

\*

\*

	2000	1999	
38		44	53
<i>Platycephalus</i>		%20.9	<i>Thryssa</i>
			.%
			9.5
5.71	1.15		
0.74	3.18	1.89	
%0.69	%3	0.96	

(11)

(21) 58

116

138

(17) .(15)

(25) (8 4 26 9 7 2 5)

.(3 1)

2000 1999 (1 ) 29°51' N- 48°47' E

( )

18 17 )

( 75-25 1 2

100 <)

%.5

Digital

(

.Salinometer E303

.(19) (13)

:

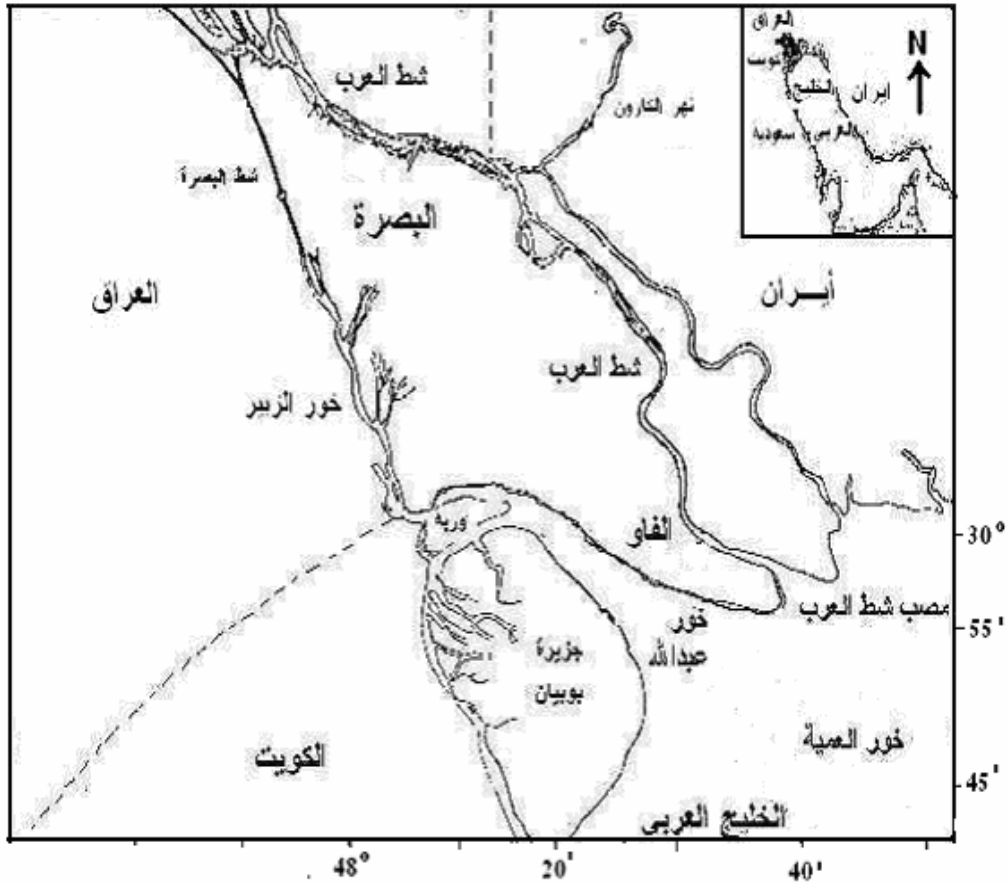
.(23)

:Relative abundance

$$\text{Relative abundance (\%)} = \frac{n_i}{N} * 100 \quad (18)$$

=N

=  $n_i$



(1)

:Diversity Index

$$H = - \sum P_i \log_e P_i$$

(24)

$$= P_i \quad = H$$

$$J = H / \log_e S$$

(22)

:Evenness index

$$= S \quad = H \quad = J$$

$$D = S - 1 / \log_e N$$

(20) :Richness index

$$= N \quad = S \quad = D$$

Jaccard                      :Similarity indices  
(B)                                      (A)

-

:

Jaccard similarity index =  $( a / a + b + c ) * 100$                       (12)

.B   A                      = a

.B                      A                      = b

.A                      B                      = c

Cluster                      SPSS                      Jaccard ضمن

.Analyses

.                      44                      53

                    %20.9 *Thryssa*                      .                      38

417                      %9.5                      *Platycephalus*                      889

*Platycephalus indicus*                      *Thryssa mystax*                      .(1                      )

T.                      *Leiognathus bindus*

*hamiltoni, Ilisha elongata, Solea elongata, Polydactylus sextarius*

*Cynoglossus arel,*

*Pseudotriacanthus strigilifer*                      , *Arius bilineatus, Johnieops sina*

*Upeneus sulphureus, , Johnius belangerii*

.(1                      )

.(2                      )

(2)

(                      )

(                      38)

(%)

(N)

(1)

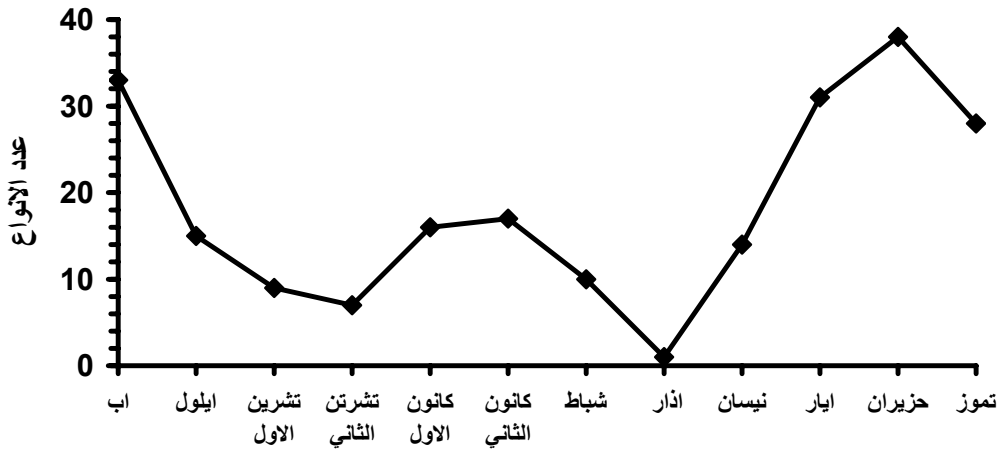
%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	
29.4	105	14.4	70	21.5	39	19.5	41	14.6	50	10.3	61	<i>Thryssa mystax</i>
7.8	28	2.1	10	-	-	-	-	9.1	31	3.2	19	<i>Platycephalus indicus</i>
7.6	27	16.7	81	17.7	32	-	-	6.4	22	5.2	31	<i>Thryssa hamiltoni</i>
3.1	11	8.2	40	-	-	-	-	11.4	39	6.9	41	<i>Leiognathus bindus</i>
12.0	43	3.7	18	-	-	-	-	8.8	30	18.8	112	<i>Johnieops sina</i>
-	-	6.4	31	6.1	11	9.1	19	-	-	6.6	39	<i>Cynoglossus arel</i>
-	-	8.2	40	16.6	30	14.3	30	9.1	31	3.2	19	<i>Arius bilineatus</i>
2.8	10	-	-	12.7	23	9.5	20	6.1	21	3.7	22	<i>Ilisha elongata</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	3	<i>Grammoplitis scaber</i>
-	-	8.2	40	12.7	23	9.5	20	-	-	2.9	17	<i>Solea elongata</i>
-	-	5.1	25	-	-	11	23	6.1	21	5.6	33	<i>Upeneus sulphureus</i>
5.9	21	9.7	47	-	-	-	-	8.5	29	2.0	12	<i>Johnius belangerii</i>
7.6	27	4.1	20	12.7	23	12.9	27	-	-	-	-	<i>Protonibea dicanthus</i>
9.8	35	5.8	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Tenuulosa ilisha</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7	22	<i>Otolithes ruber</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.6	19	2.5	15	<i>Caranx kalla</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.9	29	<i>Saurida tumbil</i>
-	-	1.6	8	-	-	5.2	11	-	-	1.8	11	<i>Polydactylus sextarius</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	9.1	19	5.8	20	2.9	17	<i>Ilisha megaloptera</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	8	<i>Pseudotriacanthus strigilifer</i>
-	-	3.1	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.7	10	<i>Pseudorhombus arsius</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.2	19	<i>Triacanthus biaculeatus</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.8	11	<i>Minous monodactylus</i>
1.7	6	1.2	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Apogon ellioti</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	9	<i>Ephippus orbis</i>
4.2	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.9	10	-	-	<i>Sardinella sirm</i>
2.2	8	1.4	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	3	<i>Scomderoides commersomanus</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	3	<i>Saurida undosquamis</i>
2.8	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.9	10	-	-	<i>Sardinella albella</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Acanthopagrus latus</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	4	<i>Formio niger</i>
0.6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	5	<i>Therapon theraps</i>
0.6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	4	<i>T. puta</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	3	<i>Argyrops spinifer</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Silago sihama</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Upeneus bensasi</i>
1.1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Acanthopagrus hasta</i>
0.8	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Pelates quadrilineatus</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	5	<i>Plotosus anguillaris</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	5	0.5	3	<i>Nemipterus tolu</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.2	4	0.34	2	<i>Caranx malabricus</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>C. leptolepis</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Eupleurogrammus muticus</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Atropus atropus</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Eleutheronema tetradactylum</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Sigarnus oramin</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Scatophagus argus</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Zebrias synapturoides</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Ablennes hiaus</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	1	<i>Hippocampus kuda</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Hemiramphus marginatus</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Epinphelus tauvina</i>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	2	<i>Bathgobius fuscus</i>
	357		486		181		210		342		595	العدد الكلي

%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N
14.7	648	17.4	120	11.3	74	6.6	29	12.8	30	-	-	14.8	29
9.5	417	8.6	59	12.2	80	13.7	60	32.1	75	100	30	12.8	25
6.2	272	4.4	30	4.7	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.2	18
6.1	270	7.7	53	5.5	36	4.3	19	8.6	20	-	-	5.6	11
5.5	241	1.9	13	1.7	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.1	14
4.4	193	4.1	28	2.3	15	11.4	50	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.4	192	3.6	25	2.6	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3	188	8.0	55	3.1	20	3.9	17	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2	184	7.7	53	7.8	51	9.3	41	15.4	36	-	-	-	-
3.8	168	2.9	20	2.3	15	4.1	18	6.4	15	-	-	-	-
3.6	159	3.6	25	3.2	21	2.5	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.5	156	1.6	11	3.2	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.7	15
2.7	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.7	23
2.4	107	-	-	-	-	1.8	8	-	-	-	-	18.4	36
2.4	106	2.3	16	2.9	19	6.6	29	8.6	20	-	-	-	-
2.4	105	3.5	24	4.6	30	3.9	17	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4	104	4.2	27	3.5	23	5.7	25	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	97	1.5	10	1.8	12	3.0	13	7.3	17	-	-	7.7	15
2.0	90	1.6	11	1.5	10	3.0	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.9	85	3.1	21	6.0	39	3.9	17	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.9	82	1.5	10	2.9	19	2.7	12	2.6	6	-	-	5.1	10
1.3	59	2.2	15	3.8	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.1	50	2.9	20	1.8	12	1.6	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.8	37	1.5	10	2.3	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.6	28	1.5	10	1.1	7	0.5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.6	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.6	25	-	-	0.5	3	0.9	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.5	21	1.2	8	1.1	7	0.7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.5	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.4	18	-	-	0.5	3	2.1	9	2.6	6	-	-	-	-
0.3	15	0.7	5	0.9	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.3	13	-	-	0.5	3	0.7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.2	11	-	-	0.3	2	0.7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.2	10	-	-	0.8	5	0.5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.2	10	-	-	-	-	2.3	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.2	10	-	-	0.6	4	1.4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.2	8	-	-	-	-	0.9	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.2	8	-	-	0.6	4	0.2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.2	8	0.4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.2	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.1	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.1	6	0.6	4	0.3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.1	6	-	-	0.5	3	0.2	1	0.9	2	-	-	-	-
0.1	5	0.3	2	0.5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	3	-	-	-	-
0.1	3	-	-	-	-	0.5	2	0.4	1	-	-	-	-
0.1	3	-	-	-	-	0.7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.05	2	-	-	0.3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.05	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	2	-	-	-	-
0.05	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	1	-	-	-	-
0.05	2	-	-	0.3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.05	2	-	-	0.3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.05	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4412		688		654		439		234		30		196

(2)

<i>Thryssa mystax, Platycephalus indicus, Leiognathus bindus</i>	
<i>Thryssa hamiltoni, Ilisha elongate, Solea elongate, Polydactylus sextarius, Johnieops sina, Cynoglossus arel, Arius bilineatus, Upeneus sulphureus, Johnius belangerii, Pseudorhombus arsius, Ilisha megaloptera, Grammoplities scaber, Protonibea dicanthus, Otolithes rubber, Caranx kalla, Scorderoides commersomianus.</i>	
<i>Tenualosa ilisha, Saurida tumbil, Minous monodactylus, Pseudotriacanthus strigilifer, Triacanthus biaculeatus, Apogon ellioti, Ehippus orbis, Sardinella sirm, Saurida undosquamis, Sardinella albella, Acanthopagrus latus, Formio niger, Therapon theraps, T. puta, Silago sihama, Argyrops spinifer, Upeneus bensasi, Acanthopagrus hasta, Pelates quadrilineatus, Plotosus anguillaris, Nemipterus tolu, Caranx malabricus, C. leptolepis, Eupleurogrammus muticus, Atropus atropus, Eleutheronema tetradactylum, Sigarnus oramin, Scatophagus argus, Zebrias synapturoides, Ablennes hiaus, Hippocampus kuda, Hemiramphus marginatus, Epinphelus tauvina, Bathgobius fuscus.</i>	

4412  
 ( 688) ( 30)  
 ( 486) ( 595) ( 654)  
 .(1 )  
 ( 112) *J. sina*  
*Hippocampus kuda* %18.8  
*T. mystax* .(%0.2)  
 %29.4 105  
 %17.4  
 %18.4 36 *Tenualosa ilisha*  
 %5.1 ( 10) *Pseudorhombus arsius*  
*P. indicus* .  
 (%13.7) (%32)  
 .(%12.2)

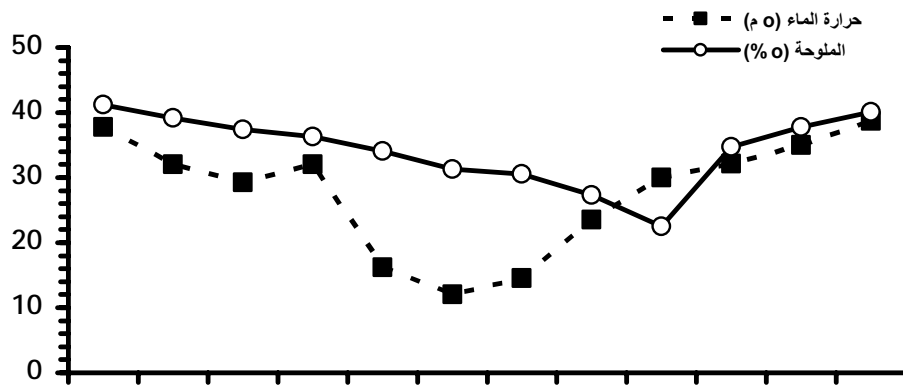


(2)



%14.7 *T. mystax*  
 %9.5 417 *P. indicus*  
 ( %6.1 % 6.2) *T. hamiltoni, L. bindus*  
*Zebrias synapturoides, Ablennes hiaus, H. kuda,*  
*Hemiramphus marginatus, Epinphelus tauvina, Bathgobius fuscus.*  
 .(1 ) (%0.05)

(3)  
 ° 38.7 ° 12  
 41.2 22.5  
 (r=0.443) (P<0.05)  
 (r=0.520) (r=0.629) (r=0.514)



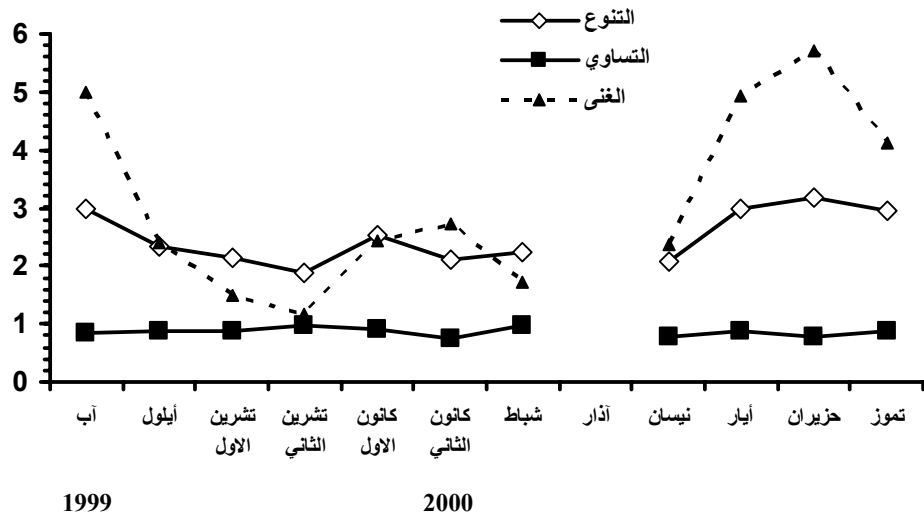
(3)

(J) (H) (D) (4)

(1.89) (5.71) (1.15)

(3.18)

0.96 0.74



(4)

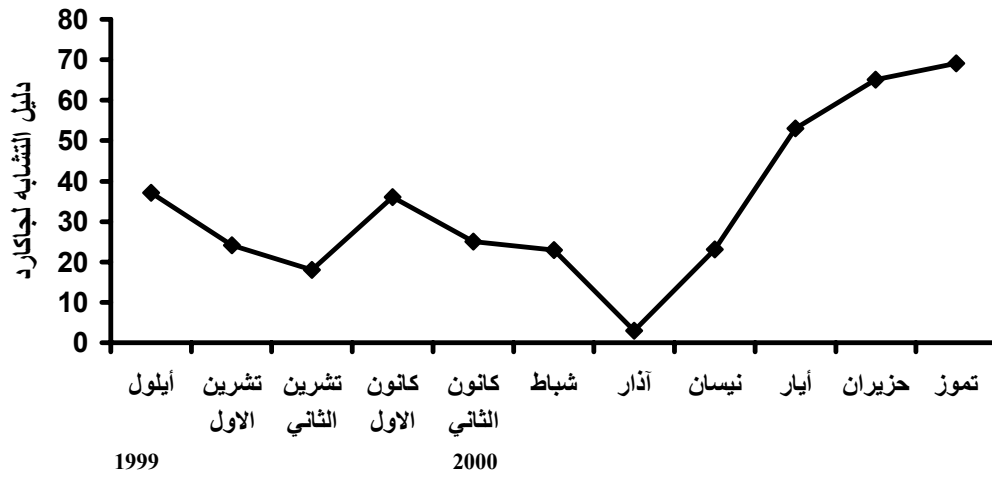
Jaccard

( )

(5 )

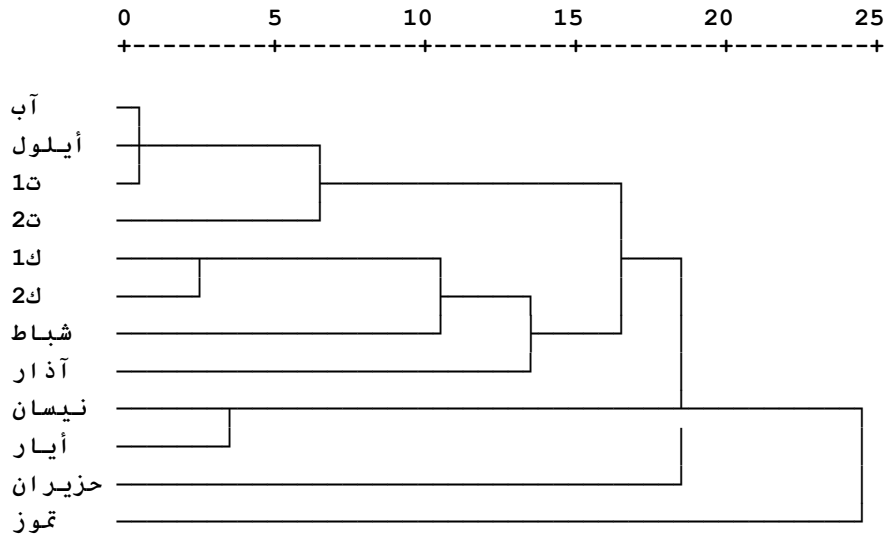
(%3) .(%69.1)

(6 )



.Jaccard

(5)



(6)

(3 17 16)

(9)

(15)

%83

(10)

.Newport Bay

(3) (1)

(7)

(5)

*T. hamiltoni* *Thryssa mystax*

(7 5)

(3 15)

(14)

*Platycephalus indicus*

(14)

(5)

(25)

(17)

(5)

5.3-1.33  
(2)

(7)

(6) *Saurdia* spp.

( )

( )

( )

( )

(3 )

(21)

(H)

(3)

	J	H	D						
1985	0.80 - 0.57	2.36 - 1.19	3.47 - 1.17		1984 - 1983	17	7	8	34*
1986	0.50 - 0.07	2.84 - 0.49	5.3 - 1.33		1986 - 1985	24	17	6	51*
1990	0.88 - 0.35	2.38 - 0.67	3.01 - 1.26		1990 - 1989	22	6	7	41**
2003	0.98 - 0.24	1.47 - 0.21	1.84 - 0.28		2002 -2001	-	-	-	22
2003	0.89 - 0.28	2.13 - 0.61	2.78 - 0.43		2002 -2001	-	-	-	32
2005	0.60 - 0.05	1.50 - 0.12	2.18 - 0.94		2004 - 2003	-	-	-	28
	0.96 - 0.74	3.18 - 1.89	5.71 - 1.15		1999 - 1998	34	16	3	53

\*

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المصادر

- .90 . . . . . (1990) -1
- .118 . . . . . (1986) -2
- . . . . . (2001) -3
- .72 . . . . . (2003) -4
- .72 . . . . . (1985) -5
- .108 . . . . . (2004) -6
- Upeneus sulphureus* *Saurida tumbil*
- .353 - 335 :(2)19 Marina Mesopotamica
- . . . . . (1990) -7
- .95 . . . . . (2005) -8
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**Composition, abundance and diversity of small fish assemblage  
in the Shatt Al-Arab estuary, Northwest Arabian Gulf**

**A-R. M. Mohamed\* and F. M. Mutlak**

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**Abstract**

The small fish assemblage in the Shatt Al-Arab estuary northwest Arabian Gulf were described from August 1999 to July 2000. A total 4412 fishes belonging to 53 species and 44 genera were caught by a trawl net. One species was recorded in March and 38 species in June. The genera *Thryssa* and *Platycephalus* formed 20.9% and 9.5% respectively of the total fish. The fish assemblage in the estuary had a three resident species, 16 seasonal species and 34 occasional species. Salinity was more positive correlation with species composition and abundances than temperature. The richness and diversity indices fluctuated from 1.15 and 1.89 respectively in November and 5.71 and 3.18 respectively in June. The evenness index ranged between 0.74 in January to 0.96 in February. The similarity index varied from 3% in March to 69% in July. The cluster analyses showed five distinctive groups of species composition between months. The Shatt Al-Arab estuary has major function as nursery, feeding and protection ground for young marine fish.