIEsi Complete the letter with a verb from the
box in the Present Perfect or the Past Simple.

| be | hear |
| :--- | :--- |
| find | go $(x 2)$ |
| try | leave |
| win | agree |
| see | get |
| have to |  |



## Dear Heike

How are you? I (0) haven't heord from you for a while, so I thought I'd drop you a line and give you some of our news. The most important thing io tell you is that we (2) $\qquad$ a new house to buy! We
(3) $\qquad$ to see it last week, and we think it's wonderful. We
(4) $\qquad$ on a price last night, and with a bit of luck, we
might be in it in a couple of months' time. We (5) $\qquad$ $n_{i}^{\prime}$
$\qquad$ to sell our house yel, but I don't think it will be difficult.
I'm going to the estate agent's this aftemoon.
The children are all fine. Did you know that Joanna (6) $\qquad$ in Asia for the past six months? She was in Melboume for a while, but now she (7) $\qquad$ Australiai and (8) $\qquad$ to Indonesia. She's going to spend a few weeks there and then she's coming home. She's having a really good time. Jason is engaged to a lovely girl called Rosene! He thinks she's the mast wonderful gint he (9) $\qquad$ ever $\qquad$ They're ge sting married in June. Magie has samo good news, woll She (10) $\qquad$ forst prize in a ballet comperition last weak. She (11) $\qquad$ go to the Royal Ballet school in London for the whole doy, and this moning we (12) $\qquad$ aletter saying that she had wan, so were all
dielighthed.
That's atl for wat thope youre all well. Wrice some.
Lave
Jomes

70 Unit 13 - Earning a living

2 yet and already
Angela and Jean-Pierre are getting married. Look at their list of things to do and complete the sentences. Use the Present Perfect with yet/already.


1 Angela has col ready booked the hotel for the reception.
2 But she $\qquad$ the cake $\qquad$ .
3 Jean-Pierre $\qquad$ the photographer:
4 Buthe
; They
$\qquad$ a suit $\qquad$ -
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ the invitations .

6 Butcher $\qquad$ where to go for

## 3 Questions and short answers

15132 Ask questions with yet about Angela and Jean-Pierre. Then give short answers,
1 Angela/flowers
A. Has Angela ordered the flowers vet?

B No, she hasn't.
2 Angela/dress
A
$\qquad$
3 Jean-Pierre/food
A $\qquad$
B $\qquad$
4 Jean-Pierre/wedding rings
A $\qquad$
B $\qquad$
5 they/invitations
A
B $\qquad$
A been or gone?
Complete the sentences with been or gone.
1 rIve $\qquad$ to most countries in Europe, but I've never $\qquad$ to Russia.
2 A Is Annie in her bedroom?
B No. She's $\qquad$ to work.
3 (Sign outside a shop) $\qquad$ to lunch. Back soon.'
$\qquad$ stuck in a traffic
4 Sorry I'm late. I've jam for an hour!
$\qquad$
You look very brown! Have you
6 A Can I speak to Mir Thompson, please?
3 I'm afraid he's just $\qquad$ out of the office.

## 5 What has Ann been doing?

Match a line in A with a line in $B$.


## Tense review

## 7 Choosing the correct tense

Choose the correct form of the verb.
I I'm hot because I've run / I've been running!
2. I've cut / I've been cutting my finger!

3 Have you heard / Have you been hearing Paul Simon's latest record?
4 She's tired because she's shopped / she's been shopping all day.
5 Sorry. I've broken / I've been breaking one of your glasses.
6 How long have you had / have you beer having this book?
7 They live / They've been living here for three years.
8 I've painted / I've been painting the living room, but I haven't finished yet.
9 I've lost / I've been losing my wallet. Where did I last have it?
10 Look what Pat has given / has been giving me for my birthday! A bike!
11 There's my wallet! I've looked / I've been looking for it for ages.

## 8 Forming the correct tense

 Present or Past Simple, Present Perfect Simple or Continuous.

1 1(1) $\qquad$ (learn) Italian for the past three years. My teacher is very good, and I (2) $\qquad$ (like) her very much.
I (3) $\qquad$ (be) to Italy three times. I
(4) $\qquad$ (go) there last year with my family, and we (5) $\qquad$ (stay) in Florence. I (6) $\qquad$ (enjoy) it a lot, but there
(7) $\qquad$ (be) too many people.

2 My daughter (1) ___ (try) to find a job for months. She (2) $\qquad$ (leave) university in June, and since then she (3) $\qquad$ (have) one or two part-ime jobs. She (4) $\qquad$ (wort) in a cafe for the last two weaks.
She (5) $\qquad$ (want) ow whe in pablishing
She (6) $\qquad$ (whe) hanoreds oflaters of apolication, and she (7) $\qquad$ (havelorm imerview, but no 700 oform

3 We (1) $\qquad$ (live) in our new house for several months. Since we (2) $\qquad$ (move) in, we (3) $\qquad$ (be) very busy. Everyone
(4) $\qquad$ (help) to get the house ready. So far
we (5) $\qquad$ (decorate) the living room and the kitchen. Soon after we arrived the central heating (6) $\qquad$ (break) down, so we
(7) $\qquad$ (have) to spend a lot of money to repair it.

We (8) $\qquad$ (like) gardening very much, but
we (9) $\qquad$ (not have) time to do anything to the garden yet. And it (10) $\qquad$ (rain) very
heavily recently, so we'll just wait till the weather gets better.

## 9 A conversation between old friends

(58) Put the verbs in brackets in the correct tease, Present or Past Simple, Present Perfect Simple or Continuous.

James Hello, Peter! I (1) $\qquad$ (not see) you for ages! How are you?
Peter Hi , James. I'm fine, thanks. And you?
lames I'm OK. What (2) $\qquad$ you
$\qquad$ (do) since 1 last (3) $\qquad$
(see) you?
Peter Well, I (4) $\qquad$ (start) a new job last month. It's still in advertising, but with a new company.
James Howlong (5) $\qquad$ you $\qquad$ (work) in advertising?

Peter For fue years. I really (6) $\qquad$ (enioy)
it. Anyway, what about you?
Jamas well, Im still witing books. I (7) $\qquad$
(wite) a couple of novels, and fo: the pati:
vear ( ${ }^{8}$ ) $\qquad$ (research) abook on
loca history.

vocadulary
io Words that sound the same
I Some words are pronounced the same, but they are spelt differently and have different meanings.
here - Come here!
hear - I can't hear you.
Tick the word in the box which matches the sound of the word on the left.


2 Think of two spellings for these words in phonemic script.

1 /breik/


2 /nju:/

$3 / \mathrm{san} /$ $\qquad$
4 blu:



6 lpea/ $\qquad$
7 /reek/ $\qquad$
$8 / \mathrm{bal}$
9 /wi:k/ $\qquad$
10 /ara/ $\qquad$
II /werst $\qquad$

## II Expressions in letter writing

1 Match the types of letter in A with the expressions in B . Some expressions can go with more than one letter.


## 12 Formal and informal letters 2

1 Here are two invitations. One is formal, the other is informal. Complete the invitations with the words and phrases in the box.

| reception | celebrate |
| :--- | :--- |
| Saturday | 6 |
| requests | Saturday the eleventh of Novembei |
| you can come | Sally and Tim |
| your company | birthday diner |
| Mr and Mrs Cantarelli | our house |



2 Choose one of these letters and write it out in full. Use some of the expressions in l.

## INFORMAL LETTERS

## Giving news

Write to an English friend. Give news of a recent holiday you had. Say where you went, who with, and what you did. Give some news about what you are doing at the moment, and how your family is.

## Inviting

Invite a friend to come to stay at your house for a weekend. Suggest some dates. Say what you'd like to do during the weekend. Suggest how the friend could travel, and offer to meet him/her.

## Accepting an invitation

Reply to the invitation above. Your friend has invited you to come to stay for a weekend. Accept the invitation, and say thank you. Give some information about how you'll travel, and when you expect to arrive.
Thank-you letter
The parents of a friend of yours lent you their house in the country for a week. Write to them to thank them. Say how kind they were, and describe what you did during the week's holiday.

## FORMAL LETTERS

## Thanks and requests

You recently stayed in a hotel. You left a coat in the wardrobe in your room. You wrote to the hotel, asking them to send the coat to you, and also asking for a brochure for the hotel. The hotel sent the coat but not the brochure. Write to the hotel again, thanking them for sending the coat and asking for a brochure.

## Paying a bill and requesting

A bookshop has sent you some books by post, and the bill. Write to the bookshop enclosing a cheque, and asking for a receipt. Also, a friend has recommended a cookery book called The Italian Kitchen but could not remember the author. Ask if the bookshop has this book and can send it to you.


## Past Perfect

1 Matching
 the chart.


| 4 | 8 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Icouldn't answer the questions |  | crashed his car. |
| 2 I was hungry |  | passed my driving test. |
| 3 My mother was womied | because I hat | got stuck in a traffic jam. |
| 4 I was late |  | flown in a plane before. |
| 5 I was pleased | because I hadn' | slepe badly. |
| If I was nervous during the fight |  | revised for the exam. |
| 7 My father was furious |  | been in touch for a long time. |
| 8 I was tired |  | eaten all day. |


1 $\qquad$
2 $\qquad$
3 $\qquad$
4 $\qquad$
5 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
7 $\qquad$
8 $\qquad$

## 2 What happened first?

Pead the sentences. Put numbers in the boyes after each action to show the order in which they happened.
1 I went to bed 3 after Id had a bath 1 and brushed my teeth 2 .
2 When I arrived at John's house $\square$, he had made a cake $\square$ and done the washing-up $\square$.
3 When i arrived at John's house $\square$, he made us a cup of rea $\square$.
4 Miy stomach-ache disappeared $\square$ afier ld taken some medicine $\square$.
5 When we got to the theatre $\square$, the play had stared $\square$ and all the seat had been taken $[$
6 james had supper $\square$, then went to sit in his living room $\square$. He felt miserabie $\square$. It had been an awful day $\square$.
7 yames sat in his armchair $\square$ and thought about he day $\square$. He had got up late $\square$, and his boss had threatened to sack him $\square$. He decided it was time for bed $\square$.

76 Unit M Family ties

## 3 Past Simple or Past Perfect?

Complete the sentences. Put one verb in the Past Simple and one in the Past Perfect.
1 Lisa $\qquad$ (give) me a lift because I had missed (miss) the bus.

2 I $\qquad$ (thank) her for everything she
$\qquad$ (do).
3 When I got to the office, I $\qquad$ (realize) that I
$\qquad$ (forget) to lock the front door.
4 When they $\qquad$ (finish) their work, they
$\qquad$ (go) home.
51 $\qquad$ (call) you at 8.00 , but you $\qquad$ just $\qquad$ (go) out.
6 I took my family to Paris last year. I $\qquad$ (be) there as a student, so I $\qquad$ (know) my way around.
7 When I $\qquad$ (listen) to the news, I
$\qquad$ (go) to bed.

## 4 Joining sentences

 conjunctions in brackets. Change one verb into the Past Perfect.
1 I had a bath. I went to bed. (ater) After I'd had a bath, I went to bed.
2 Iread the letter. I threw it away. (when)

3 He passed his driving test. He bought a car. (as soonas)
4. took the book back to the library. I finished reading it. (when)

5 I didn't ge to bed. Idid my homework. (untii)

6 I spent all my money. I went home. (when)

7 Iread the book. I saw the fim. (before)

8 Her children lef home She started witing (after)
$\qquad$

T18 Read the report of an interview with Laurence Wilmot. Then write the actual words of the interview.

## 



Interviewer How do you feel about winning the award, Laurence?
Laurence I'm (1) $\qquad$ I didn't expect (2) $\qquad$ , and I
(3) $\qquad$ all the other actors.
Interviewer What (4) $\qquad$ Sherlock Holmes?
Laurence it (5) $\qquad$ great fun.
Interviewer (6) $\qquad$ a. Shakespearian role?

Lawnence Yes, (7) $\qquad$ Othello off Broadway last year.
(8) $\qquad$ very much.
Interviewer What sort (9) $\qquad$ , Laurence?
Iaturence I have always liked (10) $\qquad$ . In fact,
(11)
$\qquad$ chlled Sexophony.
Hutarwiewer (12) $\qquad$ direct a play?
Dabrence (13) $\qquad$ one day, but
(3A) $\qquad$ .

## Vocabulary

## 7 say and tell

Complete the sentences with the correct form of say or tell.
I He said (that) he was at school yesterday.
2 He told the teacher (that) he was at school yesterday.
3 What did Anna $\qquad$ ?
4 What did Anna $\qquad$ Peter?

5 She $\qquad$ it was cold in the park.
6 He hasn't $\qquad$ us his address.
7 Did he $\qquad$ you his telephone number?
8 They $\qquad$ that Birgitta left last week.
9 What did Karen $\qquad$ about the film?
10 She $\qquad$ Alice that it was an awful film.
11 Have you $\qquad$ Jack about the meeting?
12 Why did you $\qquad$ that?
13 Sandra $\qquad$ that she went to India for a holiday.
14 Sandra $\qquad$ Bob that she didn't see the Taj Mahal.


## 8 Words that are often confused

The pairs of words in this exercise are easy to confuse. Choose the correct one.
I cook/cooker
My mother's a good $\qquad$ .
We bought a new $\qquad$ today.
2 felt/fell
I went to bed because I $\qquad$ tired.
She $\qquad$ off her horse.
3 lend/borrow
Could you $\qquad$ me your pen?
Could I $\qquad$ your pen?
4 journey/travel
(Journey is usually a noun. Travel is usually a verb.)
How long is your $\qquad$ to work?
You need a passport to $\qquad$ abroad.
5 buy / pay
What did you $\qquad$ at the shops?
let's $\qquad$ the bill and leave.
6 hear/listen
$\qquad$ ! What's that noise?
I can't $\qquad$ anything.
7 last/ latest
Shakespeare wrote his $\qquad$ play in 1613.
Models are always dressed in the $\qquad$ fashions.
3 quici/ /quite
London is $\qquad$ expensive.
Helen's a very $\qquad$ person, isn't she?
9 who's / whose
$\qquad$ is this coat? It isn't mine.
$\qquad$ coming out for a drink?
10 foreigner / stranger
Im English. I come from Brighton. In Oman Im a
$\qquad$ .

Im from Brighton, in the south of England. In Manchester, in thenorth of England, Ima. $\qquad$ -
11 grame/piay
Bootball is a $\qquad$ .
Homiet is a $\qquad$ .
12 robed / matm
Someone has $\qquad$ my car.
Thieves $\qquad$ the National Bank yesterday.

## OTITIS

## 9 Writing for talking

1 Think about your future life. How do you see your life ... ?

- next year
- in five years' time
- in ten years' time
- when you're forty or fifty

Write some notes about your hopes and ambitions at each of these times.

Ask and answer questions about them with a partner.
2 面45 Read and listen to Susannah talking about her future. What are her definite plans? What is she not sure about? What are her hopes, ambitions, and dreams?


## My dreams for the future

Hello everyone. My name's Susannah, suzie for short. I'm 20 years old. At the moment l'm in my second year at art school and I often dream about my future. I have big plans and Id the to tell you a bit about them.

My most immediate plans are holiday plans. I'm going to visit my brother, who's working in Australia. My mother and I are going to spend three weeks with him in the summer sun. I'm very excited about that.

When I velum, have to make a final decision about which course I'm going to study next year. I'm still not sure - I might do fashion design or ! might do landscape design. It's difficult because lm interested in both clothes and gardens. If I choose landscape, Id like to work with my friend Jane. She's brilliant with gardens and we've already worked on two together. It was great fun and we get on very well.

In five or ten years' time I would like to have my own business and work for myself, like my father. He has his own building business. I might even do a business course after I finish art school.
of course, one day I hope to marry and have children ideally, before I'm 30, but I cant plan when Ill meet the wight person.
In my dreams I see myself at 40 running a successful gardening compony with about 20 employees. I'1 design beantif gardens for beautiful people. Ill have a beautiful house, two beautiful children and, of course, ahosoma who's as successful as 1 am .

[^5]
## Revision

## Tenses and verb forms

## Question forms

## 1 Word order

Put the words in the right order to ask a question, and write true answers.
1 from you where are Where are you from ? $\qquad$
2 it moment raining at is the
$\qquad$ ?

3 Chinese ever you food eaten have
$\qquad$ ?

4 are going do you this to what weekend
$\qquad$ ?
$\qquad$
5 time up get usually do what you
$\qquad$ ?

6 many you can how languages speak
$\qquad$ ?
$\qquad$
7 start English when you stucying did
$\qquad$ ?

## 2 Short answers

Complete the questions in A. Then match a question in $A$ and an answer in $B$.


## 3 Correcting mistakes

In each of the following questions there is one mistake. Find it and correct it.

> I What you do? What do you do ?

2 Does he got a calculator?
$\qquad$
3 Have you ever ride a motorbike?

4 What you are doing tonight?
$\qquad$ ?

5 Where you went last night?
$\qquad$ $?$

6 Your friends they like travelling?
$\qquad$
7 Do you can speak English?
$\qquad$ ?
8 What are you go to do tomorrow?
$\qquad$ ?

## Present Simple

## 1 Making questions <br> Write questions and answers.

1 he/get up -6.00
What time does he get up ?
He gets up at 6.00 .
2 she/do-architect
$\qquad$

3 they/live-Glasgow
$\qquad$

4 Mark/study-physics

6 her parents/come from- Freland
$\qquad$
7 she/speak - Russian and Greek
$\qquad$

## 2 Making negatives

Make the following sentences negative. Then give the right information.
1 Lions live in Europe. Lions don't live in Europe. They live in Africa. $\qquad$
2 Hawks fly slowly.

3 Birds build nests underground.

4 Pasta comes from France.

5 The temperature rises at night.

6 Ornithologists study insecis.

7 Turks speak Spanish.

3 Present Simple or Continuous?
Underline the correct verb form in the following sentences.
1 He speaks/'s speaking French and German.
2 I don't understand/'m not understanding.
3 Hurry up! I wait'm waiting.
4 What sports do you like/are you liking?
5 We come/'re coming to see you this weekend.
6 'What do you do/are you doing?"
'I write/'m uriting a postcard.'
7 Do Americons drive/Are Americans driving on the left?
8 'Do you engoy/Are you erigoing the flm?' 'Yes, Ido/sme'
9 'Does she need/lo she needing any help" 'No, she doesm? 'ism'

## 1 Describing a holiday

Put the verb in brackets in the Past Simple.
David Where did yougo (go) for your last holiday, Sara?
Sara I (1) $\qquad$ (go) cyding in France with two friends.
David Oh yes? How (2) $\qquad$ (get) to France?
Sara We (3) $\qquad$ (catch) the ferry to Cherbourg.
David (4) $\qquad$ (stay) in hotels?
Sara Only twice, when the weather (5) $\qquad$ not be) very good. The rest of the time we (6) $\qquad$ (camp), so we (7) $\qquad$ (not spend) much money.
David (8) $\qquad$ (rain) much?
Sara No, the sun (9) $\qquad$ (shine) most days.
David (10) $\qquad$ (have) any problems?
Sara Well, I(11) $\qquad$ (fall) off my bike once, and we (12) $\qquad$ (forget) to take any tea bags, but we (13) $\qquad$ (not have) any mechanical problems!
David What (14) $\qquad$ (do) in the evenings?
Sara We (15) $\qquad$ (find) a campsite, and then we
(16) $\qquad$ (go) shopping in the nearest village,
(17) $\qquad$ (cook) a big dinner and
(18) $\qquad$ (eat) lots of food. It (19) $\qquad$ (be) great!
David When (20) $\qquad$ (get back)?
Sara I (21) $\qquad$ (fly) home last Sunday, but my friends (22) $\qquad$ (come) back three days later.
They (23) $\qquad$ (not want) to leave France!

## 2 Shore answers

Answer the following questions about Sara's holiday. Use short answers.
1 'Did she go to France?' '登e, she did .
2 'Did they camp every night?' -
3 Did Sara have an accident?
$\qquad$
4 'Did they all come hone at the same time?'

5 "Was a expensive to camp?"

6 'Mas he weather good nowe the time"
$\qquad$ $\therefore$

## Past Continuous

1 Forming the Past Continuous
What were these people doing at 6.00 yesterday evening? Make sentences in the Past Continuous.
$1 \mathrm{Jan} /$ not listen to the radio/watch television Lan wasn't listening to the tadio. He was watching television.

2 Maria/not work/drive home

3 We/not swim/sit in a traffic jam

4 Matthew and Peter/not run/play squash
$5 \mathrm{I} /$ not watch a film/have a bath

6 Justin/not read/cook dinner

## 2 What were you doing?

Answer the following questions about you!
What were you doing at ...
16.00 yesterday morning?
28.00 a.m. yesterday?
310.00 p.m. last Sunday?

4 midday yesterday?
55.30 p.m. the day before yesterday?
62.30 yesterday afternoon?

## 3 Past Simple or Continuous?

Put the verb in brackets in the Past Simple or the Past Continuous.

Last week I decided (decide) to invite some friends over for dinner. I (1) $\qquad$ (buy) lots of delicious food, including some steak. At about 6.00 I
(2) $\qquad$ (cook) in the kitchen. The sun
(3) $\qquad$ (shine) and it (4) $\qquad$ (be)
a beautiful evening, so I (5) $\qquad$ (open) the back door. Then the telephone (6) $\qquad$
(ring). I (7) $\qquad$ (go) to answer it, and when
I(8) $\qquad$ (come) back the steak
(9) $\qquad$ (not be) on the table. I
(10) $\qquad$ (look) out of the window. A cat
(11) $\qquad$ (sit) on my garden wall, and it
(12) $\qquad$ (eat) my steak. What
(13) $\qquad$ (can) I do? I (14) $\qquad$ (fill)
a pan with water and (15) $\qquad$ (go) quietly outside. The cat (16) $\qquad$ (not look) in my direction, and it (17) $\qquad$ (enjoy) the steak so much that it (18) $\qquad$ (not hear) me. I
(19) $\qquad$ (walk) slowly up to it -I
(20) $\qquad$ (want) to empty the water over its head. A bit cruel, I know, but the steak (21) $\qquad$
(be) very expensive! But at the last moment the cat (22) $\qquad$ (hear) me, (23) $\qquad$
(jump) over the wall, and (24) $\qquad$ (escape). The happiest cat in the neighbourhood...

## Verb patterns 1

## 1 Would you like or do you like?

1 Complete the following questions using would you like or do you like.

| 1 __ walking? |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | - to go to the cinema? |
| 3 | _ going to the cinema? |
| 4 | What to drink? |
| 5 | to go for a walk? |
| 6 | What vegetables _ ? |
| Match the questions and answers. |  |
| a | 4- Mineral water, please. |
| b | -_Usually, but I hate horror fims. |
| c | _- Yes, especially in the mountains. |
| d | - Yes, it's beautiful weather. |
| e | ___ It depends what's on. |
| f | Peas and carrots. |

Put the verb in brackets in the right form, infinitive or -ing. Sometimes both are possible.
1 I want to sell (sell) my car.
2 I'm thinking of $\qquad$ (buy) a car.
3 She hopes $\qquad$ (be) here by 7.00 .
4 Ilove $\qquad$ (watch) black and white films.
5 I'd like $\qquad$ (continue) $\qquad$ (study), but I haven't got enough money.
6 We finished $\qquad$ (paint) the house last week.
7 Would you like $\qquad$ (work) in a hospital?
8 He started $\qquad$ (play) golf last year.
9 I've decided $\qquad$ (train) to bea physiotherapist.

## will and going to

## Choosing the correct form

Underline the correct verb form in the following sentences.
1 'T'm coldi.'
'I'll put/I'm going to put the heating on.'
2 'Can I speak to Marco?'
'Hold on, Ill get/J'm going to get him.'
3 'Coffee or tea?' 'I'll have/I'm going to have tea, please.'
4 'Has Hugh got any plans for the weekend?' 'Yes, he'll visit/he's going to visit his grandparents.'
5 'Cath's on the phone for you.'
'Can she call back? I'll have/I'm going to have a bath.'
6 'I'll go/I'm going to go to the supermarket.'
'Oh, will you are you? I think I'll come/I'm going to come with you.'
7 'Did you get my fan?'
' No , I didn't.'
'OK, I'll send/f'm going to send it again'
8 'Sophie? Will you help mo/Are you going to help me? 'Yes, of course I will ITh oging to'.

I Making positive and negative sentences
Have you ever done these things? Put a tick ( $(V)$ or a cross ( $X$ ) next to each one. Then write sentences.
write a letter to a newspaper $\quad \underset{x}{x}$ ski in the Alps meet a famous person visit Cairo
win a prize
sing in public
read Tolstoy's War and Peace
1 Ive never written a letter to a newspaper.
2
$\qquad$
4 $\qquad$
5
6 $\qquad$
7

## 2 Making questions

Put the words in the right order to ask a question, and write true answers.
1 ever you to Austria been have
Have you ever been to Austria ? Yes, Thave.
2 haircut you have a had recently

3 year have films this you seen what
$\qquad$ ?

A ever cigarette a you smoked have

5 restaurant eaten a you have in week this
$\qquad$ ?

6 any you have CDs bought month this

## 3 Present Perfect or Past Simple?

Put the verb in brackets in the Present Perfect or the Past Simple.

Interviewer Today I'm talking to Tony Crooks, the British film director. Tell me, Tony, how long have you been (be) a film director?
Tony Well, I (1) $\qquad$ (study) film-making at university in the 1970 s, and I (2) $\qquad$ (work) as a director for over 20 years now.
Interviewer What (3) $\qquad$ (be) the first
film you (4) $\qquad$ (make)?
Tony A Prisoner's Life in 1978, but I (5) $\qquad$ (lose) the only copy a year later so nobody (6) $\qquad$ (see) it since then! My first
successful film (7) $\qquad$ (be) Always,
which (8) $\qquad$ (come out) in 1982.
Interviewer And how many countries
(9) $\qquad$ (visit)? (10) $\qquad$ (make) films outside Britain?
Tony I (11) $\qquad$ (not work) in many
countries - only Britain, Germany, and Italy. Last month I (12) $\qquad$ (fly) to Berlin and
(13) $\qquad$ (spend) two weeks filming there.
Interviewer When (14) $\qquad$ (go) to Italy?
Tony In 1995. I (15) $\qquad$ (want) to make
a TV documentary called North and South, about regional differences in Europe, and I
(16) $\qquad$ (drive) all the way from the Alps to Sicily.
Interviewer What are the best things about your job?
Tony The travel and the people. I
(17) $\qquad$ (travel) all over the world, going to film festivals and so on. And I
(18) $\qquad$ (meet) some great people.
Interviewer (19) $\qquad$ (start) any new projects recently?
Tony Yes, last week I (20) $\qquad$ (sign) a
contract for a new film set in Jordan.
Interviewer Well, thank you, Tony - it
(21) $\qquad$ (be) very interesting taiking to you ...

## have to and should

## 1 Making positive and negative sentences

Complete the following sentences using have to, has to, don't have to, doesn't have to, should, or shouldn't.
1 'I'm tired.' 'You should go to bed.'
2 'I haven't done my homework.'
'Don't worry. You $\qquad$ do it today.'
3 "What time do we $\qquad$ be at the airport?'
' 12.30 - I think we $\qquad$ call a taxi now.'
4 'Jane $\qquad$ work on Saturdays.'
'That's terrible. She $\qquad$ get a new job.'
5 'Luke $\qquad$ wear a school uniform.'
'Lucky him! All his brothers and sisters
$\qquad$ ?

6 'Does he $\qquad$ go on a diet?"
'No, he $\qquad$ , but I think he
$\qquad$ $\therefore$

## 2 What's the problem?

Look at the advice. What problems do the people have?
1 'I've got a headache.' 'You should take an aspirin.'
2 $\qquad$ ?
'You should study harder.'
3
'You should take it back to the shop.'
4
4-
'You should keep it in a safe place.'
5
,
'You should phone the police.'

## will and First Conditional

## 1 Choosing the correct form

In the following pairs of sentences, one sentence is wrong. Put a tick $(\sqrt{ })$ or a cross $(\mathbb{K})$ next to each one.

1 If it's sunny tomorrow we'll play tennis.
If it will be sunny tomorrow we play tennis.
2 I want to see her before she'll go.
I want to see her before she goes.
3 A Have we got any milk?
3 No, 1 buy some.
B No, Tll buy some.
4 Will you see Rabert comorrow?
Do you see Robert tomorrow?

5 I'll wait here until you'll phone. I'll wait here until you phone.

## 2 What will happen?

Match a line in A with a line in B . Then make sentences using the First Conditional.

| A | B |
| :--- | :--- |
| you/give me some money |  |
| she/study more | the river/not flood |
| there/be an election | $I /$ do the shopping <br> I/ do the washing up <br> it stop raining <br> the phone/ring <br> you/cook <br> the weather/get worse |
| we go for a walk <br> the government/ win <br> she $/$ not fail her exams <br> I/answer it |  |

1 If you give me some money I'll do the shopping. $\qquad$
2
3
4
5
6
7 $\qquad$

## Verb patterns 2

## Choosing the correct form

Put a tick $(f)$ next to the correct form of the verb.
1 She refused $\left|\begin{array}{l}\text { pay } \\ \text { to pay } \\ \text { paying }\end{array}\right|$ for the meal.
2. My boss let me $\left|\begin{array}{l}\text { go } \\ \text { to go } \\ \text { going }\end{array}\right|$ home early.

3 Your writing is impossible $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { read. } \\ & \text { to read. } \\ & \text { reading. }\end{aligned}\right.$
4. Ill never forget $\left|\begin{array}{l}\text { meet } \\ \text { to meet } \\ \text { meeting }\end{array}\right|$ him for the first time.

5 He aiways makes me $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { laugh } \\ & \text { to laugh. } \\ & \text { laughing. }\end{aligned}\right.$

6 i managed $|$| give up | smoke. |
| :--- | :--- |
| to give up | to smoke. |
| giving up | smoking. |

used to

## Things have changed

Complete the following sentences in a suitable way.
1 I'm not very fit now, but Iused to do a lot of exercise. Ilive in a house now, but I used to live in a flat.
2 I don't play much sport now, but $\qquad$
$\qquad$ .
3 She didn't use to like Indian food, but $\qquad$
$\qquad$ .
4 He used to live in Kuwait, but $\qquad$

5 $\qquad$ , but I haven't got any
pets now.
6 $\qquad$ , but now he's on a diet.
7 We used to go to France on holiday, but $\qquad$

8 They didn't use to like watching TV, but $\qquad$

## The passive

## 1 Forming the passive

Complete the following sentences.
1200 houses/build/last year 200 houses were built last year.
2 4,000 books/sell/in the last week

3 the post/deliver/8.00 every morning

4 Mercedes/not make/Sweden

5 four people/arrest/during yesterday's football match

6 Buckingham Palace/open to the public/1995

7 the new bridge/ not build/ next year
8 a curs for malaria/just be find/scientists in paris

## 2 Active or passive?

Put the verbs in brackets in the correct tense, Past Simple, Present Perfect, or Present Simple, active or passive.

Mount Everest and K2 are believed (believe) to be the two highest mountains in the world, but they
(1) $\qquad$ (be) very different. Everest
(2) $\qquad$ (climb) for the first time in 1953, and since then thousands of people
(3) $\qquad$ (stand) on the summit. You
(4) $\qquad$ (not need) to be a professional climber - every year many people (5) $\qquad$ (take) to the top by guides. But in recent years this popularity (6) $\qquad$ (begin) to cause problems. Since 1953 thousands of tons of rubbish (7) $\qquad$ (left) at the foot of the mountain, and a lot of people (8) $\qquad$ (think) that the 'Everest experience' (9) $\qquad$ (ruin) by the number of visitors.

K2, deep in the Himalayas, (10) $\qquad$ (not measure) until 1859, seven years after Everest. It (11) $\qquad$ (say) to be the most dangerous mountain in the world, and it (12)
(not climb) as often as Everest has. Every year small numbers of mountaineers (13) $\qquad$ (try)
to reach the top, but not many (14)
(succeed) - some of the worst Himalayan accidents in the last twenty years (15) $\qquad$ (happen) on the mountain, and many lives (16) $\qquad$ (lose). Tourist expeditions (17) $\qquad$ (start)
going to Everest in the 1980 s, and the number of visitors (18) $\qquad$ (rise) since then, but they (19) $\qquad$ (not go) to K2.

## Second Conditional

## I What would they do?

Match a line in A with a line in B. Then make sentences using the Second Conditional.


1 If you stopped smoking you wouldn't cough so much.
2
3
4
5
6
7

## 2 Correcting mistakes

In each of the following sentences there is one mistake. Find it and correct it.

1 I'd lend you the money if I'd have it. I'd lend you the money if I had it.
2 If I have more money I'd go on holiday.

3 We could play football if the weather would be nice.

4 I'll help you in the garden if my back didn't hurt.

5 If I were English I didn't have to study the language!

## Present Perfect Simple and Continuous

## 1 Present Perfect Simple

Complete the following sentences with suitable words.
1 I've never been to Paris.
2 'You look brown. Have you $\qquad$ on holiday?'
'Yes, we've $\qquad$ got back.'
3 $\qquad$ you heard? lane's a baby!
$\qquad$ she? $\qquad$ she come out of hospital?
'No, not $\qquad$ ?
4 'I've $\qquad$ writing my report.'
'What, $\qquad$ ? But it's not due until next week?
5 ' $\qquad$ anybody seen my glasses? P've $\qquad$ them?
No, we $\qquad$ $\therefore$
6 'I $\qquad$ worked here $\qquad$ wo years? - you? And bow long ___ youllyed in London?"
$\qquad$ 1902.

7 'Where's Wick? 'He's $\qquad$ horping'
'I $\qquad$ bought the tickets, but I $\qquad$ got the insurance $\qquad$ $\therefore$

## 2 What have you been doing?

Answer the questions. Put the verbs in the box in the Present Perfect Continuous.

| plan my holidays | sit in the sun clean |
| :--- | :--- |
| try them on | decorate the bathroom |
| smoke cigars |  |

1 'Why are your hands dirty?' 'I've been repairing the car
2 'The kitchen looks better.'
$\qquad$ $\therefore$
3 'Why is his face red?'

- $\qquad$ :
4 'What are these brochures for?'
- $\qquad$ .

5 'Why are their clothes covered in paint?'
6 $\qquad$ :

6 'What's that terrible smell?'
$\qquad$ .'
7 'Why are all her winter clothes out?'
$\qquad$ ?

## 3 Present Perfect Simple or Continuous?

In the following pairs of sentences, one verb form is right and one is wrong. Put a tick $(\checkmark)$ or a cross ( $\mathcal{K}$ ) next to each one.

1 How long have you been writing that letter? How long have you written that letter?
2 I'm exhausted! I've played tennis for hours.
I'm exhausted! I've been playing tennis for hours.
3 Have you ever flown to Scotland?
Have you ever been flying to Scotland?
a Oh no! I've lost my car keys.
Oh no! I've been losing my car keys.
5 Has the film been starting? Has the film started?

6 How long has she been having her car?
How long has she had her car?
7 I've been breaking ray leg.
Twe broken my leg.

## Forming the Past Perfect

Match a line in A with a line in B . Then complete the sentences.

| A <br> be late <br> go skiing <br> fail the exam <br> not recognize him <br> apologize <br> be tired <br> be hungry | B <br> not study <br> have a haircut <br> alarm clock not go off <br> not cook enough food <br> break my leg <br> not sleep well <br> call him an idiot |
| :--- | :--- |

i She was late because her alarm clock hodn'土 gonesff.
2 I couldn't go skiing because $\qquad$ .

3 They failed the exam because $\qquad$ .
4 I didn't recognize him because $\qquad$ .
5 I apologized because $\qquad$ .
6 She was tired because $\qquad$ .
7 We were hungry because $\qquad$ .

## 2 Past Simple or Past Perfect?

Put the verbs in brackets in the Past Simple or the Past Perfect.

I went to a school reunion last week. I was (be) very surprised - so many things (1) $\qquad$ (change).
They (2) $\qquad$ (knock down) the old gymnasium, and the library (3) (disappear). I (4) $\qquad$ (walk) slowly round the school. Everything (5) $\qquad$ (seem) much
smaller, although they (6) $\qquad$ (build) some
impressive new buildings. I (7) $\qquad$ (meet)
lots of my old schools friends, too, and they
(8) $\qquad$ (not stay) the same either. Some of them (9) $\qquad$ (move) to London, and most of them (10) $\qquad$ (get) married. I
(11) $\qquad$ (talk) to the headmaster for a while

- he (12) $\qquad$ (not leave). He
(13) $\qquad$ (say) that he (14) $\qquad$
(remember) every boy who (15) $\qquad$ (arrend)
the school since he (16) $\qquad$ (start) working there in 1978. But when (17) $\qquad$ (ask) him
what my name was, he (18) $\qquad$ (have to
confess thathe (19) $\qquad$ (forget) - that
(20) $\qquad$ (make) me realize that
(21) $\qquad$ (change) too!


## Workbook key

## TILT

11 lives 2'sstudying 3 wants 4 doesn't have 5 teaches 6 loves 7 can make
21 come 2 live 3 has 4 doesn't work 5 'm going to study 6 like 7 'msitting 8 're listening
31 was born 2 emigrated 3 went 4 didn't like 5 live 6 have 7 're playing 8 're going
211 speak 2 does Hans come 3 are you doing 4 's having 5 does this word mean 6 don't smoke 7 went 8 did you stay 9 didn't do 10 are you going to
31 At the weekend I usually go swimming.
2 Are you enjoying the conference?
3 We can't play tennis because it is raining.
4 Can you play chess?
5 How many brothers do you have?
6 I don't understand what you're saying.
7 What are you doing tonight?
8 What time did you get home last night?
9 Last weekend I saw some friends and we had a meal.
10 Il love English food. It's wonderful.
42 Is it raining? 3 Are they at school? 4 Are they learning English? 5 Are you tired? 6 Was she at home last night?
7 Am I right? 8 Was he born in 1960?
9 Can you speak Danish?
52 Does she come from France? 3 Do they live in a flat? 4 Do you take sugar in tea? 5 Do I speak English well? 6 Did she watch a film last night? 7 Did it start at 8.00? 8 Do you want to go home? 9 Does he work hard?
6 1e 2d 3i 4 g 5j 6b 7a 8c 9 h 10 f
? 1 What did you buy at the shops?
2 Who is your English teacher?
3 Where are your parents at the moment?
4 When did you last go to the cinema?
5 Why are you learning English?
6 How do you come to school?
7 How many brothers and sisters do you have?
A How 2What 3Whar tWho 5 What 6 Why 7 Where 8 Which QWhen lo Why

91 What colour is your hair?
2 How far is it from your house to the city centre?
3 How tall are you?
4 What sort of music do you like?
5 How much does a burger cost in your city?
6 How often do you go swimming?
7 What size shoes do you take?
8 How long does your English lesson last?
9 What newspaper do you read?
10 What time did you get up this morning?
102 What are you reading?
3 What sort did you buy?
4 What did you do?
5 How long is she going to stay?
6 What does he do?
7 How many do they have?
II 2 artist 3 scientist 4 journalist 5 politician 6 manager 7 interpreter 8 electrician 9 photographer
10 policeman/policewoman
11 postman/postwoman 12 receptionist

## UNTI 2

12 Eskimos don't live in Africa. They live in Alaska.
3 Manchester United footballers don't wear yellow shirts. They wear red shirts.
4 Kangaroos don't come from Canada. They come from Australia.
5 The sun doesn't shine at night. It shines in the daytime.
6 In Britain people don't drive on the right. They drive on the left.
22 Where do you usually go to at the weekend?
3 What time does the bank open?
4 Where does your mother come from?
5 Which school do your children ge to?
6 Where does your brother work?
7 What sort of car does your sister drive?
32 Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
3 Yes, I do. / No, I dom'.
4 Yes, I do. / Na, I don't.
5 Yes, they do. / No, they don't.
6 Yes, he/she does. / No, he/she docsm't.
7 Yes, it does. / No, it doesat?
43 wants 4 goes 5 carties 6 curchas 7 thinks 8 crashes 9 wahles 10 reads 11 does 12 hies 13 studies 14 mises 15 eatis 16 has 17 cries

51 Do you often go to the cinema?
2 I never eat meat because I don't like it.
3 My parents always listen to the radio in the evening.
4 How often do you have a holiday?
5 We sometimes go to a Japanese restaurant.
$6 I$ am never late for school.
64 raining 5 wearing 6 thinking 7 shining 8 smoking 9 having 10 taking 11 waiting 12 getting 13 stopping 14 running 15 beginning
71 amgoing 2 am reading 3 read 4 are going 5 look 6 comes 7 is coming 8 speak 9 Do you want
84 He's a waiter. 5 Yes, he is. 6 He's serving food. 7 He's a taxi-driver. 8 No, he isn't. 9 He's reading a newspaper. 10 She's a chef. 11 Yes, she is. 12 She's cooking.
92 She has a tennis racket. She's got a tennis racket.
3 She doesn't have a lot of CDs. She hasn't got a lot of CDs.
4 She has a television. She's got a television.
5 She has a computer. She's got a computer.
6 She doesn't have an iPod. She hasn't got an iPod.
103 No , she hasn't. 4 No , she doesn't.
5 Yes, she has. 6 Yes, she does.
111 window 2 curtains 3 wardrobe 4 chest of drawers 5 mirror 6 rug 7 bookcase 8 lamp 9 cupboard 10 armchair 11 sofa 12 carpet
1211 and 2 so 3 and 4 but 5 so
21 We enjoyed the holiday, but it rained a lot. We enjoyed the holiday. However, it rained a lot.
2 He's moving to London next month, but he doesn't like big cities. He's moving to London nexi month. However, he doesn't tike big cities.
3 She isn't English, but she speaks English perfectly. She isn't English. However, she speaks Engilish perfectly.
31 She was tired, so she went home. She went home because she was tired.
2 The weather was bad, so we didnt enjoy ou holiday. We didr'e enjoy our holiday because the weather was bed.

3 He worked hard, so he passed all his exams.
He passed ail his erams because he worked hard.
131 but 2 and 3 but 4 so 5 and 6 because 7 but 8 because 9 and 10 However 11 but/and

### 11.1R

I 1 lost 2 spent 3 laughed 4 saved 5 left 6 fell 7 broke 8 couldn't 9 found 10 took il needed
22 Christopher Columbus didn't discover India. He discovered America.
3 Beethoven didn't come from France. He came from Germany.
4 Leonardo da Vinci didn live in Mexico. He lived in Italy.
5 The Americans didn't land on the moon in the 19th century. They landed on the moon in the $20 t h$ century.
6 Umm Kolthouns didn't come from Fustralia. She came from Egypr.
32 Where did you go for your last holiday?
3 Where did you stay?
A How long did you stay there?
5 Did you have good weather?
6 how did you travel round?
7 Did you have good food?
4 2 Yes, he did. 3 No, he didn't. 4 No, he didn't. 5 Yes, 1 did. / No, 1 didn't. 6 Yes, Idid. / No, I didn't. 7 Fes, it dic./ Mo, it didn't.
I arrived planned macie helped used traveiled felt washed blked robeed sent walked smiled clapped knew
6 in 2 when 3 for 4 ago $5-6$ at 7 last 8 ati, in $90 n 10$ When II on 12 In 13 ago $14-15 a t$ in $16-17 \mathrm{in}$
72 Emma and Mary were sitting on the grass.
3 Andy and Chanlie were playing tootball.
4 Ratie was choosing a CD.
5 Maxine was drinking orange juice.
6 Beth and Charlotte were eating cisps.
7 Justin was showing Tony a photograph.
8 lames was telling a poke.

- $1 \mathrm{~B} 2 \mathrm{C} \quad 3 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~A} 5 \mathrm{C} \quad 6$

A Motorist Jeremy Page had to pay a Ine of 5330 ar Dumarn Magisuate's Court yesterday for speeding. Police stoped him on the motorway wher he was travelling at 120 miles an hour. The speed limit on motorkays is 70 miles an hour. 'T know I was driving fast,' he explained to the com. 'Thi was because I was late for work: The judge said that this was no excuse.
3 yesterday aternoun a 35 -year-dh housevife namowly escaped death When a tree blew over and fell onec
her house, completely destroying it. 'I was working in the garden at the time', she explained. 'It was quite windy. heard a strange noise coming from our tree. The bottom of the tree was slowly moving. Suddenly the wind blew a little stronger and I watched it crash onto the roof.' The Bowles family are staying with filiends while their house is rebuilt.
$\subset$ Yesterday afternoon thieves stole $£ 500$ from a post office in Preston, Lancashire. Police do not have a good description of the two men because they were wearing masks, but they know that they escaped in a red Ford Cortina. This information came from an 11-year-old boy, Charlie Carrack, who was coming home from school at the time.
9 I 1 met; was doing 2 was paying; heard 3 turned; saw 4 was wearing 5 decided 6 were having; dropped 7 got 8 was picking; cut
02 had dimer 3 have; game 4 have; time 5 have breakfast 6 have; bath 7 have; swim 3 have; day shad; argunent 10 have; look Il have; word
TI 1 while; during; for 2 for; During; while 3 for; During; while 4 for; During; While
21 for 2 During 3 while 4 while 5 for 6 during 7 For 8 while

## 111] 1 Wkxak

f 3a 4 a 5 some 6 a 7 some 8 some 9 a 10 some 11a 12 some 13 an i4 some 15a 16 some 17 a 18 some
33 paper 4 apaper 5 coffee 6 a coffee 7 anice-cream 8 ice-cream 9 glass 10aglass 11 acale 12 cake
31 any 2 some 3 any 4 some 5 some; any 6 any 7 some 8 some Qany 10 any
43 How many children does she have?
aHow much butter do you wane?
5 How many bedrooms does it have?
6 How many people are coming?
7 Kow many plays did he whe?
8 How much (money) does she carn?
$53 a \operatorname{loc}$ f 4 alot of 5 much 6 many Taloud 8alot of gmuch iomuch 11 many $12 a \operatorname{lot}$ of 13 many 14 a lot of
2 Were tiere many people at the mecting? A fev. But no one hat you know.
3 is here amy food lef over? A hite. The chithen ate most of it.
A Have you go any lemonade? A litele. Do you want some ice in it?
5 Do you have any bobk on Rrench Herame? A Fom Jou cm bonow them if you wat.

6 Would you like some cream? A little. I'm trying to lose weight.
7 Are there many Spanish people in your class? A few. But most of them come from France.
8 Do you watch much TV. A little. But I prefer reading.
9 Do you get many letter? A few. But most of them are bills.
10 Do your children get a lot of homework? A little. It takes them about an hour a night.
71 a; a; the; the; the 2 the; the 3 a; $a ; a$; The; the $4 \mathrm{a} ; \mathrm{a}$;an; the 5 the; the
6 an 7 the 8a 9 the; the
8 Cows eat grass.
Rain falls from the sky.
Wood floats on water.
Cats like eating fish.
Coffee comes from Brazil.
Birds live in trees.
Children go to school until they're 16.
Cars need oil and petrol.
Fruit is full of vitamins.
92 the $3-$ - 4 the 5 a;- 6 the
7- 8a;-9-; the 10 the 11-; the $12-$ - a 13 - 14 the
3011 boys 2 ladies 3 days 4 potatoes 5 bodies 6 watches 7 glasses 8 cities 9 matches 10 addresses 11 stories 12 sandwiches 13 keys 14 videos 15 ways
21 children 2 people 3 women 4 teeth 5 sheep 6 fish
II 2 jacket 3 boots 4 trousers 5 shirt
6 socks 7 tie 8 coat 9 skirt 10 sult
11 jeans 12 dress 13 hat 14 jumper
$7211 \mathrm{~d} 2 \mathrm{~h} 3 \mathrm{~g} 4 \hat{\mathrm{f}} 5$; 6 a 7 e 8 i 9b 10 c

## MIITX

2 Jane wants to be a vet because she likes working with animals. / bane hopes to be a yet because she loves working with animals. / Jane would like to be a vet because she enioys working with animals.
3 Malcoim wants to be a farmer because he likes being outside in the fresh air. Malcolm hopes to be a farmer because he loves being outside in the fresh air: Malcolm would like to be a farmer because he enjoys being outside in the fresh air.
4. Suzy wants / hopes/would like to be a stockbroker because she wants to eam a lot of money.
5 Gill wants to do voluntary service because she likes helping children in developing countries. / Gill hopes to do voluntary service because she loves helping childien in developing comnties. / Gili would like to do voluntary service because she enjoys helping children in developing countries.

6 Janine wants to be an accountant because she tikes working with numbers. / Janine hopes to be an accountant because she loves working with numbers. / Janine would like to be an accountant because she enjoys working with numbers.
7 My father wants / hopes / would like to retire next year because he wants to have more free time.
8 My parents want to buy a cottage by the sea because they like sailing. / My parents hope to buy a cottage by the sea because they love sailing. / My parents would like to buy a cottage by the sea because they enjoy sailing.
23 to see 4 to earn 5 painting 6 to learn/learning 7 to have/having 8 to post 9 to get 10 to laugh / laughing 11 to do 12 to go 13 to listen / listening 14 to talk / talking
32 What did she want to talk about? She wanted to talk about a problem she's having.
3 Why did you decide to do that? I decided to leave because it was boring.
4 What time do you want to leave the house? I want to leave as early as possible.
5 When did you finish reading it? I finished reading it last night.
6 What would you like to do? I'd like to stay at home and have an early night.
4 1c 2f 3d 4e 5a 6b
$52 \approx$ Do you like your teacher?
$3 \AA$ Do you like going for walks?
$4 \checkmark$ Would you like to go for a swim?
$5 \checkmark$ What do you like doing at the weekend?
6. What would you like to do this evening?
61 do ... like reading; like reading
2 Would ... like to be
3 would ... like to have; likes cooking
4 likes drawing
5 would like to run
7 I Ill do the washing-up.
2 I'll pay for the coffee.
3 I'll have a hamburger.
4 I'll answer it.
87 He's going to fall down the hole.
2 The books are going to fall on her head.
3 She's going to buy the book / leam Japanese.
6 They are going to plant a tree.
5 He's going to build a bookcase/ bookshelves.
4. It's going to jump onto the wall/catch the bird.
9 IIm going to buy
2 are you gong to buy; mby
3 She'll do
4I'm going to make

5 are you going to do; I'm going to make
6 are you going to see; are going to start
7 Ill lend; I'll give
1011 f 2 b 3 e 4 c 5 a 6 g 7 d 8 k 9 m 10h $11 \mathrm{n} \mathrm{12j} 13114 \mathrm{l}$
21 for 2 at 3 for 4 for/at 5 for 6 in 7 to 8 to/with 9 with 10 of 11 at 12 of
II 1 nice
21 lovely 2 terrible 3 comfortable; small 4 spectacular 5 old 6 long 7 good

## 

112 What's the countryside like? 3 What are the people like? 4 What are the cities like? 5 What's Sydney like? 6 What are the beaches like? 7 What are the TV programmes like? 2 bl c5 d2 e6 f 3 g 7
22 What was the flight/journey like?
3 What was the weather like?
4 What were the beaches like?
5 What was the food like?
3

| 3 beautiful | more <br> beautiful <br> newer | most <br> beautiful <br> newest |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| new | novelier | loveliest |
| lovely | lovelier |  |
| hot | hotter | hottest |
| good | betier | best |
| handsome | more | most |
|  | handsome | handsome |
| mean | meaner | meanest |
| generous | more | most |
|  | generous | generous |
| thin | thinner | thinnest |
| busy | busier | busiest |
| patient | more patient most patient |  |
| young | younger | youngest |
| bad | worse | worst |
| comfortable | more | most |
|  | comfortable | comfortabie |
| rude | ruder | rudest |
| fit | fitter | fittest |
| large | larger | largest |

4 116. 2 Robert. 312.4 No , she isn't 5 No. 6 Abigail and Graham.
52 ruder 3 the shortest 4 better 5 hotter/warmer 6 the most expensive 7 more generous 8 earlier
9 the most difficult
b ias 2 as 3 than 4 as 5 than 6 as
Y 3 Bill's not as intelligent as jill.
4 The moon isn't as hot as the sun.
5 Are you as old as your husband?
6 I can't read as quickly as you can.
7 Bill didn't win as much money as Hary.
8 Is Luxembourg as big as Switzentand?
9 My work isn't as good as Eva's.
10 Jom isn't as frendly as Mike.

911 successful 2 lucky 3 romantic 4 windy 5 different 6 happy 7 depressing 8 healthy 9 personal 10 wealthy 11 generous 12 messy 13 noisy 14 dirty 15 polluted 16 financial 17 medical 18 fortunate
21 generous 2 personal 3 healthy 4 noisy 5 medical 6 lucky 7 romantic 8 financial 9 successfut 10 dirty; polluted
101 There's the boy who broke the window
2 That's the palace where the King lives.
3 There are the policemen who caught the thief.
4 He gave her a watch which/that stopped after two days.
5 The Kebab House is the restautant where we met for lunch.
6 Here are the letters which/that arrived. this morning.
7 That's the house where I was born.
8 Where is the woman who ordered the fish?
1111 which 2 where 3 who 4 where 5 who

## MVII 7 .

I 1 has had 2 has travelled 3 has seen 4 has seen 5 has ridden 6 has been 7 has met 8 has been 9 have been 10 have lived 11 has $\ldots$ been 12 has done
22 He has been to the North Pole. He has seen polar bears. He has never got lost.
3 They haven't had a job for six months. They haven't had a holiday since last summer. They haven't been to the cinema for a year.
4 She has played since she was six. She hasn't won a senior competition. She has never played at Wimbledon.
§ 12 Have you ever got lost? 3 Have you ever forgotten your words?
4 Have you ever climbed Mount Everest?
5 Have you ever fallen off your ladder?
6 Have you ever had a number one song?
7 Have you ever had an electric shock?
2 a 3 b 6 c 2 d I e5 f7 g4
\& 2 Yes, he has. 3 No, he hasn't.
4 Yes, they have. 6 Yes, he has.
32 come 3 written 4 won 5 sold 6 tried 7 read 8 played 9 found 10 visited 11 stopped 12 studied 13 died 14 done
6 Ifor 2 since 3 for 4 since 5 for 6 since 7 for 8 since
71 is 2 went 3 became 4 hasbern 5 was 6 has witten 7 inved 8 moved 9 live

3 When did he become a Member of Parliament?
4 How long has he been an MP?
5 When was he Defence Minister?
6 How many books has he written?
7 Has he ever written a spy story?
8 What does Edna Heal / his wife do?
9 How many children do they have / have they got?
10 How long did they live in Oxford?
11 When did they move to London?
12 Where do they live (now)?
91 Men actor, bridegroom, nephew, uncle, sir
Women niece, aunt, bride, madam Both musician, teenager, chef, professor, pilot, athlete, cousin, model, flight attendant, child, nurse
21 nephew 2 athlete 3 model 4 flight attendant 5 professor 6 chef 7 bride; bridegroom 8 madam; sir
30 which/that 3 (who) 4 who
5 (which/that) 6 who 7 which/that
8 (which/that) ? which/that 10 (who)
7. I which 2 where 3 who 4 where 5 which 6 who 7 who 8 which 9 which 10 which
2 Paragraph ands ... French. Paragraph 2 ends ... Chastity. Paragraph 3 ends ... problems. Paragraph 4 ends ... 1987. Paragraph 5 ends ... achievement.

## 

- 2've got to take 3 've got to go 4 's got to be 5 've got to work
6've got to take 7 've got to get up 3's got to get 9Have ... got to do
22 have to drive 3 have to make 3 has to wear 5 had to go 6 have to work 7 have to work 8 had to take
- Do you have to wear a unform in your job?
3 Why did you have to buy so many books?
4 Do you have to get a visa to go to the States?
5 How often does then bave to the hes pills?
6 Do you have to look after this plant yery carefully?
S (Gample answers)
2 dion't think they should leave school yet.
3 Ithink you shoud phone your bank.
4 I don't think he shoud drive.
5 think you should go to the dentist. think you should take then bacs to the shop.
7 think she ohould chock the bill wit. the phone company.
a dont thind they shoud sperd et all on sweets.

7 (Sample answers)
2. Do you think I should go? 3 Do you think I should remind her?
4 Who do you think I should invite?
5 Do you think I should apologize to her?
6 What do you think he should do?
7 Do you think I should buy it?
81 should 2 shouldn't 3 have to 4 should 5 have to 6 don't have to 7 should 8 don't have to 9 shouldn't 10 should
9 (Sample answers)
2 must see it 3 must tidy it up 4 must visit him 5 must hurry 6 must be carefui with it 7 must have a meal there
10A farmer works on the land.
A receptionist welcomes.guests.
An architect designs buildings.
A lawyer provides legal advice.
A soldier fights for his/her country.
A firefighter puts out fires.
A decorator paints rooms in a house.
A mechanic repairs cars.
A housewife looks after the home and children.
A shop assistant helps customers.
A doctor prescribes medicine for patients.

If 1 I Dear Helen - Love Bob (informal)
2 Dear Sir or Madam - Yours Taithfully Robert Fleming (romai)
3 Darling Rosic - lots of love, Bobby xxx (informal)
4 Dear Mis McDonald - Yours sincerely Robert Fleming (formal)
5 Dear Philip - Yours Bob (infomal)
2
PC Box 4165
Stajah
United Airab Emirates
The Principal
The Oxford English College
234 Hilton Rd
Eastooume BN4 3UA
29th March 2000
Dear Sir or Madam
I saw your advertisement for English classes in this month's English Todiay magazine and I am interested in coming to you school this summer. I have studied English for three years but t have never been to England and feel that this is now necessary, especially to improve my pronunciation. Please could you send me more information about your courses, and an applications form? I would also like some infomation about accommodaxion.
Whok formard to hearing from won. Yous hiehbuly
Hassan AI Khatib

I IIllopen 2 I'll buy 3 Ibuy 4 I'll have 5 We have 6 I'll answer
2 If the ice at the North and South Poles meits, the sea level will rise.
If the sea level rises, there will be floods in many parts of the world.
If there are floods in many parts of the world, many people will lose their homes.
312 What will you do if the plane is late 3 Where will you stay if the hotels are full?
4 What will you do if you don't like the food?
5 Where will you go if the beaches are crowded?
6 What will you do if yon get sunburnt?

2 a 4 b́6 c1 d3 e2 55
43 He won't win. 4 I won't pass my exams. 5 She won'tlie. 6 We won't eat in. 7 We won't go by bus/car. 8 I won't stay up late tonight. 9 I won' refuse the invitation. 10 We won't stas in at the weekend.
3 Iff 2 when 3 when 4 If 5 If 6 When 7 when $81 \hat{1}$
6 IIll phone; 1 get 2 ends 3 Ill be glad; you are back ifll give; I go 5 you're waiting 6 the shops shut 7 Ill wait; youring 8 youget 9 Im
72 Ill wait here until you get back.
3 Give mea ang when you hear some news.
4 Ill do my homework after the TV programme ends.
511 have a bath before I go to work.
6 She'll visit fiends while she's in Paris.
7 Ill go home as soon as the lesson ends.
3 I won't leave the house until you phone me.
9 Can you feed the cats while I'm away?
io I'll tell you about the holiday when I get back.
II I'll study English until I speak it perfectly.
8 If 2 before/ when 3 while 4 If 5 until 6 if/as soon as 7 While 8 before 9 After/When 10 As soonas 11 If
9 I will start 2 are going to try 3 If 4 succeeds 5 will be 6 is going 7 When 8 arive 9 willjom/are joining 10 Assoon as 11 get 12 wil have to 13 are going to do 14 will heip 15 is 16 is 17 aregoing to make 18 When 19 get 20 will shou
Thaon 3 by 4 at 5 in 6by 7 aton 8 on 9for 100 n the 12 m 136 laby 15 in 16at 17 on 18at

112 Paragraph 1 gives the advantages of travelling by train.
Paragraph 2 gives the disadvantages of travelling by train.
Paragraph 3 is the conclusion.
3 Travelling by train has many advantages. First of all, there are no stressful traffic jams, and trains are fast and comfortable. Also, you can use the time in different ways. You can just sit and read, for example, or watch the world go by. You can work, or you can have a meal or a snack in the buffet car.
However, travelling by train also has some disadvantages. Firstly, it is expensive and the trains are sometimes crowded and delayed. Secondly, you have to travel at certain times and trains cannot take you from door to doot. You need a bus or a taxi, for example, to take you to the railway station. Despite the disadvantages, I prefer travelling by train to travelling by cat because I feel more relaxed when I reach my destination.

P 1 to decide 2 to go 3 visiting 4 sightseeing 5 to play/playing 6 to go 7 to find 8 to rent 9 choose $/$ to choose 10 to have 11 to talk/ talking 12 to enjoy 13 to think
21 to start 2 reading 3 to do 4 pay 5 to be 6 to buy 7 going 8 writing 9 park 10 playing
3 Ito have 2 to relax 3 lying
4 drinking 5 reading 6 to visit
7 sunbathing 8 to help 9 to sail 10 to stay 11 to decide / deciding
42 do you want 3 did the doctor tell 4 did she help you 5 would you like 6 are you hoping / do you hope
5. My family had some lovely holidays. We used to go camping all over Europe.
2 was very fit when I was young. I used to do a lot of exercise.
3 The teachers at my school were great. They used to tell us stories.
4 My sister's room was so untidy. She never used to tidy it at all.
5 I had a cat when I was a kid. It used io follow me everywhere.
6 When I was young, we didn't have a cas: We used to go everywhere by bus.
? And we didn't have central heating. We used to freeze on winter mornings.
3 My uncle was a pilot for British Airways. He used to fly Concorde.
4. 3 They used to be very cheap.

4 They used to be clean.
5 There didn't use to be any liter on the streets.
5 They used to be empty.
7 There didn' use to be any taffic on the roads.

8 It used to be quiet at night.
9 We used to have a park.
10 There didn't use to be any blocks of flats.
73 This book is easy to read.
4 It was lovely to see you yesterday.
5 It's easy to make mistakes when you're learning a language.
6 It's important to keep vocabulary records.
7 I'm pleased to see you've stopped smoking.
8 It's impossible to keep the house tidy with five children.
9 It's unusual to have long, hot summers in England.
81 I went for a walk to get some fresh air.
2 Im going to the library to change my books.
3 I went to town to do some shopping.
4. I phoned the theatre to ask what time the play started.
5 I want to borrow some money to buy a new car.
$6 I$ bought some flowers to make the house smell nice.
7 I'm going to Paris to visit some friends.
3 I wrote to Iohn to explain how to get to my house.
9 1 I 'm hungry. I need something to eat.
2 I've lost my passport, and I don't know where to look for it.
3 I have a big problem, but I don't know who to talk to about it.
4 I m starving. T've had nothing to eat all day.
5 I can't do my homework. I need somebody to help me.
6 Can you tell me how to get to the station?
7 'Give me five pounds, Pete.' 'Tm sorry. I haven't got any money to lend you.'
8 I need to speak to Ben, but I don't know when to phone him.
101 boring 2 excited 3 worried 4 surprised 5 interesting; tiring 5 frightened 7 worrying 8 interested; tired 9 exciting 10 annoyed
UR 2 ear 3 word 4 home 5 wrong 6 lower 7 far 8 fool 9 pies 10 food 11 road
12 (Other orders may be possible.) Leiter to friends
1 Thank you for having me to stay last weekend.
2. Ihad a wonderful time.

3 The conversation was excellent and the food delicious!
4 Could you do something for me?
St think I left a pair of brown trousers in the wardrobe of my room.
6 would you mind having a look for we?
7 Please can you let me know if you find them?
8 Thanks a lot.
Q It was lovely to see you all see you again soon!

Letter to a hotel
1 Many thanks for the weekend break that my wife and I enjoyed at your hotel recently.
2 We had a very pleasant stay.
3 The service was superb and the food delicious!
4. We hope to visit your hotel again soon.
5 I would like to ask you a favour.
6 I have lost a pair of brown trousers, which I think I left in the wardrobe o my room.
7 Could you possibly check if this is so
8 I would be most grateful.
9 I look forward to hearing from you.

## 

12 are made 3 are bought 4 was invented 5 was reported 6 was shown 7 were built 8 have been sold 9 has been given 10 was written
22 When was the clockwork radio invented?
3 Who are they bought by?
\& Where was his invention show?
5 Where was it developed?
6 When were the first radios built?
7 How many Freeplay radios are made every day?
8 How many radios have been sold worldwide?
32 Yes, it was. 5 Yes, hhey have. 3 No, it wasn't. 6 Yes, he has.
4 No, they weren't. 7 Yes, it has.
d 2 Ahmed Zuweil wasn't awarded the Nobel Prize for Literaure. He was awarded the Nobel Prize for Chemistry.
3 Coffee isn't grown in Scotland. It's grown in Brazil.
4 Sunflowers wasn't painted by Renoit. It was painted by Van Gogh.
5 Walkman cassette players weren't developed by the Russians. They were developed by the Japanese.
6 The Berlin Wall wasn't knocked down in 1982. It was knocked down in 1989.
7 The 2004 Olympic Games weren't held in Spain. They were held in Greece.
8 Rolls-Royce cars aren't made in lapan. They're made in Britain.
9 The iPod wasn't developed by Microsoft. It was developed by Apple.
5 1 2 was found 3 was given 4 was operated on 5 was given 6 has been organized 7 havebeen given 8 will behelped 9 was deralled 10 were injured 11 were taken 12 were delayed 13 have been interviewed
22 How much was Mr Murphy given as a reward for his honesty?
3 When was Phlyoung given enew heare?
4 What has been organized to raise moneys
new hearts by doctors at St Bartholomew's Hospital?
6 When was the train derailed?
62 A part-time assistant is wanted here. We want a part-time assistant.
3 Jewellery is bought and sold here. We buy and sell jewellery.
4 Credit cards are accepted here. We accept credit cards.
5 Afternoon tea is served here. We serve afternoon tea.
6 No smoking is allowed in here. We don't allow smoking in here.
71 was invented 2 worked 3 was introduced 4 became 5 was used 6 is found 7 has played 8 will be manufactured
81 entry 3 , definition 2
2 entry 3 , definition 1
3 entry 1
4 entry 2
5 entry 1, definition 2
6 entry 1 , definition 1
7 entry 2 , definition 1
8 entry 1 , definition 4
9 entry 1 , definition 1
10 entry 2
ll entry 3 , definition!
931 He's a good friend but we don't meet often. / Although he's a good friend, we don't meeit often. / He's a good friend. However, we don't meet often.
2 She isn't English but she speaks English very weil. / Although she isn't English, she speaks English very well. / She isn't English. However, she speaks English very well.
3 It rained a lot but we enjoyed the holiday. / Although it rained a lot, we enjoyed the holiday. / It rained a lot. However, we enjoyed the holiday.
$41 b \quad 2 \mathrm{a}$
51 She went home because she was tired. / She was tired so she went home.
2 We didn't enjoy our holiday because the weather was bad. / The weather was bad so we didn't enjoy our holiday.
3 He worked hard so he passed all his exams. / He passed all his exams because he worked hard.
4 I enjoy history lessons because I like the teacher. / Ilike the teacher so! enjoy history lessons.
5 It started to ain so we stopped playing tennis. / We stopped playing tennis because it sarted to rain.
61 although 2503 so 4 However 5 because 6 but 7 becanse 8 but 9 becanse 10 bue 11 but 12 so

12 'd wear $3^{\prime}$ dhave $4^{\prime} d$ work 5'dplay 6'dgo 7'dgo to bed
22 what would he wear? 3 what would he have for breakfast? 4 where would he work?
5 where would he go every evening? 6 what time would he go to bed?
33 shares 4 was/were 5 would live 6 lived 7 would buy 8 would grow 9 travels 10 goes 11 doesn't like 12 was/were 13 would ride 14 would buy 15 loves 16 goes 17 would walk
42 No, she wouldn't. 3 Yes, she would. 4 No , she wouldn't. 5 Yes , she would. 6 Yes, she would.
52 If he didn't work in the evening, he would have time to play with his children.
3 If she didn't buy a lot of clothes, she would have some money.
4 If I had a car, I could give you a lift.
5 If I went to bed early, I wouldn't be tired in the morning.
6 If she had a watch, she wouldn't always be late.
62 We might go to Egypt for our holidays.
3 I might not get my cheque today.
4 Joe and Ellie might pop in for a chat this evening.
5 I might get a Playstation for my son.
6 I'm a bit worried - 1 might not pass the exam.
71 I might be 2 I might go; I might stay 3 I'm going to cook 4 He might not like 5 I'll phone 6 she might be
8 (Sample answers)
2 She might fall off.
3 She might fail her exarns.
4 He might be in trouble. He might be sick.
5 My car might break down.
6 The dentist might take a tooth out / give him a filling.
7 She might miss her plane.
91 might not make 2 might go 3 might wait 4 might become 5 might not earn 6 might do
101 1 Put 2 try 3 turn 4 fill 5 looking 6 Look 7 looking 8 fell 9 gave
21 down 2 away/out 3 down 4 up 5 on; up 6 up 7 after 8 round 9 up 10 back

If 2 Thank you for the invitation. Unfortunately, I can't come
3 I got out of bed and went downstairs to make a cup of tea.
4 She checked in her luggage Then she went to have a cup of coffee.
5 was siting at home last Thursday evening when something very strange happened. / Last Thursday evening
very strange happened.
6 Keith's upstairs lying in bed because he doesn't feel very well.
7 They have a son called Simon and we have a son called Simon too.
8 There's a programme on TV tonight that I'm very interested in.
9 I worked hard all last week.
121 (Sample answers)
1 Last Monday morning, Sarah Brown was in her bedroom getting ready to go to work, when suddenly she saw a mouse in her handbag. She was very scared of mice, so she screamed.
2 Then she had a good idea. She left the room quietly and ran downstairs to look for her cat, Tiger. He would catch the mouse.
3 At first, she couldn't find him anywhere, but finally she found him sleeping under the kitchen table. She picked him up quickly and ran upstairs back to her bedroom.
4 In the bedroom, Sarah put Tiger down on the floor. Then she waited outside the door. Unfortunately, Tiger was scared of mice too, so he ran out of the room and jumped into Sarah's arms.
2 (Sample answers)
1 On the evening of 1 June, a French burglar broke into a house in Paris. He went into the living room and quietly put some things in his bag.
2 Then he went into the kitchen to look for more things. He opened the fridge and found some cheese.
3 He was very hungry, so he found some bread too and made a sandwich. Then he remembered the cake in the fridge.
4 He was still hungry, so he quickly took it out and ate it.
5 Then he went upstairs, but he suddenly felt very full and tired.
6 He lay down on a bed and fell asleep. Unfortunately, when he woke up it was the next morning and there were lots of policemen there.

## U14113

12 have found 3 went 4 agreed 5 haven't tried 6 has been 7 has left 8 gone 9 has ... seen 10 won 11 had to 12 got
22 But she hasn't ordered the cake vet.
3 Jean-Pierre has already booked the photographer.
4 But he hasn't bought a suit yet.
5 They haven't sent the invitations yet.
6 But they have already decided where to go for their honeyrnoon.

32 Has Angela bought a dress yet? Yes, she has.
3 Has jean-Pierre ordered the food yet? Yes, he has.
4 Has Jean-Pierre bought the wedding rings yet? No, he hasn't.
5 Have they sent the invitations yet? No they haven't.
41 been; been 2 gone 3 Gone 4 been 5 been 6 gone
5 If 2 e 3d 4 i 5 c 6a 7j 8 b 9 h 10 g
6 I Have you been waiting 2 have you been playing 3 Has it been raining 4 have they been doing 5 have you been learning 6 Have you been living 7 Have you been swimming 8 have you been working
7 l've been running 2 I'vecut 3 Have you heard 4 she's been shopping 5 I've broken 6 have you had 7 They've been living 8 I've been painting 9 I've lost 10 has given 11 i've been looking
81 I have been learning 2 like 3 have been \&went 5 stayed 6 enjoyed 7 were
2 Ihas beentrying 2 left 3 hashad 4 has been working 5 wants 6 has writen 7 hashad

31 havebeenliving 2 moved 3 have been 4 has helped 5 have decorated 6 broke 7 had 8 like 9 haven't had 10 has rained/has been raining
9 I haven't seen 2 have ... been doing 3 saw 4 started 5 have ... been working 6 enjoy 7 have written 8 have been researching
01 fare higher won suite caught through Thai piece
2 1brake;break 2 new; knew 3 sun; son 4 blue; blew 5 there; their 5 pear; pair 7 check; cheque 8 by; buy 9 week; weak 10 right; write 11 waist; waste
If if; 2c;k 3a;h 4e; 1 5a;dj;n óg; m $\quad$ b; i
12 : To Mr and Mrs Cantarelli Worldwide Publishing Inc. requests the pleasure of your company at a reception to celebrate their new language series on Saturday the eleventh of November at 6 p.m. Formal dress required RSVP
Dear Sally and Tim
Were having a birthay dinner fos Lindia nex Saturdey at our house from 8 pm onvards. bet us know if you caa come. Love from bayse and ivara

## DXIT每

I 1 I couldn't answer the questions because I hadn't revised for the exam.
2 I was hungry because I hadn't eaten all day.
3 My mother was worried because I hadn't been in touch for a long time.
4 I was late because I had got stuck in a traffic jam.
5 I was pleased because I had passed my driving test.
6 I was nervous during the flight because I hadn't flown in a plane before.
7 My father was furious because I had crashed his car.
8 I was tired because I had slept badly.
22 When I arrived at John's house $\{3\}$, he had made a cake [1] and done the washing-up [2].
3 When I arrived at John's house [1], he made us a cup of tea [2].
4 My stomach-ache disappeared [2] after I'd taken some medicine [1].
5 When we got to the theatre $\{3\}$, the play had started [2] and all the seats had been taken [1].
6 James had supper [3], then went to sit in his living room [4]. He felt miserable [2]. It had been an awful day [1].
7 lames sat in his armchair [3] and thought about the day [4]. He had got up late [1], and his boss had threatened to sack him [2]. He decided it was time for bed [5].
32 thanked; had done 3 realized; had forgotien 4 had finished; went 5 called; had ... gone 6 had been; knew 7 had listened; went
42 When I had read the letter, I threw it away.
3 As soon as he had passed his driving test, he bought a car.
4 I took the book back to the library when I had finished reading it.
5 I didn't go to bed until I had done my homework.
6 When I had spent all my money, I went home.
7 I had read the book before I saw the fim.
8 She started writing after her children had left home.
52 it was a quiet flat and the neighbours were nice
3 the rent included gas and electricty
4 she needed 5100 deposit
5 she had decorated the living room recently
6 other people had been to see the flat
7 I would have to make my mind up make up my mind soon
8 the people berore had looket aher : very well
? she had replaced all the capets
101 could move in immediately
11 Would give her andig soon

61 pleased and surprised 2 to win 3 want to thank 4 was it like to play the part of 5 was 6 Have you ever played 7 Iplayed 8 I enjoyed it 9 music do you like 10 jazz 11 I play a jazz band 12 Do you ever want to 13 Ihope to 14 Idon't know when it could happen because I'm so busy acting and playing jazz
73 say 4 tell 5 said 6 told 7 tell 8 said 9 say 10 told 11 told 12 st 13 said 14 told
81 cook; cooker 2 felt; fell 3 lend; borrow 4 journey; travel 5 buy; pay 6 Listen; hear 7 last; latest 8 quite; quiet 9 Whose; Who's 10 foreigner; stranger 11 game; play 12 stolen; robbed

## 

## Question forms

12 Is it raining at the moment? (Answers will vary.)
3 Have you ever eaten Chinese food?
4 What are you going to do this weekend?
5 What time do you usually get up?
6 How many languages can you speak?
7 When did you start studying English:
2 Is he coming this evening? Yes, he is. Am I late? Yes, you are.
Has she got a car? No, she hasn't.
Are we going by car? No, we aren't.
Does she work in a bank? No, she doesn't.
DoI need a passport? No, you don't.
Did we see him yesterday? Yes, we did.
32 Has he got a calculator?
3 Have you ever ridden a motorbike?
4 What are you doing tonight?
5 Where did you go last night?
6 Do your friends like travelling?
7 Can you speak English?
8 What are you going to do tomorrow?

## Present Simple

- What does she do? She's an architect.

3 Where do they live? They live in Glasgow.
4 What does Mark study? He studies physics.
5 What time does the bank open? It opers at 9.00 .
6 Where do her parents cone from? They come from Ireland.
7 What languages does she speak? She speaks Russian and Greek.
2 Hawks don't Gy slowly. They hy fast.
3 Birds don't build nests underground. They buid them in trees.
4 Pata doesn't come fom Brance is comes from lealy.
5 The temperature dossh tise an might. atalls.

Ornithologists dont study insects.

## They study birds.

7 Turks don't speak Spanish. They speak Turkish.
32 don't understand 3 ' m waiting 4 do you like 5 're coming 6 are you doing' m writing 7 Do Americans drive 8 Are you enjoying; am 9 Does she need; doesn't.

## Past Simple

11 went 2 did you get 3 caught 4 Did you stay 5 wasn't 6 camped 7 didn't spend 8 Did it rain 9 shone 10 Did you have 11 fell 12 forgot 13 didn't have 14 did you do 15 found 16 went $\quad 17$ cooked $\quad 18$ ate 19 was 20 did you get back 21 flew 22 came 23 didn't want
32 No, they didn't. 3 Yes, she did. 4 No , they didn't. 5 No, it wasn't. 6 Yes, it was.

## Past Continuous

12 Maria wasn't working. She was driving home.
3 We weren't swimming. We were sitting in a traffic jam.
4 Matthew and Peter weren't running. They were playing squash.
5 I wasn't watching a film. I was having a bath.
6 Justin wasn't reading. He was cooking dinner.
§ 1 bought 2 was cooking 3 was shining 4 was 5 opened 6 rang 7 went 8 came 9 wasn't 10 looked 11 was sitting 12 was eating 13 could 14 filled 15 went 16 wasn't looking 17 was enjoying 18 didn'thear 19 walked 20 wanted 21 was 22 heard 23 jumped 24 escaped

## Verb patterns 1

11 Do you like 2 Would you like 3 Do you like 4 would you like 5 Would you like 6 do you like 2 b 3 cl d5 e2 f6
2. 2 buying 3 to be 4 watching/to watch 5 to continue; stucying 6 painting 7 to work 8 playing/to play 9 to train

## will and going to

2 I'll get 3 I'll have 4 he's going to visit 5 I 'm going to have 6 I 'm going to go;
are you; I'll come 7 Ill send 8 Will you help me; I will

## Present Perfect

```
22 Have you had a haircut recently?
    (Answers will vary)
    3 What films have you seen this year?
    \& Have you ever smoked a cigarette?
    5 Have you eaten in a restaurant this
        week?
    6 Have youbough any CDs this
        month?
```

51 studied 2 have worked 3 was 4 made
5 lost 6 has seen 7 was 8 came out 9 have you visited 10 Have you made 11 haven't worked 12 flew 13 spent 14 did you go 15 wanted 16 drove I7've travelled 18 've met 19 Have you started 20 signed 21 's been

## have to and should

i 2 don't have to 3 have to; should 4 has to; should 5 doesn't have to; have to 6 have to; doesn't have to; should

## will and First Conditional

12 If it's sunny tomorrow we'll play tennis. of
3 I want to see her before she goes. $\#$
4 B No, I'll buy some. ,
5 Will you see Robert tomorrow? of
6 I'll wait here until you phone.
22 If she studies more she won't fail her exams.
3 If there's an election the government will win.
4 If it stops raining the river won't flood.
5 If the phone rings I'll answer it.
6 If you cook I'll do the washing up.
7 If the weather gets worse we won't go for a walk.

## Verb patterns 2

1 to pay 2 go 3 to read 4 meeting
5 laugh 6 to give up

## used to

(Answers will vary)
2 I don't play much sport now, but I used to play a lot.
3 She didn't use to like Indian food, but now she eats it every day.
4. He used to live in Kuwait, but now he lives in London.
5 I used to have a cat, but I haven't got any pets now.
6 He used to eat too much, but now he's on a diet.
7 We used to go to France on holiday, but now we go to Spain.
8 They didn't use to like watching TV, but now they watch it all the time.

## The passive

1 24,000 books have been sold in the last week.
3 The post is delivered at 8.00 every morning.
4 Mercedes aren't made in Sweden.
5 Four people were arrested during yesterday's football match.
6 Buckingham Palace was opened to the public in 1995.
7 The nev bridge want be buith nent year.
8 A cure for malaria has just been found by scientists in Paris.
2 I are 2 was climbed 3 have srood
a don't need 5 are aken 6 has begun
ruined 10 wasn't measured 11 is said 12 hasn't been climbed 13 try
14 succeed 15 have happened
16 have been lost 17 started 18 has
risen 19 don't go

## Second Conditional

12 If he did more exercise he'd be fitter.
3 If I were the President I'd abolish income tax.
4 If I won the prize I'd buy a new car.
5 If she had a car she wouldn't need to get the bus.
6 If I bought an alarm clock I wouldn't be late for work.
7 If we missed the bus we'd take a taxi.
22 If I had more money I'd go on holiday.
3 We could play football if the weather were nice.
4 I'd help you in the garden if my back didn't hurt.
5 If I were English I wouldn't have to study the language!

## Present Perfect Simple and Continuous

12 been; just 3 Have; had; Has; Has; yet 4 finished; already 5 Has; lost; haven't 6 've; for; Have; have; Since 7 gone \& Have; 've; haven't; yet
22 I've been cleaning. 3 He's been sitting in the sun. 4 I've been planning my holidays. 5 They've been decorating the bathroom. 6 l've been smoking cigars. 7 She's been trying them on.
31 How long have you been writing that letter? $\checkmark$
2 I'm exhausted! I've been playing tennis for hours.
3 Have you ever flown to Scotland? ?
4 Oh no! l've lost my car keys. of
5 Has the film started?
6 How long has she had her car? of
7 I've broken my leg.

## Past Perfect

12 I couldn't go skiing because I'd broken my leg.
3 They failed the exam because they hadn't studied.
4 I didn't recognize him because he'd had a haircut.
5 I apologized because I'd called him an idiot.
6 She was tired because she hadn't slept well.
7 We were hungry because we hadn's cooked enough food.
2 Ihad changed 2 had knocked down 3 had disappeared 4 walked 5 seemed 6 had built 7 met 8 hadin't stayed 9had moved 10 had got 11 talked 12 hadn'sleft 13 said is remembered 15 had attended 16 started 17 asked 18 had to 19 had forgotten 20 made
21 had changed
$0$

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- Workbook without key 9780194715688
- Workbook with key
- Workbook audio CD 9780194715690 9780194715744

New Headway Plus Pre-Intermediate for teachers:

- Teacher's Book

9780194715706 9780194715720

## Pre-Intermediate

## The world's most trusted English course

New Headway Plus is the course teachers and learners can rely on. Why? An authoritative integrated syllabus, motivating topics, and clearly focused tasks combine with a real understanding of what works in the classroom. It all makes for effective teaching and effective learning. Specially adapted for the Middle East and North Africa, the Student's Book also includes an Interactive Practice CD-ROM. The course combines the best of English teaching methodologies to help students use English accurately and fluently.

Key features
Fresh, modern design,
Universal topics
In-depth treatment of grammar,

Systematic vocabulary syllabus,
Pronunciation work,
Integrated skills work,
Everyday English section,

CD-ROM

This Workbook contains further consolidation exercises which revise the grammatical input of the Student's Book, vocabulary exercises, and a writing syllabus.

## www.oup.com/elt/headway

John and Liz Soars have many years of experience as teachers and teacher trainers. They are best known for their creation of the Headway series, which has won international acclaim and has redefined standards for English language coursebooks.



[^0]:    

[^1]:    36 Hete vell mel whats relke?

[^2]:    2 Whie a similar description of your city in about 200 words.
    Birst write some facts about it.
    Where is it?
    Is it big or small?
    What buildings and induseries does thaye?
    Nezt white some personal opinions.
    Doyoulikele
    Why?

[^3]:    5 plandcarefuly/you/ater/lookdo/have/to/this/very/?

[^4]:    A4 Unter D Dosandonts

[^5]:    80 Unit 14 Famiytics

