ORIGINAL ARTICLE



EFFECT OF CARROT POMACE POWDER ON THE QUALITATIVE TRAITS OF BISCUITS

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Abstract: The research is aimed to use carrot pomace after extracting the juice, and study its functional properties. The results of the chemical composition of carrot pomace were as follows: moisture 3.88%, protein 4.33%, fat 3.11%, ash 0.65%, crude fibre 13.22% and carbohydrates 88.03%, respectively. The results of the functional traits of carrot pomace were water holding capacity and swelling were 292.39 g, 98%, respectively while solubility and foam were 11.50% and 4%. The properties of flow were also studied the value of the bulk density and the tapped density were 0.5 and 0.65 g/cm, respectively whereas the value of the Hausner s Ratio and Carrs index were 1.24 and 19.35%, respectively. The results of the sensory evaluation values of the biscuit decreased with increase in addition level that the best replacement rate was 2.5% carrot-pomace. The firmness of biscuit ranged from 0.47 Kg to 4.25 Kg.

Key word: Fibre, Functional properties, Sensory evaluation, Bulk density.

Cite this article

Bushra B.J. Al-Shamari (2022). Effect of Carrot Pomace Powder on the Qualitative traits of Biscuits. *International Journal of Agricultural and Statistical Sciences*. DocID: https://connectjournals.com/03899.2022.18.2309

1. Introduction

Carrot is a cheap and highly beneficial crop, as it has a quantity of vitamins B_6 , B_2 , B_1 and B_{12} . In addition to being high in carotene and fibers [Baljeet *et al.* (2014), Wafaa and Zahraa (2021)] during the commercial juice production process 30-40% of the Carrot is missing as the pomace and more than 50% of the carotenoids go with the pomace [Wafaa and Habib (2021)].

Efforts were directed towards making use of carrot pomace and incorporating it into foods such as bread, cake, high-fiber biscuits and production of functional drinks. Carrot pomace contains 4-5% protein, 8-9% reducing sugars, 5-6% minerals and 37-48% total fiber, so it is added at levels of 10, 20 and 30% to wheat flour to prepare high fiber salty and sweet biscuits to improve the mineral content and mechanisms of both the two types of biscuits [Surbhi *et al.* (2018)].

During juice industry 25% is lost in the form of organic waste such as a peels stems, seeds and pomace from extracting juice, the impossible by-product is low cost, natural, biodegradable and has many nutritional

applications and contains a good amount of tocopherols, sterols and antioxidants [Abd AL-Hseen and Manea (2020)].

The aim of this research was to estimate the influence of carrot pomace powder on sensory evaluation and physical Parameter of biscuit.

2. Materials and Methods

2.1 Preparation of carrots pomace

Following cleaning and washing, and before the juice extraction procedure, carrots were bought at a local market in Basrah, the pomace carrots were collected and dried at 60°C for 5 min until it dries complete, after that, the pomace was ground in a laboratory mill, and sieved using amicro-sized 200-250 μ M.

Wheat flour, butter, sugar was purchased from Local market of Basrah city.

2.2 Chemical analysis

Moisture, ash, protein and fat were determined