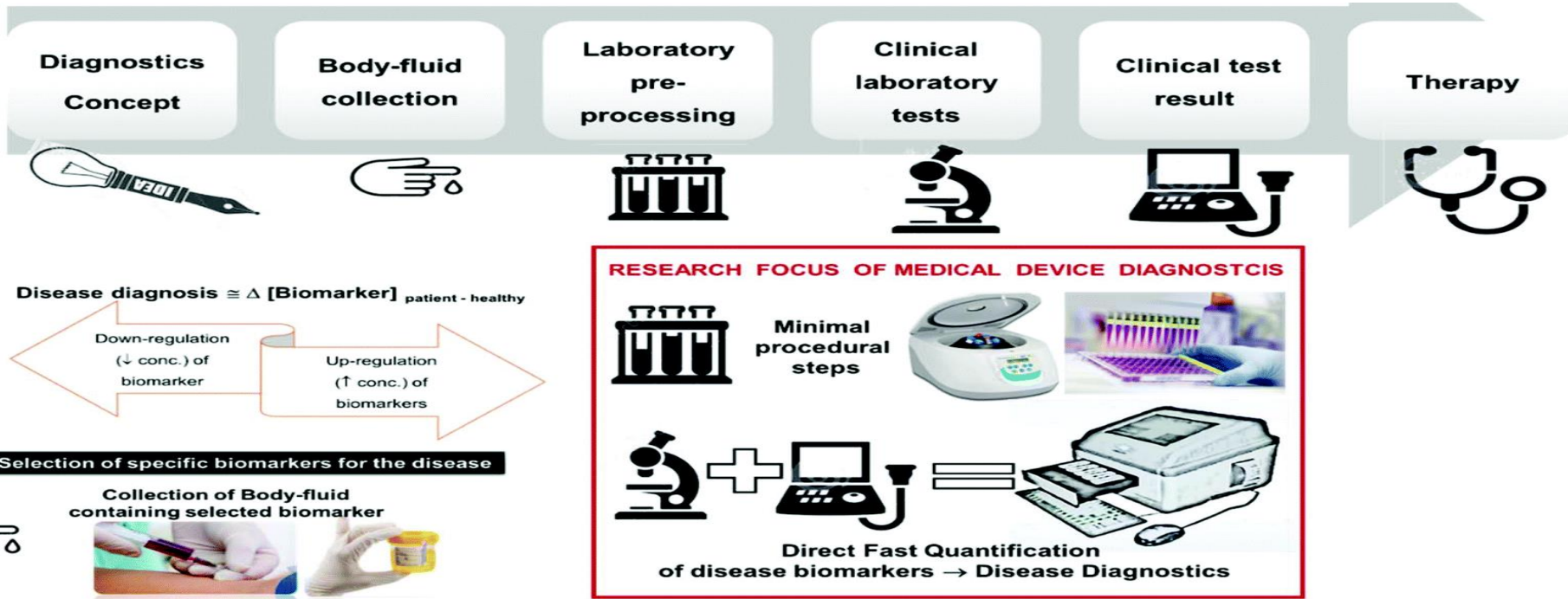


# Applications of Nanobiotechnology in Diagnosis



Dr. Hisham Faiadh  
Applied Nanobiotechnology

# Contents



**BRIEFLY REVIEW**



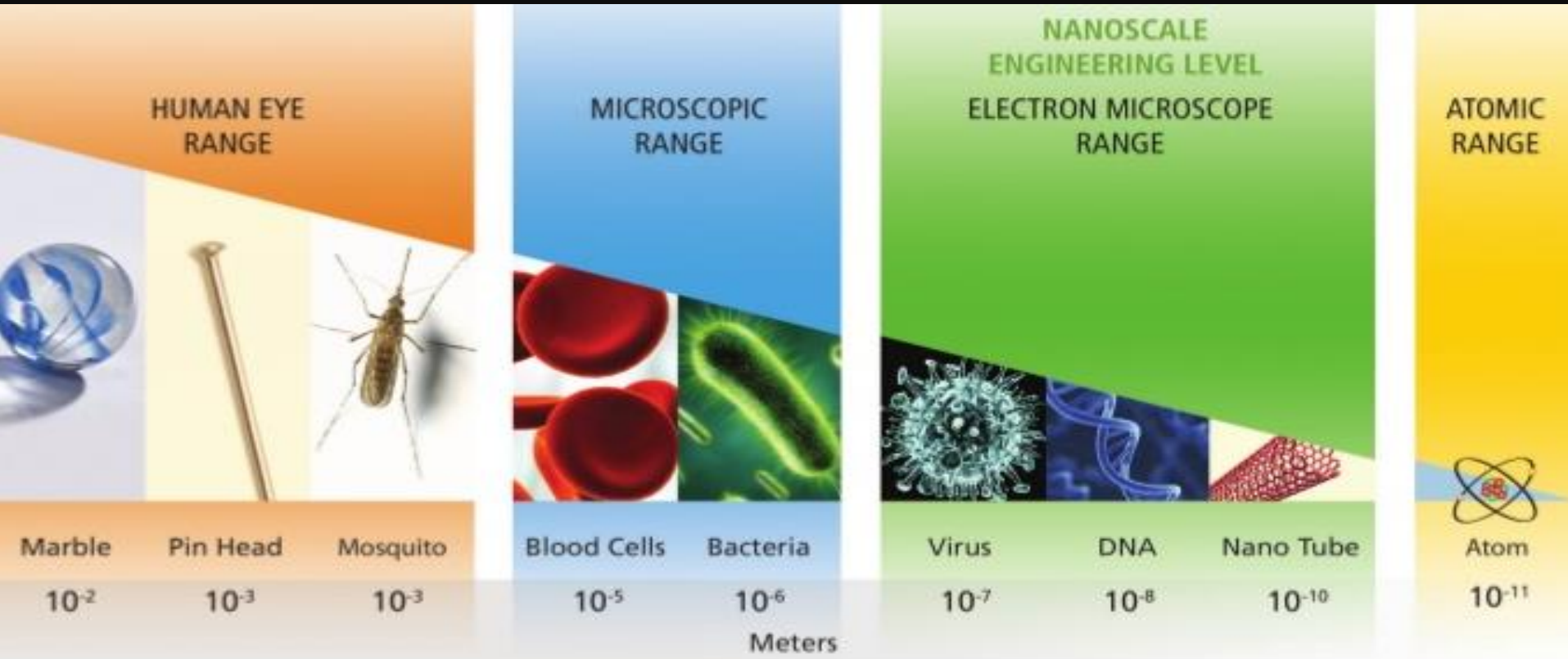
**METHODOLOGY**



**APPLICATION**



# Materials scale

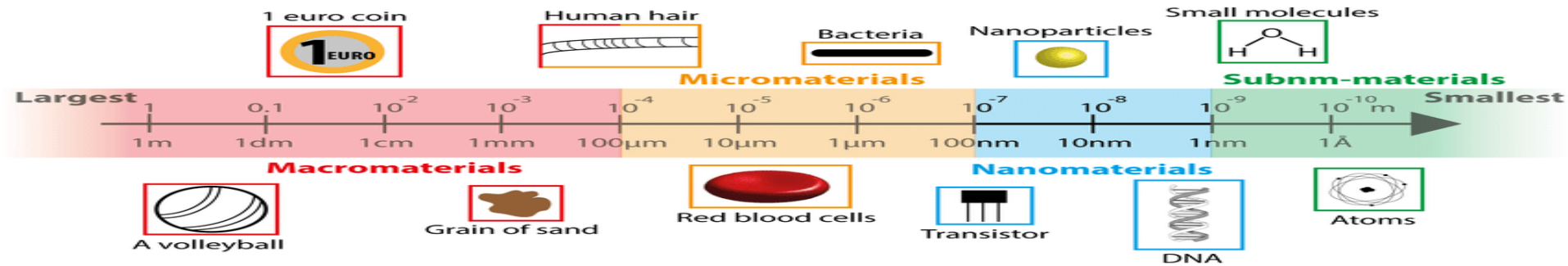


**Macrometer**

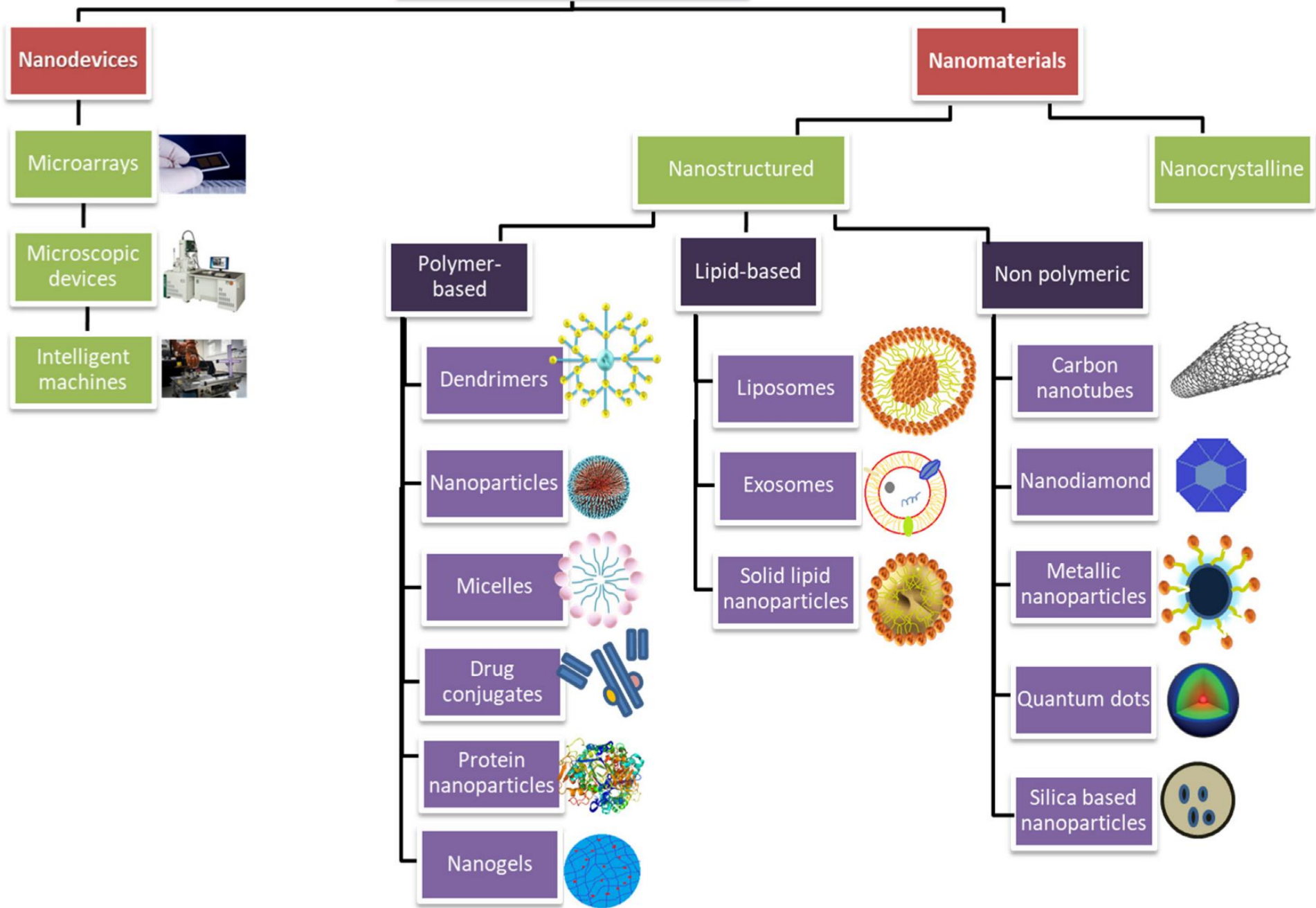
**Micrometer**

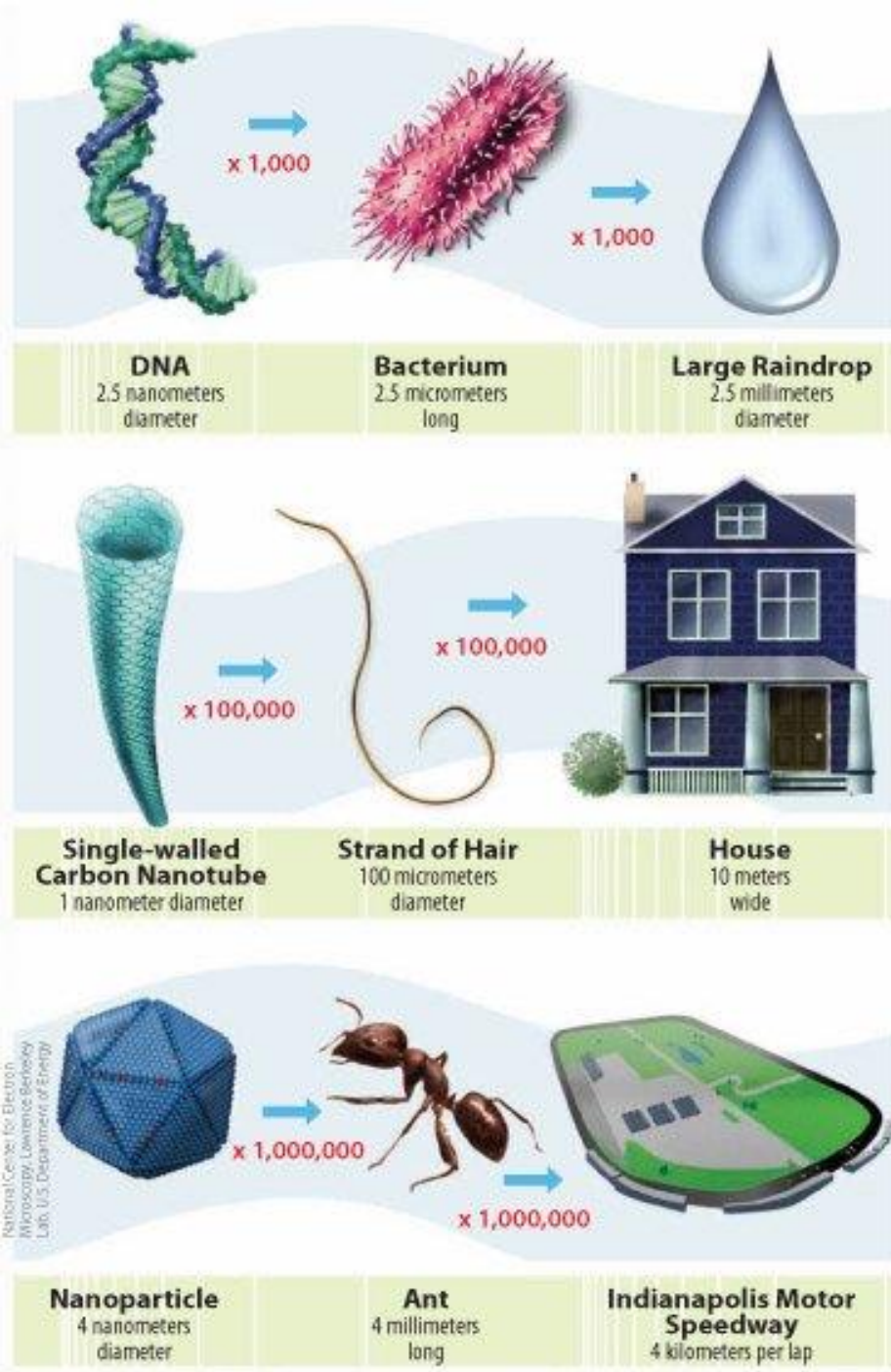
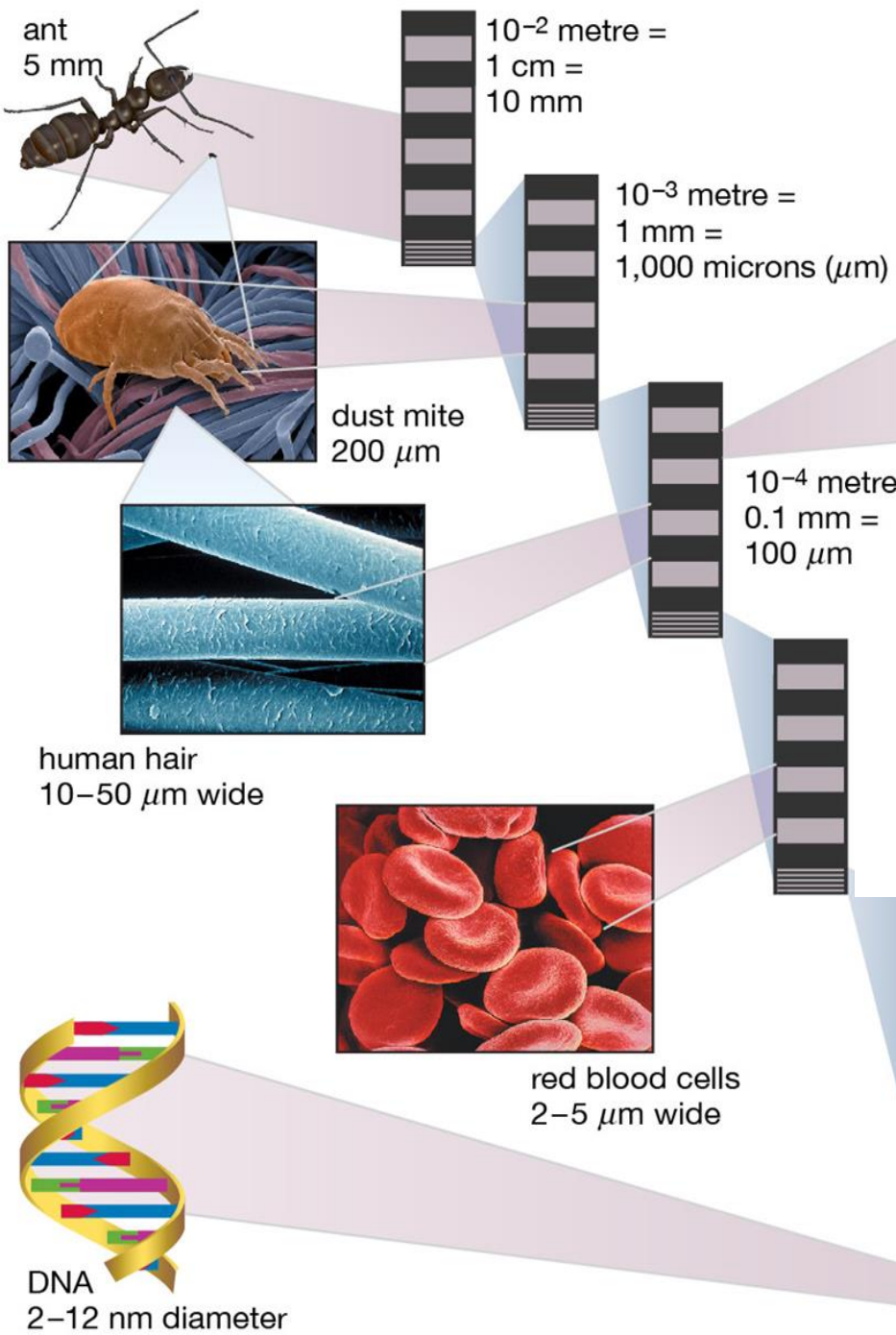
**Nanometer**

**Sub  
nano**

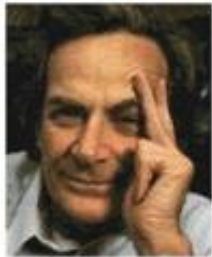


# Nanotechnology





# History of Nanotechnology



**1959:**  
**Richard Feynman**  
gave a talk on  
Nanotechnology



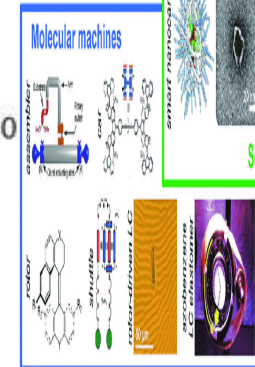
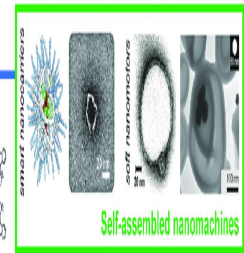
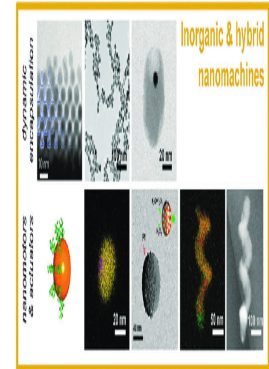
**1974:**  
**Norio Taniguchi**  
coined the term  
Nanotechnology



**1991:**  
**Sumio Iijima**  
discovered the  
Carbon Nanotube



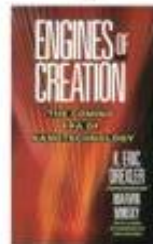
**2006:**  
**Naomi Halas and  
Jennifer West**  
are leading the  
field in Nanoparticles  
combating Cancer



**1960:**  
**William McLellan**  
constructed the first  
250-microgram motor



**1985:**  
**Researchers at  
Rice University**  
discovered fullerenes or  
more commonly know as  
buckyballs



**1986:**  
**Eric Drexler**  
made the concept  
popular with his  
book "Engines of  
Creation"



**1997:**  
**Zyvox**  
is founded and is  
the first company  
to research  
Nanotechnology

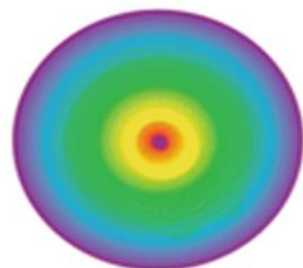


**2005:**  
**Günter Oberdörster**  
coined the term  
"Nanotoxicology"

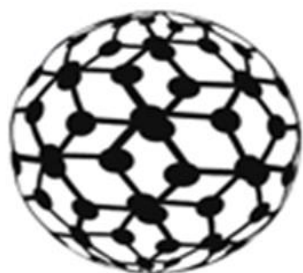
feature size

## 0D

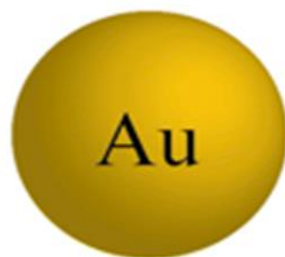
Nanospheres,  
clusters



Quantum dots



Fullerenes



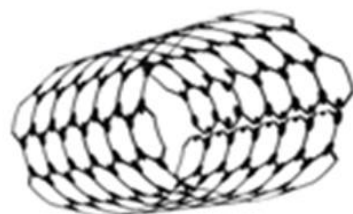
Gold nanoparticles

## 1D

Nanotubes,  
wires, rods



Metal nanorods,  
Ceramic crystals



Carbon nanotubes,  
Metallic nanotubes



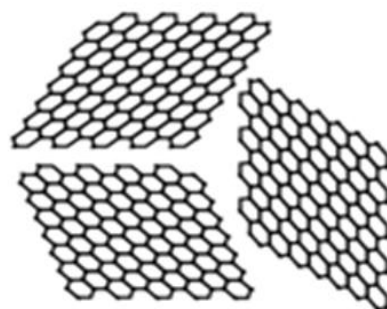
Gold nanowires,  
Polymeric nanofibers,  
Self assembled structures

## 2D

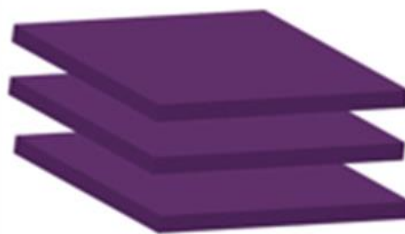
Thin films, plates,  
layered structures



Carbon coated  
nanoplates



Graphene sheets



Layered nanomaterials

## 3D

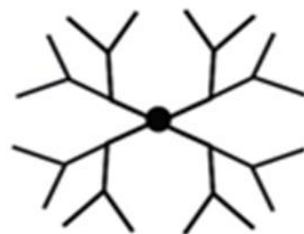
Bulk NMs,  
polycrystals



Liposome

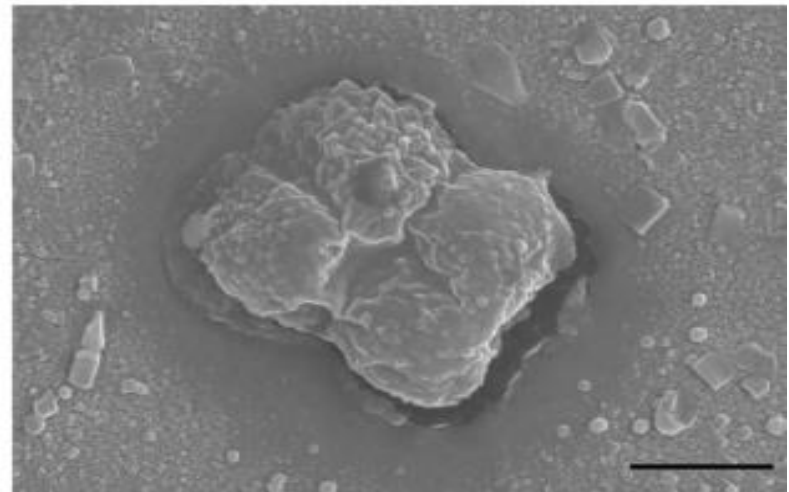
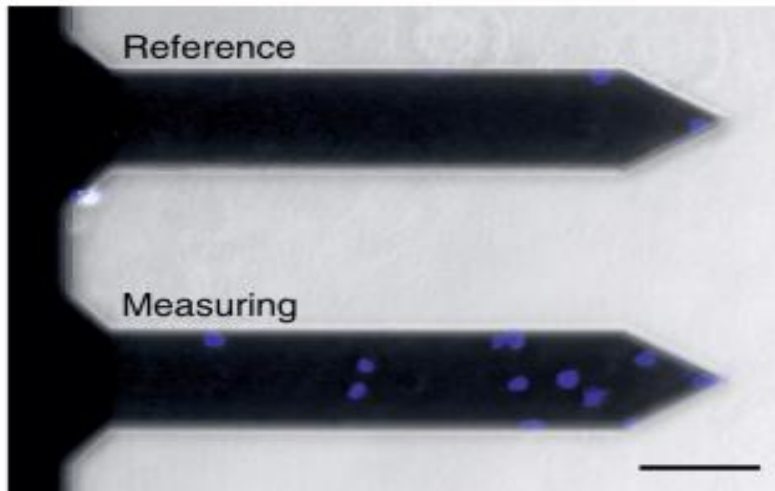
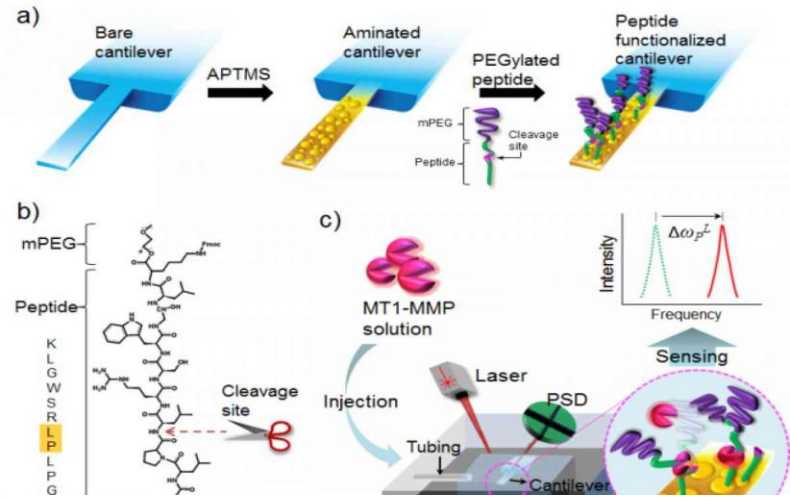
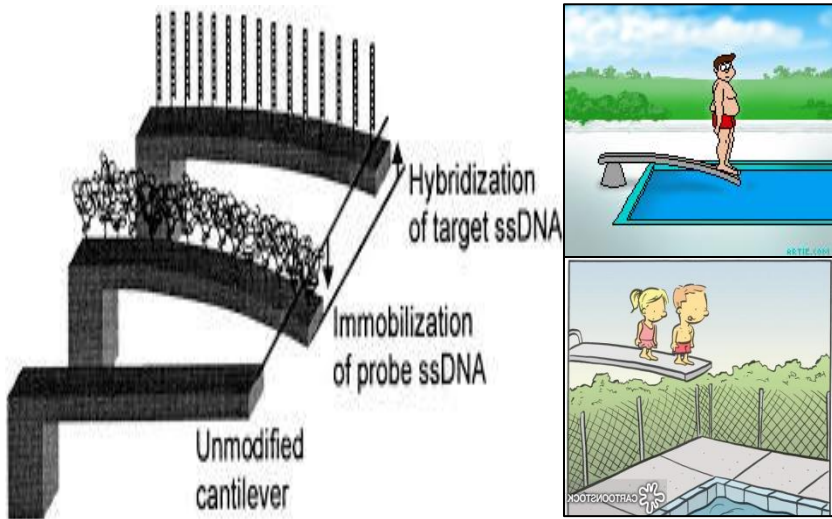


Polycrystalline



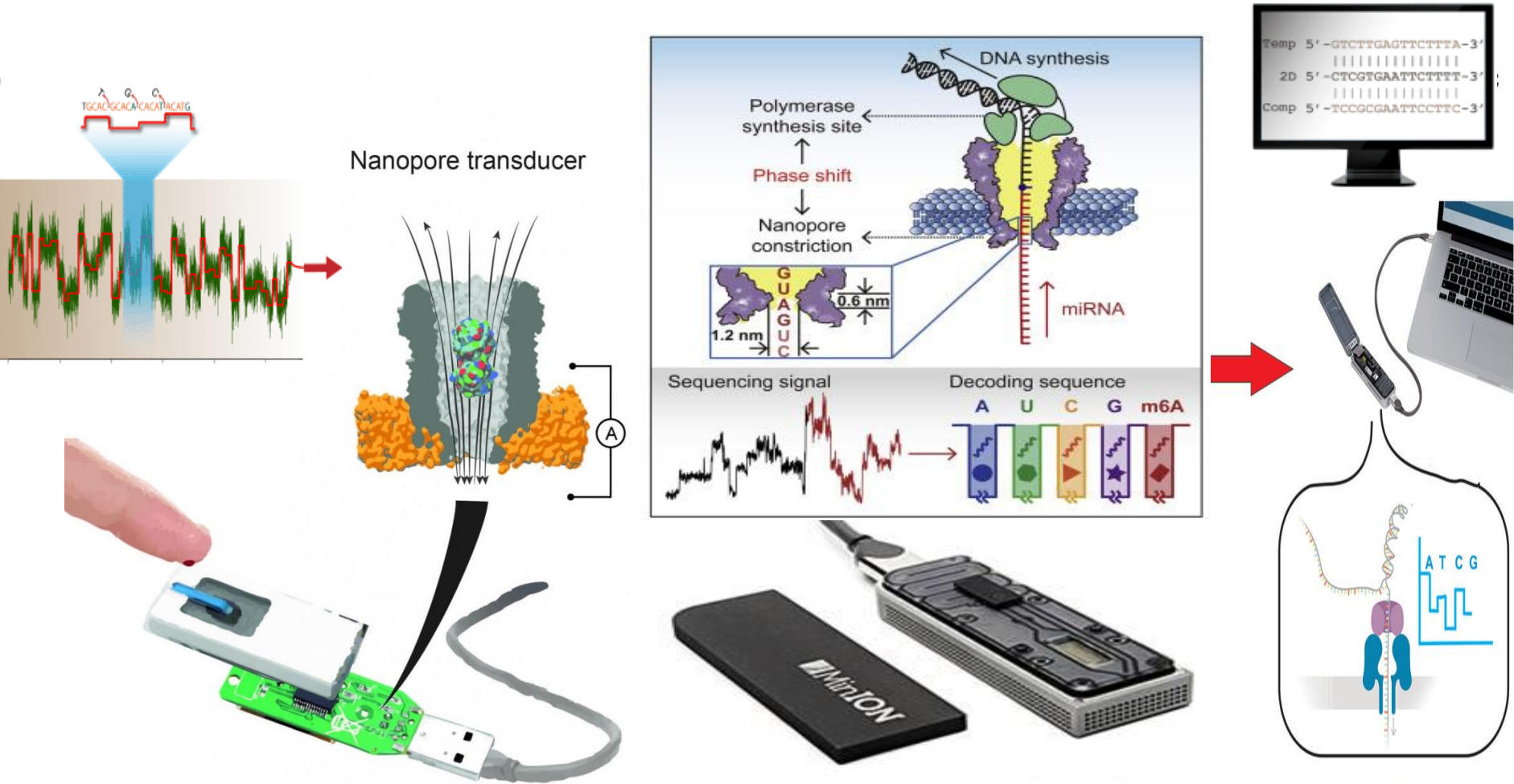
Dendrimer

# Nanocantilevers



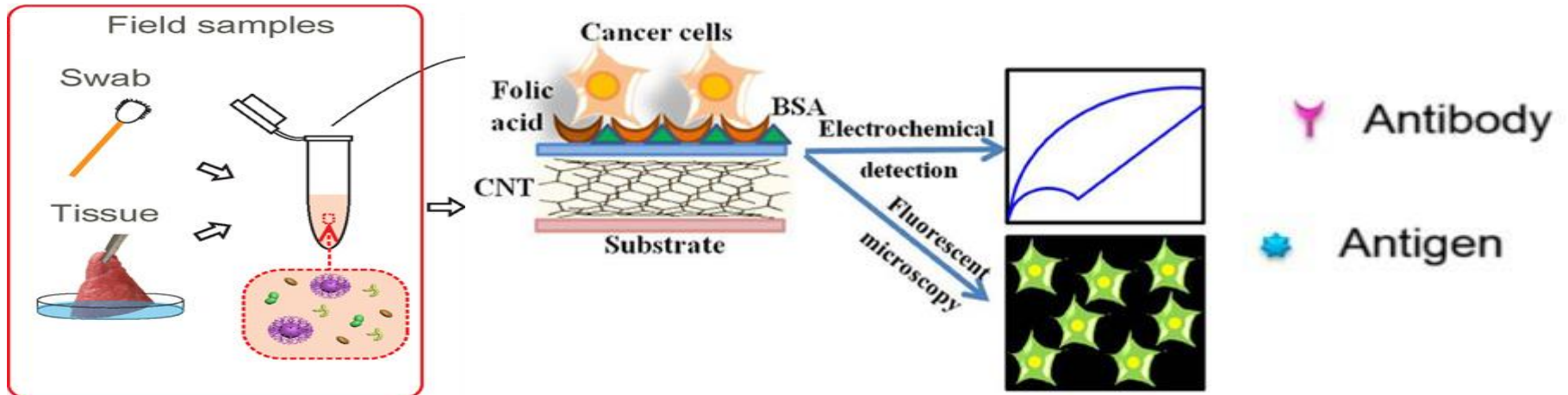
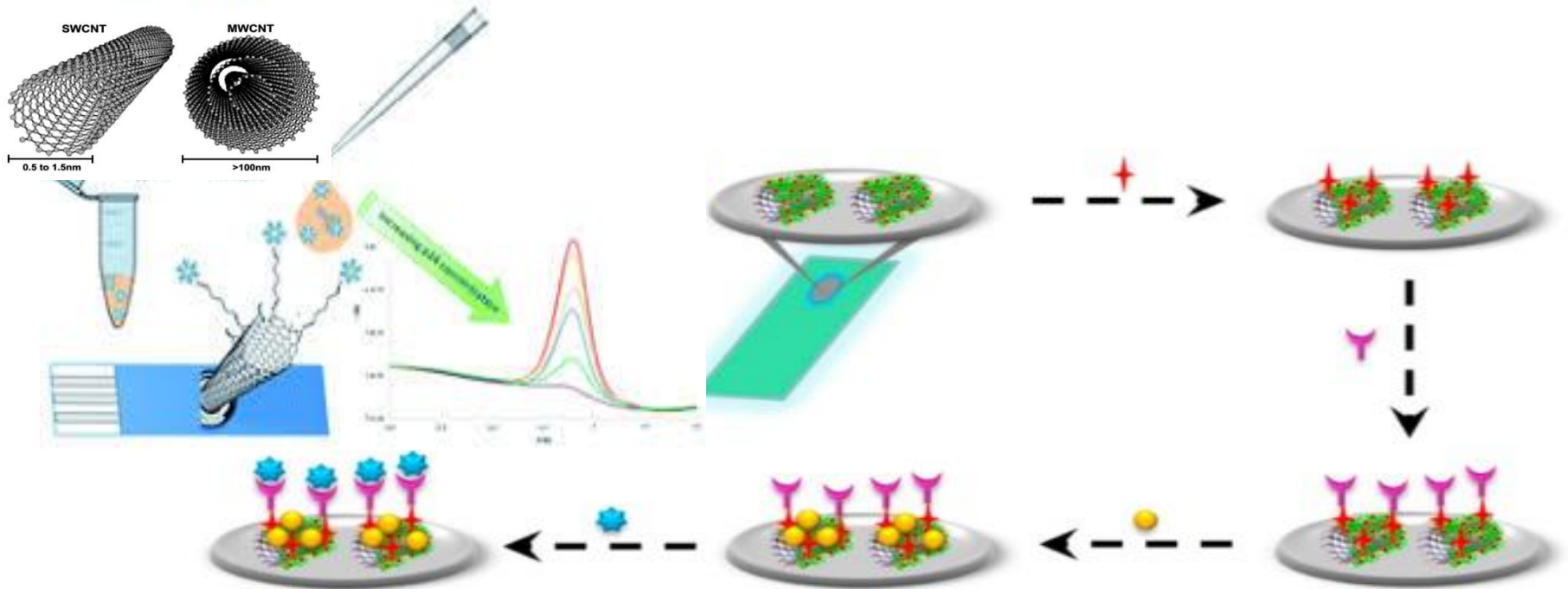


# Nanopores

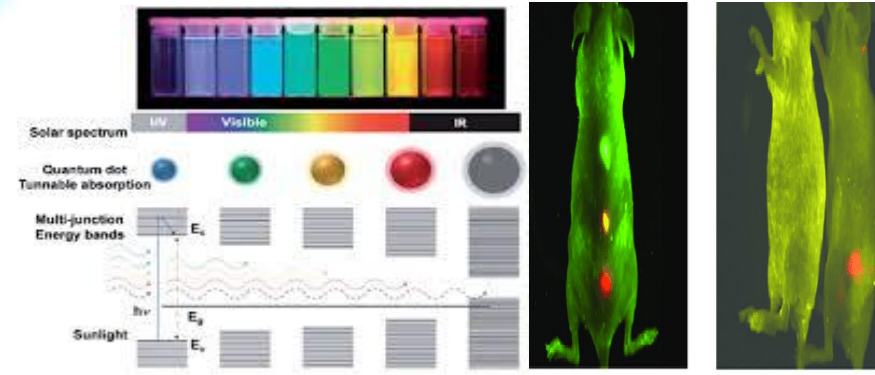
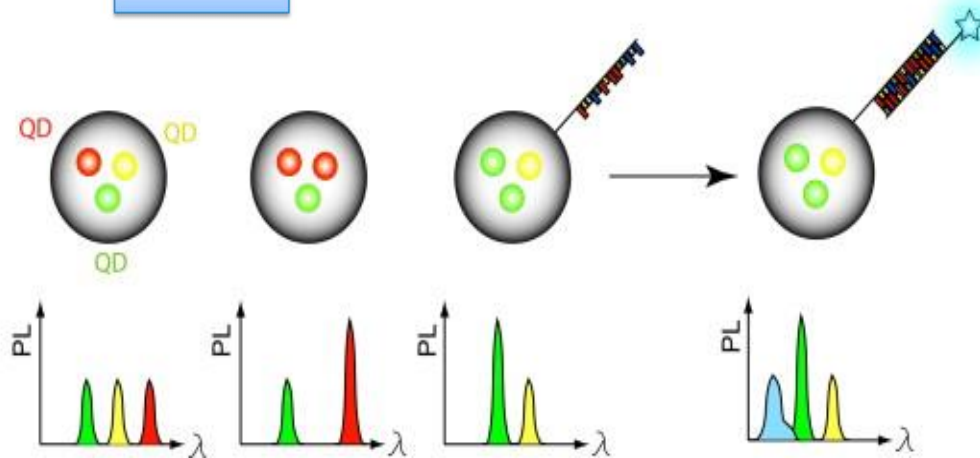
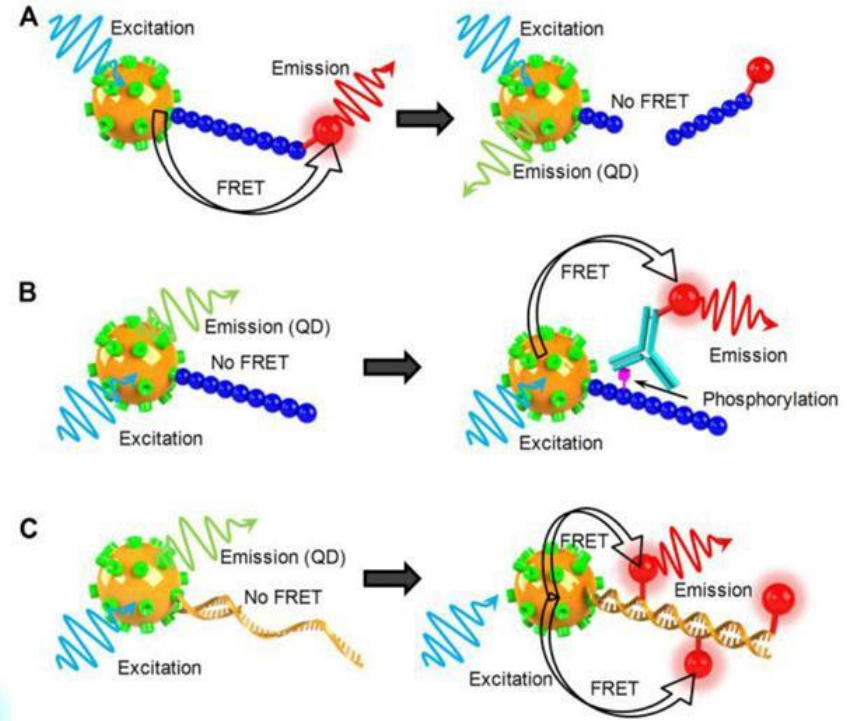
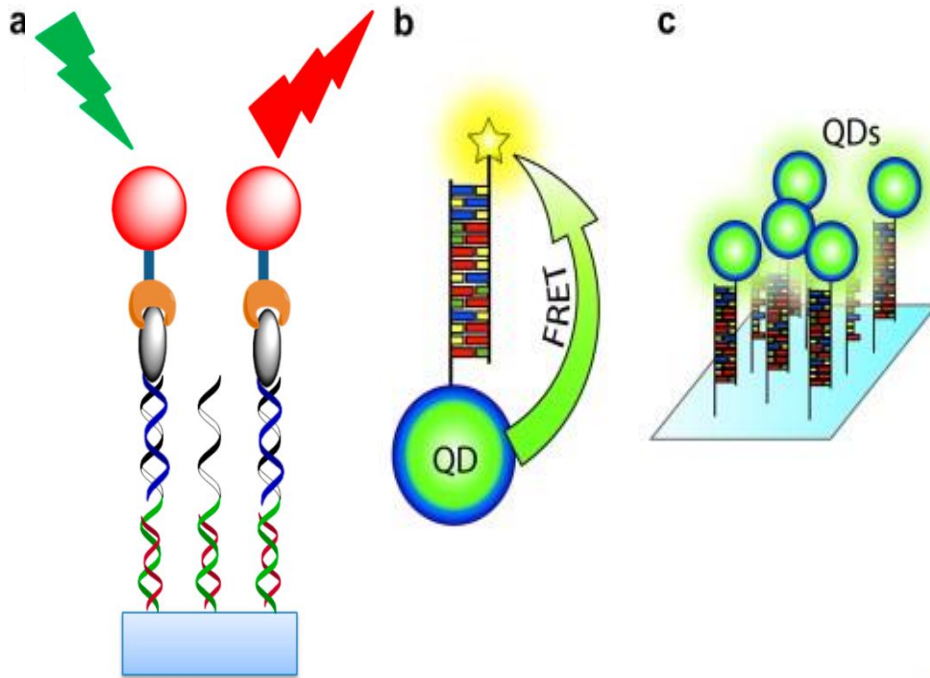


Nanopore Sequencing

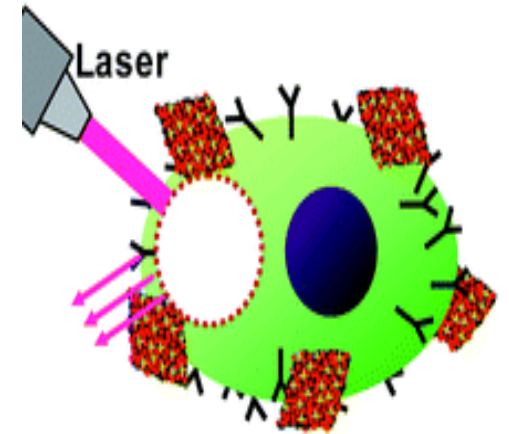
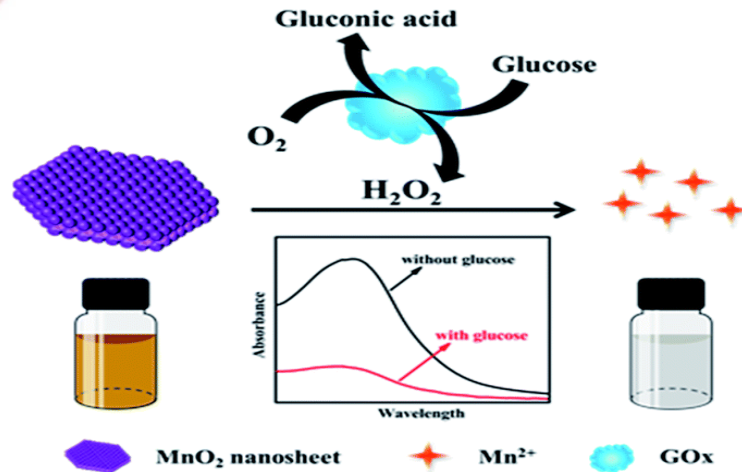
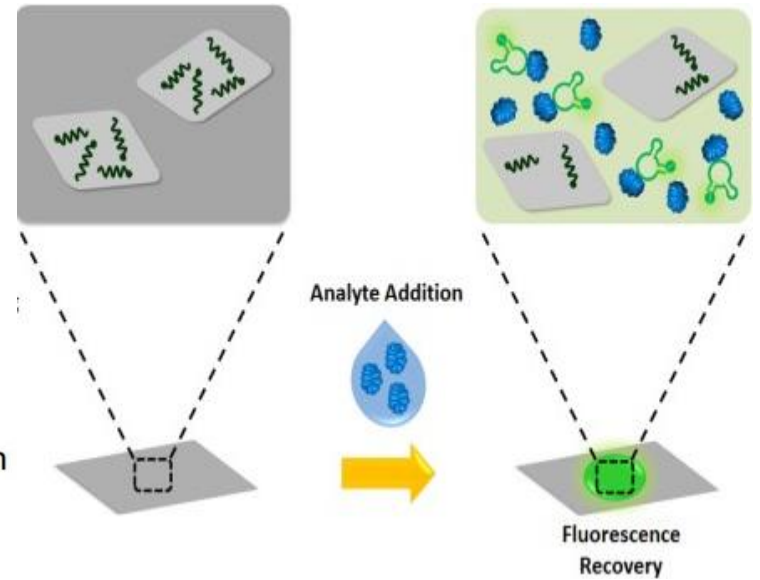
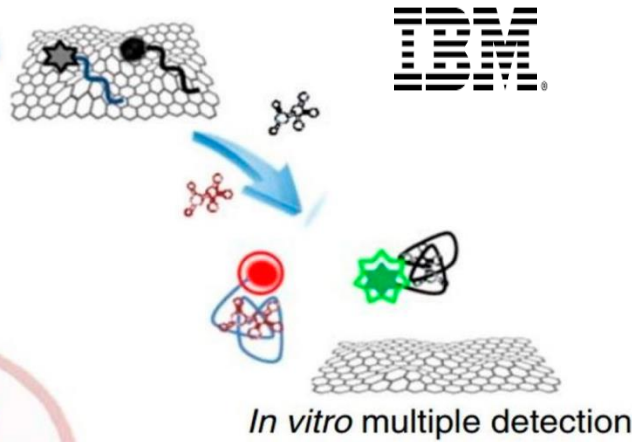
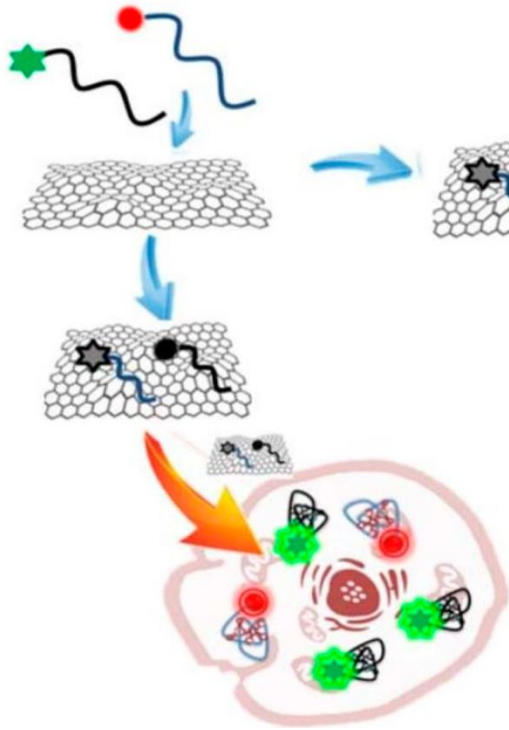
# Carbon Nano Tubes



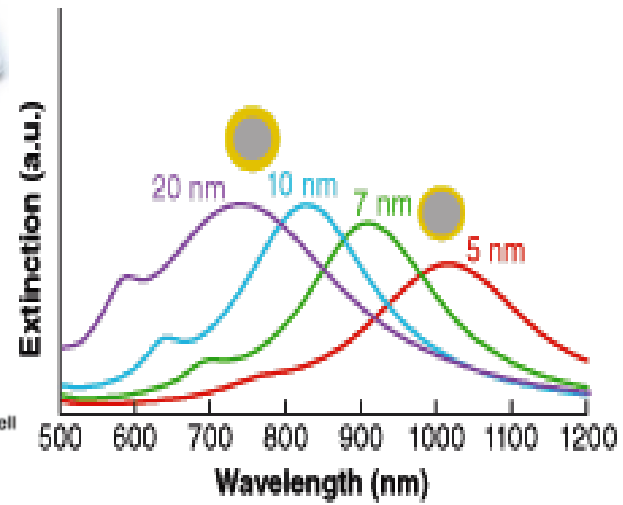
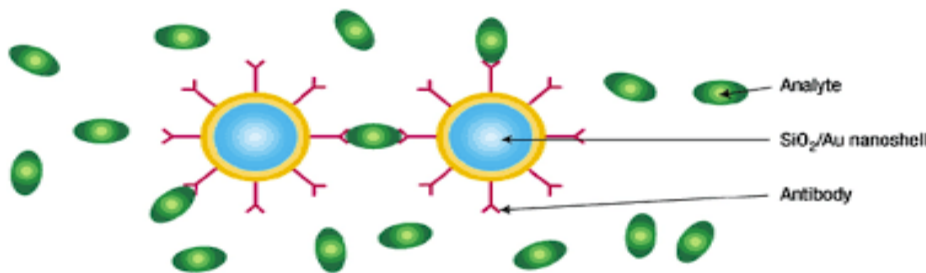
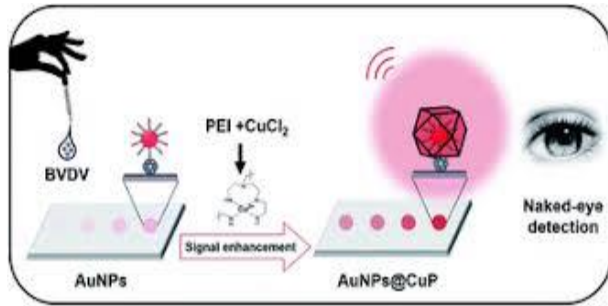
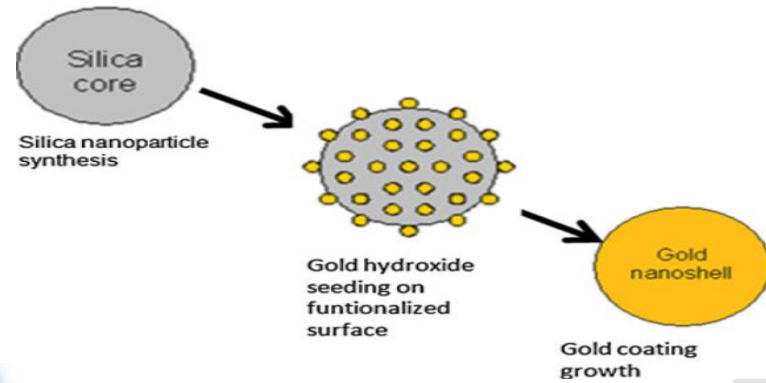
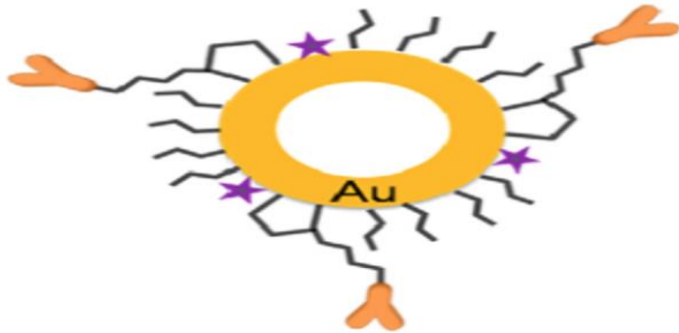
# Quantum NanoDots



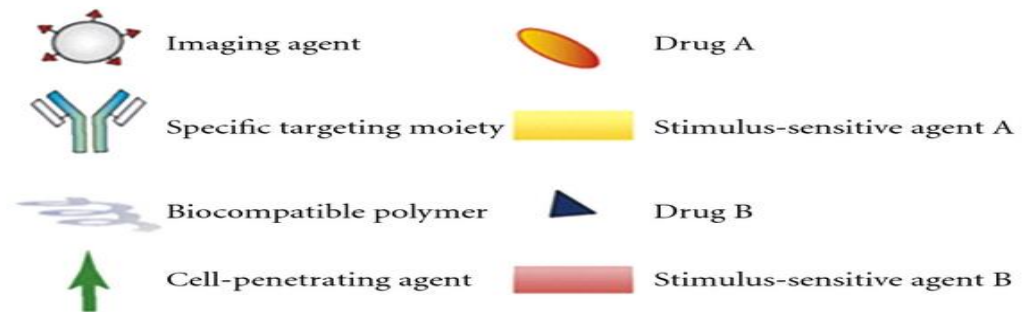
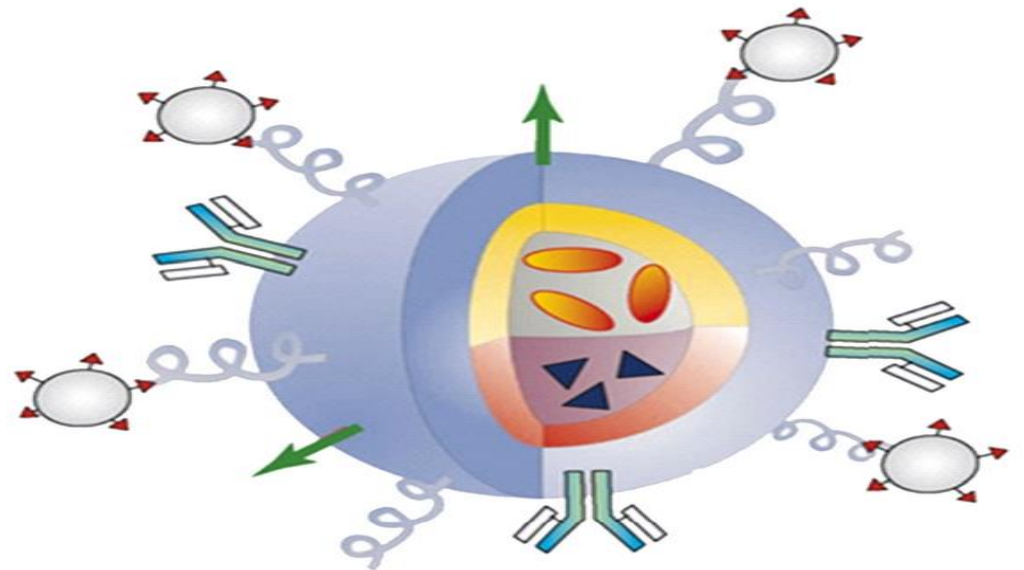
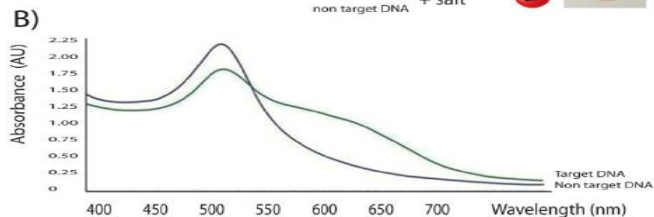
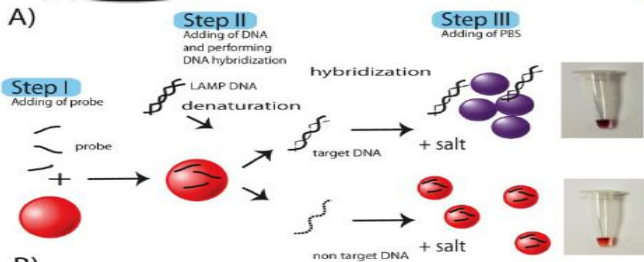
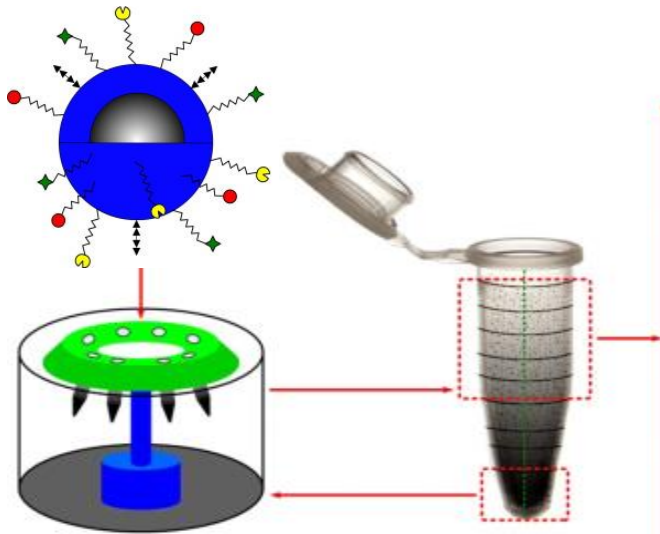
# Nanosheets



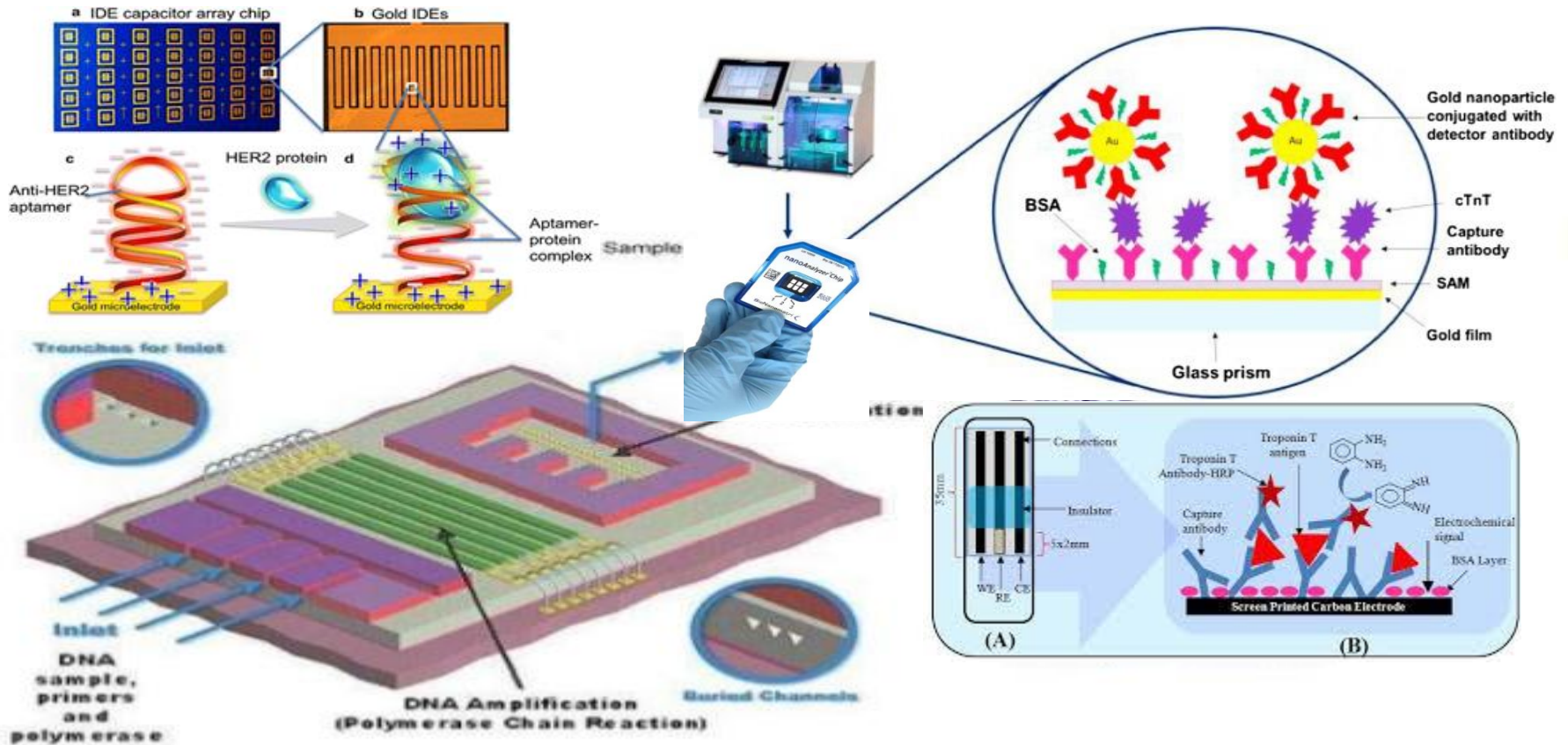
# Nanoshells



# Magnetic Nanoparticles



# Bio-NanoChip



# Dendrimers

Void spaces

Entrapment of guest molecules

Targeting groups

- Cationic, anionic, neutral, and hydrophobic
- Biocompatible
- Biomarkers

Generation (G)

G3

G2

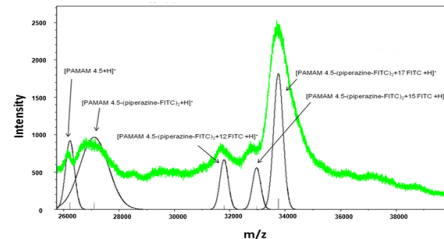
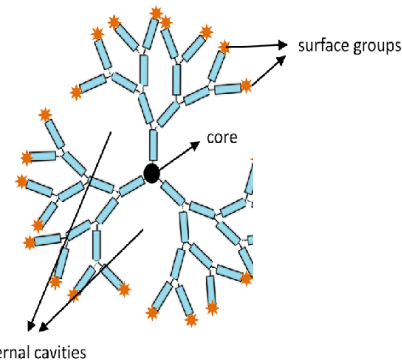
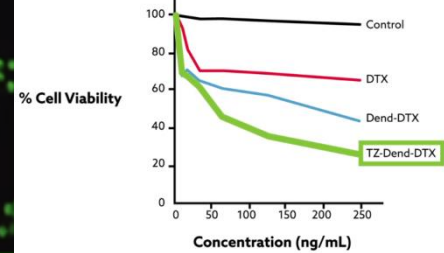
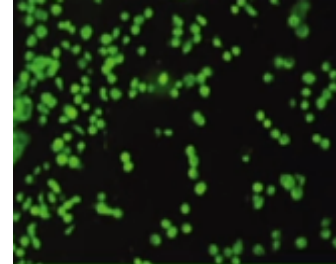
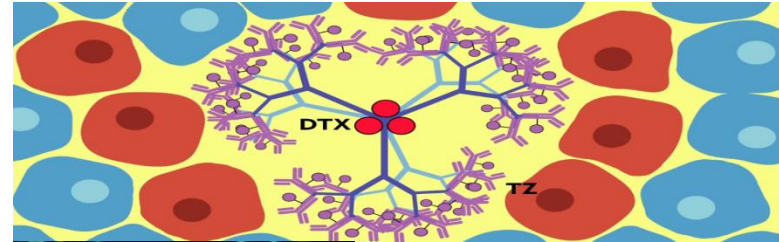
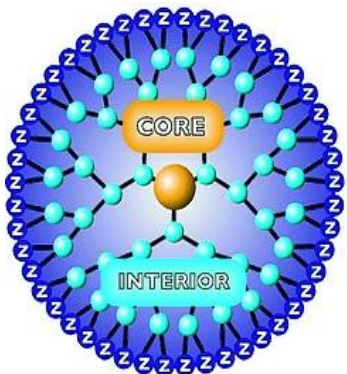
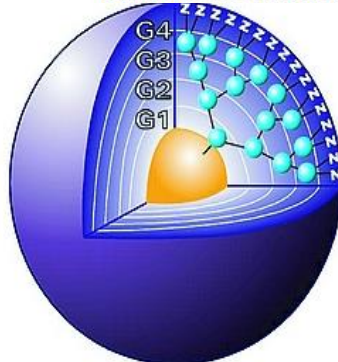
G1

Core

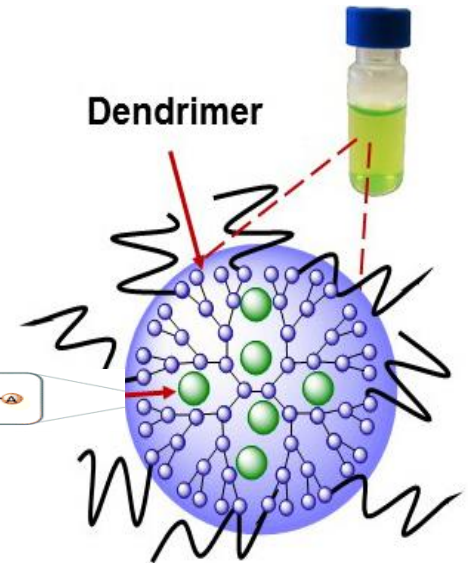
- Small molecules
- Nanoparticles
- Polymers
- Biocompatible

Interior branching

- Covalent structure
- Connect core to surface group

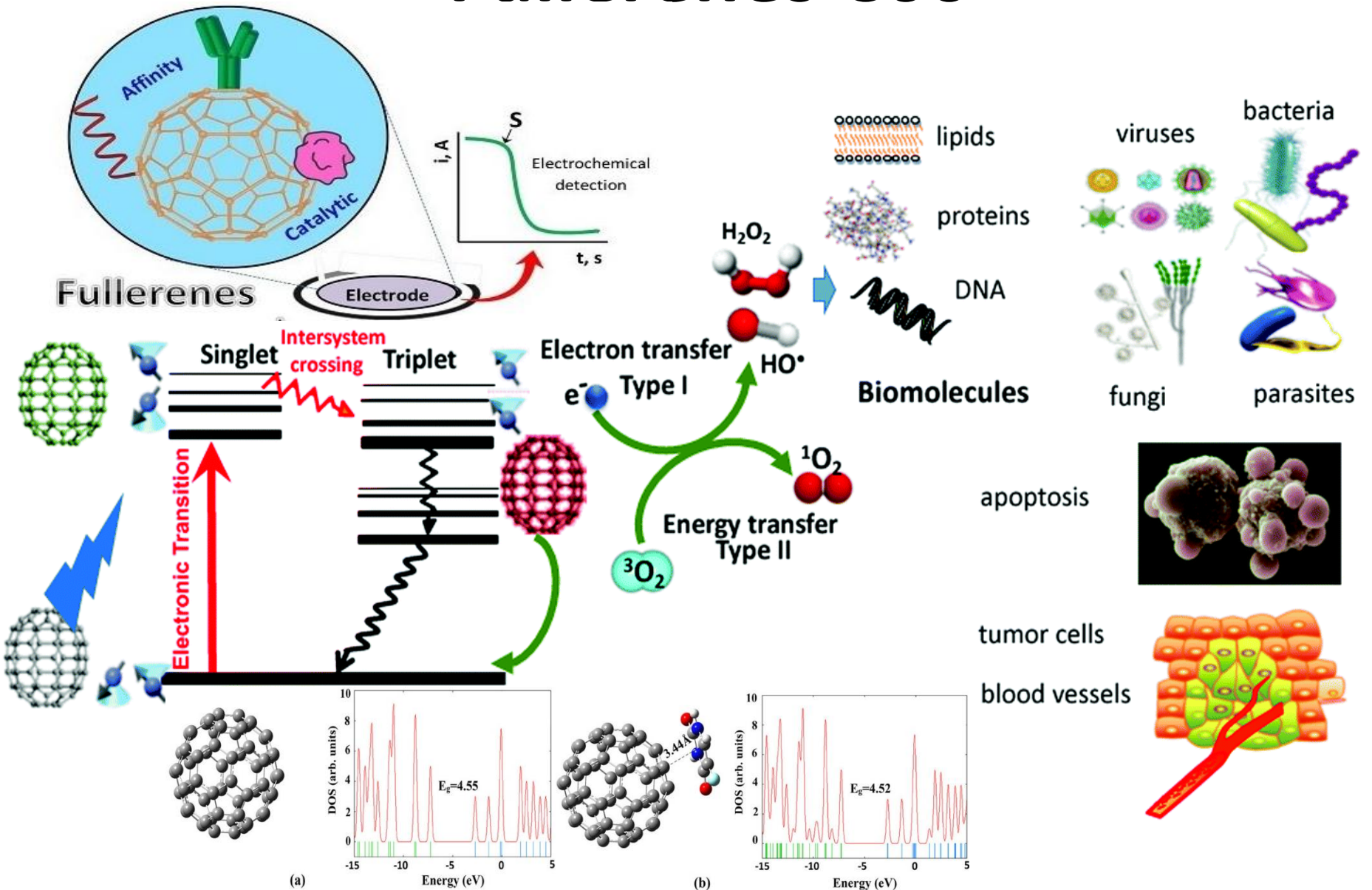


Dendrimer





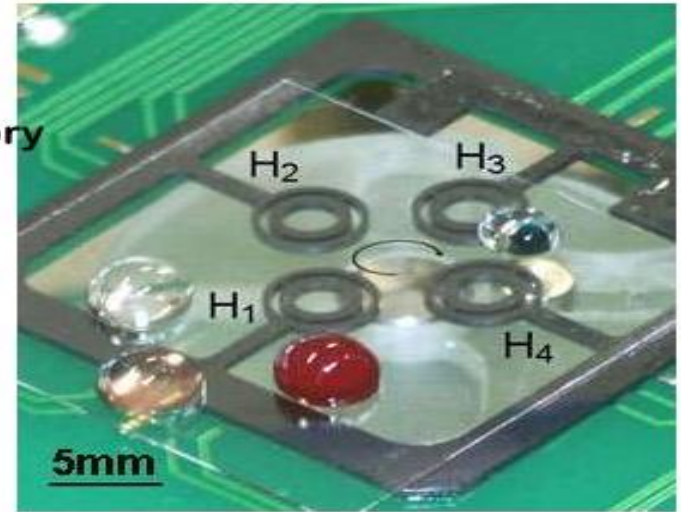
# Fullerenes C60



# Lab on Chip

## Lab on Chip

- A lab on chip integrates one or more laboratory operation on a single chip
- Provides fast result and easy operation
- Applications: Biochemical analysis (DNA/protein/cell analysis) and bio-defense



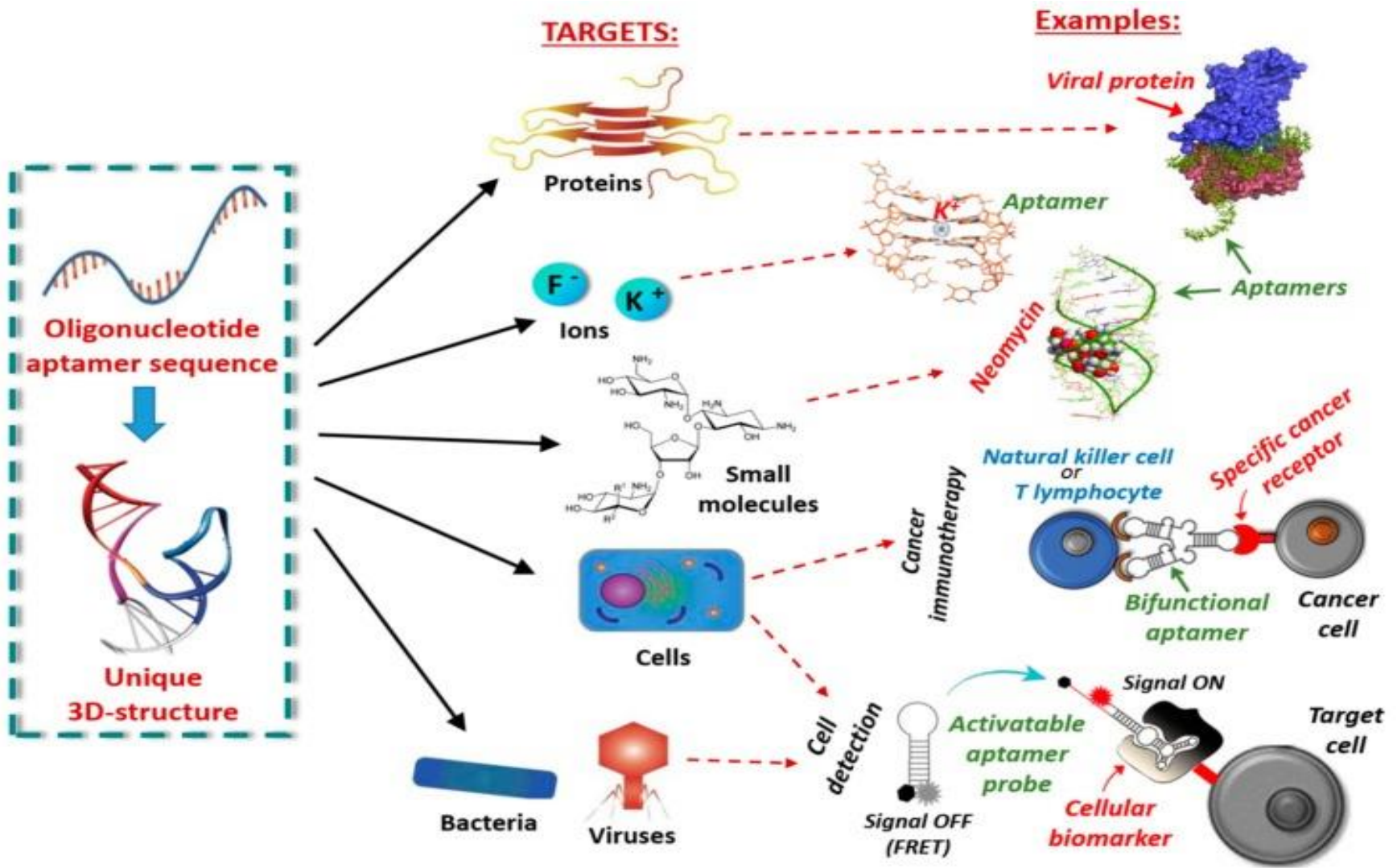
Fabrication of Gene chip

### Potential applications:

- (1) Lab-on-a-chip applications
- (2) Early cancer detection
- (3) Infectious disease detection
- (4) Environmental monitoring
- (5) Pathogen detection



# Aptasensors



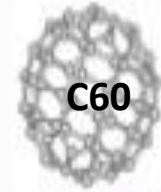
# NanoQuiz ???



12,756 Km



22 cm



C60

0.7 nm

**$10^{16}$**

**$1.27 \times 10^7 \text{ m}$**

**0.22 m**

**$0.7 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}$**



10 millions times  
smaller



1 billion times  
smaller