The Spectrophotometric Determination of Antiepileptic Drug in Standard and Pharmaceutical Formulations by Diazotization Coupling Reaction and Some Metals Complexes

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Article History: ABSTRACT A rapid, sensitive spectrop the determination of Gat pharmaceutical preparation the coupling reaction betw to form an olive colored a 365nm.The optimum rea affected and time of rea complexes were character IR, (C.H.N.) analysis and M of all complexes was (1: method. Beer's law is obe Ni ²⁺ , Cd ²⁺ , Co ²⁺ and Zn ²⁺) ir 20, 2 - 25 and 2-30µg m ⁴ calculated and its found 1.684×10 ⁴ and 1.862×10 ⁴ Zn ²⁺ complexes respectivel of limits are also calculated	Submitted: 10.01.2020 whotometric method has been proposed for vapentin antiepileptic drug in pure and in its was developed. The method is based on veen Gabapentin with8-hydroxy quinoline in zo dye which gave maximum absorption at action conditions like: pH, Temperature ction were evaluated. The ligand and its zed by UV-visible spectroscopy, infrared FT- olar conductivity. The ratio of (metal: ligand) 2) by using molar ratio method and jop's yed for ligand and its complexes with (Cu ²⁺ , concentration ranges (2 - 20, 1.5 - 25, 1 -) respectively. The molar absorptivity also to be (1.396×10 ⁴ , 2.0208×10 ⁴ , 2.295×10 ⁴ , L.mol ⁻¹ .cm ⁻¹) for Cu ²⁺ , Ni ²⁺ , Cd ²⁺ , Co ²⁺ and y. The detection of limit and quantification 4. The stability constant of complexes equal	Revised: 02.02.2020 pharmaceutical formulations. Ana precision for the method have statistically to assess the applic interferes observed in the propos ions (Cu ²⁺ , Ni ²⁺ , Cd ²⁺ , Co ²⁺ and Zn work was devoted to investigat and 8-hydroxy quinoline to form of the development of sensitive and for determination of Gabapenti preparations and spectrophotome it's metal complexes with Cu ²⁺ , N Key words: Azo compound, complexes. Correspondence: Hussein H. Hussein Department of pharmaceutical ch University of Basrah, Iraq	Accepted: 12.03.2020 lytical parameters like accuracy and a been established and evaluated ation of the proposed method. No ed method. The complexion with five ²⁺) were studying. The aim of present e the reaction between Gabapentin polor Azo dye and use this product in d simple spectrophotometric method in in its pure and pharmaceutical stric studies of a azo dye formed and i ²⁺ , Cd ²⁺ , Co ²⁺ and Zn ²⁺ ions. Diazotization, Gabapentin, Metals emistry, College of pharmacy
to $(3.273 \times 10^6, 1.695 \times 10^2, 7.859 \times 10^6, 1.851 \times 10^5$ and $1.588 \times 10^2 L^2$.mol ⁻²) for Cu ²⁺ Ni ²⁺ Cd ²⁺ Cd ²⁺ and Zn ²⁺ complexes respectively. The		E-mail: hsennaserh@yahoo.com DOI: 10.5530/srp.2020.3.28	

method is successfully used for the determination of Gabapentin in

INTRODUCTION

Gabapentin drug is known chemically as [1-(aminomethyl) cyclohexaneacetic acid)], it is antiepileptic drug which is a structural analogue of the inhibitory neurotransmitter yaminobutyric acid (GABA) [1]. Gabapentin crosses the blood brain barrier and is used for the treatment of partial seizures. It has demonstrated analgesic effects in patients with chronic neuropathic pain states [2].Gabapentin anticonvulsant preparation drugs used in both epilepsy treatment and neuropathic pain, as an adjunct therapy for partial seizures in children and adults [3-4]. Many analytical methods have been used for the assessment of Gabapentin drug in pharmaceutical formulations such as (HPLC) high performance liquid chromatography [5-7], voltammetry [8], visible spectrophotometry [9-11], capillary electrophoresis [12], chemiluminometry [13], UV-spectrophotometry [14-16] electrophoresis [17], fluorimetry using sequential injection [18], fluorimetry using sequential injection [19]. spectrofluorimetry [20], potentiometric sensor [21] spectrofluorimetry [22] voltammetry [23], using piezoelectric pumping [24]. Many analytical methods for therapeutic monitoring also have been wrote in the literature explain the quantitative determination of Gabapentin in human serum or plasma using GC [25], CE [26].

EXPERIMENTAL

All absorbance measurements and spectral were carried out by used a Jena Model 1100, UV-Visible spectrophotometer(Germany) in pharmaceutical chemistry department, college of pharmacy, university of Basrah, Iraq. The UV-Visible spectrophotometer was equipped with a guartz cell with a 10mm path length. E. Meter electrical balance is used for weighting the sample. The pH measurements are performed using Philips PW 9421 pH meter.FTIR-8400 shimadzu, single beam bath laser spectra were recorded as KBr in the range of (4000-400) cm⁻¹. The CHN analysis measurements for the synthesized compounds were performed by using Euro Vector model EA3000A (Italy), and Molar conductivity was measured at 25 ℃ for 10-3M solution of DMSO .Melting points were determined by using Stuart melting point apparatus PH7110.

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Reagents

All chemicals used were of analytical grade. Gabapentin pure was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich Co. The commercial drugs used in the present work were taken from commercial markets. Pharmaceutical preparation of Gabapentinlikes Gabtin capsules-100 mg (Al-Debeiky pharmaceutical products for Delta pharma, Egypt), and Gabix capsules (Getz pharma, Karachi, Pakistan), contain 100mg GAB. per capsule. GABATREX capsules (HIKMA) contain 100 mg Gabapentin per capsule.